

# <u>Targeted Immunomodulators</u> Actemra IV (tocilizumab vial) Effective 01/06/2025

<ul><li>✓ MassHealth UPPL</li><li>☐ Commercial/Exchange</li></ul>	Program Tyne	<ul><li>☑ Prior Authorization</li><li>☐ Quantity Limit</li></ul>
<ul><li>☐ Pharmacy Benefit</li><li>☒ Medical Benefit</li></ul>	Program Type	☐ Step Therapy
N/A		
Medical and Specialty Medications		
All Plans	Phone: 877-519-1908	Fax: 855-540-3693
Non-Specialty Medications		
All Plans	Phone: 800-711-4555	Fax: 844-403-1029
Actemra (tocilizumab) auto-injection, prefilled syringe is available on the pharmacy		
benefit. Please see the MassHealth Drug List for coverage and criteria.		
Additional agents from this class are available through the pharmacy benefit. Please see		
	□ Commercial/Exchange □ Pharmacy Benefit ☑ Medical Benefit N/A  Medica All Plans  Nor All Plans  Actemra (tocilizumab) auto-injecti benefit. Please see the MassHealth Additional agents from this class and	□ Commercial/Exchange □ Pharmacy Benefit □ Medical Benefit  N/A  Medical and Specialty Medications All Plans Phone: 877-519-1908  Non-Specialty Medications All Plans Phone: 800-711-4555  Actemra (tocilizumab) auto-injection, prefilled syringe is available benefit. Please see the MassHealth Drug List for coverage and

#### Overview

Actemra (tocilizumab) is an interleukin-6 (IL-6) receptor antagonist indicated for the treatment of:

- Rheumatoid Arthritis (RA):\_Adult patients with moderately to severely active rheumatoid arthritis who have had an inadequate response to one or more Disease-Modifying Anti-Rheumatic Drugs (DMARDs).
- Giant Cell Arteritis (GCA): Adult patients with giant cell arteritis.
- **Polyarticular Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis (PJIA):** Patients 2 years of age and older with active polyarticular juvenile idiopathic arthritis.
- **Systemic Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis (SJIA):** Patients 2 years of age and older with active systemic juvenile idiopathic arthritis.
- **Cytokine Release Syndrome (CRS):** Adults and pediatric patients 2 years of age and older with chimeric antigen receptor (CAR) T cell-induced severe or life-threatening cytokine release syndrome.
- Systemic Sclerosis-Associated Interstitial Lung Disease (SSc-ILD): Adult patients with systemic sclerosis-associated interstitial lung disease

# **Coverage Guidelines**

Authorization may be reviewed on a case by case basis for members new to the plan who are currently receiving treatment with Actemra excluding when the product is obtained as samples or via manufacturer's patient assistance programs

#### ΩR

Authorization may be granted if the member meets ALL following criteria and documentation has been submitted:

### Rheumatoid Arthritis (RA)

- 1. Diagnosis of moderate to severe rheumatoid arthritis
- 2. **ONE** of the following:

- a. Inadequate response or adverse reaction to at least **ONE** traditional DMARD or contraindication to traditional DMARDs (see Appendix C)
- b. Inadequate response or adverse reaction to **ONE** biologic DMARD that is FDA-approved for the requested indication
- 3. Appropriate dosing

### Cytokine Release Syndrome (CRS)

- 1. Diagnosis of cytokine release syndrome
- 2. Concurrent therapy with CAR T-cell therapies (request must include anticipated date of administration)
- 3. Appropriate dosing

# Systemic Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis (SJIA)

- 1. Diagnosis of systemic juvenile idiopathic arthritis
- 2. **ONE** of the following:
  - a. Inadequate response or adverse reaction to **ONE** traditional DMARD or contraindication to **ALL** traditional DMARDs (see Appendix C)
  - b. Inadequate response or adverse reaction to **ONE** biologic DMARD that is FDA-approved for the requested indication
- 3. Appropriate dosing

# Polyarticular Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis (PJIA)

- 1. Diagnosis of moderate to severe polyarticular juvenile idiopathic arthritis
- 2. Inadequate response or adverse reaction to **ONE** traditional DMARD or contraindication to traditional DMARDs (see Appendix C)
- 3. Appropriate dosing

### Giant Cell Arteritis (GCA)

- 1. Diagnosis of giant cell arteritis
- 2. Inadequate response or adverse reaction to ONE or contraindication to ALL systemic glucocorticoids
- 3. Appropriate dosing

# Off-Label Indications

# Polymyalgia Rheumatica (PMR)

- 1. Diagnosis of polymyalgia rheumatica (PMR)
- 2. Inadequate response or adverse reaction to **ONE** systemic corticosteroid or contraindication to **ALL** systemic corticosteroids
- 3. Inadequate response, adverse reaction or contraindication to methotrexate

#### Scleritis

- 1. Diagnosis of scleritis
- 2. Inadequate response, adverse reaction, or contraindication to **BOTH** of the following:
  - a. ophthalmic (topical), oral or injectable glucocorticoids
  - b. oral or injectable immunosuppressive therapy (e.g., azathioprine, mycophenolate, methotrexate, cyclosporine, tacrolimus, and cyclophosphamide)

### **Uveitis**

1. Diagnosis of uveitis



- 2. Inadequate response, adverse reaction, or contraindication to **BOTH** of the following:
  - a. Ophthalmic (topical), oral or injectable glucocorticoids
  - b. Oral or injectable immunosuppressive therapy (e.g., azathioprine, mycophenolate, methotrexate, cyclosporine, tacrolimus, and cyclophosphamide)

# **Requests for More Frequent or Higher Doses**

Requests for more frequent or higher doses of injectable biologics, may be approved if **ALL** of the following is provided:

- 1. Documentation of a severe disease
- 2. **ONE** of the following:
  - a. Inadequate response or adverse reaction to **ONE** other injectable biologic which is FDA-approved for the requested indication
  - b. Contraindication to **ALL** other injectable biologics which are FDA-approved for the requested indication
- 3. Documented partial response to FDA-approved dosing of current biologic therapy
- 4. Documentation of specialist consult for the requested indication

### **Continuation of Therapy**

Resubmission by prescriber will infer a positive response to therapy and request can be recertified if dosing is appropriate.

Reauthorization for cytokine release syndrome will be reviewed on a case by case basis.

#### Limitations

- 1. Initial approvals will be granted for the following:
  - a. Cytokine release syndrome: 1 month past anticipated date of CAR T-cell administration
  - b. Off-label indications: 3 months
  - c. All other indications: 6 months
- 2. Reauthorizations will be granted for 12 months.
- 3. New members currently stable on Actemra can be approved without documentation of failed trials with the conventional therapies.

# **Appendix**

**Examples of Traditional DMARDs** 

Traditional DMARDs*	
azathioprine	
cyclosporine	
hydroxychloroquine*	
leflunomide	
methotrexate*	
sulfasalazine*	
thalidomide	

### References

- 1. Actemra [package insert]. South San Francisco, CA: Genentech, Inc.; February 2022.
- 2. National Comprehensive Cancer Network. The NCCN Drugs & Biologics Compendium. http://www.nccn.org. Accessed July 26, 2017.



- 3. <u>Singh JA</u>, <u>Saag KG</u>, <u>Bridges SL Jr</u>, et al. 2015 American College of Rheumatology Guideline for the Treatment of Rheumatoid Arthritis. Arthritis <u>Rheumatol</u>. 2016;68(1)1-26.
- 4. Smolen JS, Landewé R, Billsma J, et al. EULAR recommendations for the management of rheumatoid arthritis with synthetic and biological disease-modifying antirheumatic drugs: 2016 update. *Ann Rheum Dis.* 2017;0:1-18.
- 5. Beukelman T, Patkar NM, Saag KG, et al. 2011 American College of Rheumatology recommendations for the treatment of juvenile idiopathic arthritis: initiation and safety monitoring of therapeutic agents for the treatment of arthritis and systemic features. *Arthritis Care Res.* 2011;63(4):465-482.
- 6. Ringold S, Weiss PF, Beukelman T, et al. 2013 Update of the 2011 American College of Rheumatology Recommendations for the Treatment of Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis: Recommendations for the Medical Therapy of Children With Systemic Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis and Tuberculosis Screening Among Children Receiving Biologic Medications. *Arthritis & Rheumatism.* 2013;65:2499-2512.
- 8. Maude SL, Barrett D, Teachey DT, Grupp SA. Managing cytokine release syndrome associated with novel T cell-engaging therapies. *Cancer J.* 2014;20(2):119-122.[PubMed 24667956]10.1097/PPO.0000000000000035

### **Review History**

11/22/2010: Reviewed 01/03/2011: Implemented 02/28/2011: Reviewed

06/06/2011: Reviewed & revised (SJIA indication)

02/27/2012: Reviewed & revised 02/25/2013: Reviewed & revised 02/24/2014: Reviewed & revised

02/23/2015: Reviewed

02/22/2016: Reviewed P&T Mtg

02/27/2017: Reviewed & revised (Adopted SGM & Step) P&T Mtg

03/01/2018: Reviewed & revised (Adopted MH RS);

02/20/2019: Reviewed & revised

03/18/2020: Reviewed P&T Mtg (addition of Cytokine release syndrome criteria per MH and dosing); added QL (effective 6/1/20)

11/05/2020 – Reviewed and Updated; separated out Comm/Exch vs. MassHealth. Matched MassHealth Preferred Unified Formulary for implementation 1/1/2021.

06/22/2022 – Reviewed and updated for June P&T; matched MH UPPL. Added FDA approved indication and criteria: Systemic Sclerosis-Associated Interstitial Lung Disease. Criteria for GCA updated to clarify that both SC and IV dosing may be used. Continuation of therapy language was updated. Appendices added for "Request for More Frequent or Higher Doses". Actemra (tocilizumab) was added to the appendix for uveitis and scleritis. Updated References. Effective 08/01/2022.

01/11/2023 – Reviewed and updated for Jan P&T. Appropriate diagnosis was replaced with a specific indication throughout. Added language regarding stability of requested medication for new members with a documented history of hospitalization. Added examples of traditional DMARDs and higher dosing criteria to appendix. Offlabel indications added for: PMR, scleritis, uveitis. Effective 3/1/23.

06/14/23 – Reviewed and updated for P&T. Separated criteria into Rx vs MB. Removed preferred product criteria for requests reviewing under MB. Effective 6/30/23

12/11/24 – Reviewed and updated for P&T. Updated formatting to only display MB criteria. Pharmacy criteria can be accessed via MHDL. Effective 1/6/25



