

## Ilaris (canakinumab) Effective 07/01/2023

Plan	<ul><li>✓ MassHealth UPPL</li><li>☐ Commercial/Exchange</li></ul>		☑ Prior Authorization	
Benefit	<ul><li>☑ Pharmacy Benefit</li><li>☑ Medical Benefit (NLX)</li></ul>	Program Type	☐ Quantity Limit ☐ Step Therapy	
Specialty	This medication has been designated specialty and must be filled at a contracted			
Limitations	specialty pharmacy.			
Contact Information	Specialty Medications			
	All Plans	Phone: 866-814-5506	Fax: 866-249-6155	
	Non-Specialty Medications			
	MassHealth	Phone: 877-433-7643	Fax: 866-255-7569	
	Commercial	Phone: 800-294-5979	Fax: 888-836-0730	
	Exchange	Phone: 855-582-2022	Fax: 855-245-2134	
	Medical Specialty Medications (NLX)			
	All Plans	Phone: 844-345-2803	Fax: 844-851-0882	
Exceptions	N/A			

#### Overview

Ilaris® (canakinumab) is a human monoclonal IL-1β antibody that is indicated for Active Stills disease (including Adult-Onset Still's Disease [AOSD] and Systemic Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis [SJIA]), Cryopyrin-Associated Periodic Syndromes (CAPS), including Familial Cold Auto-inflammatory Syndrome (FCAS) and Muckle-Wells Syndrome (MWS), Familial Mediterranean fever (FMF), Mevalonate kinase deficiency (MKD); also known as Hyperimmunoglobulin D syndrome (HIDS) and Tumor necrosis factor receptor associated periodic syndrome (TRAPS).

### **Coverage Guidelines**

Authorization may be reviewed on a case by case basis for members who are new to the plan currently receiving treatment with requested medication excluding when the product is obtained as samples or via manufacturer's patient assistance programs.

#### OR

Authorization may be granted for members when all the following criteria are met, and documentation is provided:

## Adult-Onset Still's Disease (AOSD)

**ALL** of the following:

- 1. Diagnosis of adult-onset Still's disease
- 2. Member is  $\geq$  2 years of age
- 3. Paid claims or physician attestation of inadequate response or adverse reaction to ONE or contraindication to ALL corticosteroids

- 4. Paid claims or physician attestation of inadequate response, adverse reaction, or contraindication to Kineret® (anakinra)
- 5. Appropriate dosing

# Cryopyrin-Associated Periodic Syndromes, including: Familial cold autoinflammatory syndrome (FCAS) and Muckle-Wells syndrome (MWS)

### **ALL** of the following:

- 1. Diagnosis of one of the following:
  - a. Familial cold autoinflammatory syndrome (FCAS)
  - b. Muckle-Wells syndrome (MWS)
- 2. Member is  $\geq$  4 years of age
- 3. ONE of the following:
  - a. Evidence of symptoms indicative of the disease
  - b. Confirmation of diagnosis through genetic testing
- 4. Appropriate dosing

## Familial Mediterranean fever (FMF)

## **ALL** of the following:

- 1. Diagnosis Familial Mediterranean Fever
- 2. Paid claims or physician attestation of inadequate response, adverse reaction, or contraindication to colchicine
- 3. ONE of the following:
  - a. Evidence of symptoms indicative of the disease (see Appendix for examples)
  - b. Confirmation of diagnosis through genetic testing
- 4. Appropriate dosing

## Hyperimmunoglobulin D syndrome (HIDS)/Mevalonate kinase deficiency (MKD)

## **ALL** of the following:

- 1. Diagnosis of one of the following:
  - a. Hyperimmunoglobulin D syndrome
  - b. Mevalonate kinase deficiency
- 2. ONE of the following:
  - a. Evidence of symptoms indicative of the disease (see Appendix for examples)
  - b. Confirmation of diagnosis through genetic testing
- 3. Appropriate dosing

#### Systemic juvenile idiopathic arthritis (SJIA)

#### **ALL** of the following:

- 1. Diagnosis of systemic juvenile idiopathic arthritis
- 2. Member is  $\geq$  2 years of age
- 3. Paid claims or physician attestation of inadequate response or adverse reaction to ONE or a contraindication to ALL corticosteroids
- 4. Paid claims or physician attestation of inadequate response, adverse reaction, or contraindication to Kineret® (anakinra)
- 5. Appropriate dosing

#### Tumor necrosis factor receptor associated periodic syndrome (TRAPS)

### **ALL** of the following:



- 1. Diagnosis of tumor necrosis factor receptor associated periodic syndrome
- 2. ONE of the following:
  - a. Evidence of symptoms indicative of the disease (see Appendix for examples)
  - b. Confirmation of diagnosis through genetic testing
- 3. Appropriate dosing

## **Continuation of Therapy**

Reauthorization by prescriber will infer a positive response to therapy and dosing is appropriate.

#### Limitations

- 1. Initial approvals will be granted for 6 months
- 2. Reauthorizations will be granted for 12 months
- 3. Dosing information:

Dosing information:				
Ilaris®	Pediatric Dosing	Adult Dosing		
(canakinumab)	CAPS (includes FCAS, MWD) (≥4	CAPS (includes FCAS, MWD):		
	years of age):	Members weighing >40 kg:		
Single-use 1 mL vial	Members weighing >40 kg:	SQ injection: 150 mg every eight weeks		
containing 150 mg	SQ injection: 150 mg every eight	Members weighing >15 kg and ≤40 kg:		
of	weeks	SQ injection: 2 mg/kg every eight		
solution	Members weighing >15 kg and ≤40	weeks; dose can be increased to 3		
QTY 1 mL=150 mg	kg:	mg/kg every eight weeks if response is		
	SQ injection: 2 mg/kg every eight	inadequate		
	weeks; dose can be increased to 3			
	mg/kg	FMF, HIDS/MKD and TRAPS:		
	every eight weeks if response is	Members weighing >40 kg:		
	inadequate	SQ injection: 150 mg every four weeks;		
		dose can be increased to 4 mg/kg every		
	FMF, HIDS/MKD and TRAPS:	four weeks if response is inadequate		
	Members weighing >40 kg:	Members weighing ≤40 kg:		
	SQ injection: 150 mg every four	SQ injection: 2 mg/kg every four weeks;		
	weeks; dose can be increased to 4	dose can be increased to 4 mg/kg every		
	mg/kg every four weeks if response	four weeks if response is inadequate		
	is inadequate			
	Members weighing ≤40 kg:	AOSD and SJIA:		
	SQ injection: 2 mg/kg every four	4 mg/kg (maximum: 300 mg) every four		
	weeks; dose can be increased to 4	weeks via SQ injection		
	mg/kg every four weeks if response			
	is inadequate			
	AOSD and SJIA (≥2 years of age):			
	Members weighing ≥7.5 kg:			
	4 mg/kg (maximum: 300 mg) every			
	four weeks via SQ injection			

## **Appendix**

### **Disease Symptoms**

**Tumor necrosis factor receptor associated periodic syndrome (TRAPS):** characterized by recurrent fevers over months or years every five to six weeks, focal myalgias, conjunctivitis, periorbital edema,



abdominal pain, monoarticular arthritis, and rash.

**Recurrent pericarditis**: The predominant feature of recurrent pericarditis is usually pleuritic chest pain (often sharp, worse when lying flat, and alleviated when leaning forward), which may follow exertion. Some members may also report dyspnea or malaise.

**Familial cold autoinflammatory syndrome (FCAS):** mildest phenotype; characterized by intermittent cold-induced rash with fever and arthralgia.

**Muckle-Wells syndrome (MWS):** characterized by recurrent episodes of fever and urticaria associated with joint and ocular manifestations, deafness and reactive amyloid A amyloidosis.

**Neonatal onset multisystem inflammatory disease (NOMID):** most severe spectrum of the disease; characterized by erythematous rash resembling urticaria, fever, impaired growth, chronic meningitis, hearing loss, uveitis, lymphadenopathy and hepatosplenomegaly. Limb and joint pain is common.

Hyperimmunoglobulin D syndrome (HIDS)/Mevalonate kinase deficiency (MKD): characterized by episodic attacks of fever lasting three to seven days are accompanied, in most cases, by chills, cervical lymphadenopathy, abdominal pain, vomiting, and/or diarrhea. Other symptoms include headache, arthralgias/arthritis, aphthous ulceration, a pleomorphic rash, and splenomegaly. Elevated levels of immunoglobulin D (IgD) are often present.

#### References

1. Ilaris® [package insert]. Hanover (NJ): Novartis Pharmaceuticals Corp. 2020 Sep.

#### **Review History**

06/14/2023 - Created for P&T in order to match MH UPPL. Effective 7/1/23.

