

Asthma and Allergy Injectables
Cinqair (reslizumab)
Dupixent (dupilumab)
Fasenra (benralizumab)
Nucala (mepolizumab)
Xolair (omalizumab)
Tezspire (tezepelumab-ekko)
Effective 11/01/2022

Plan	<input type="checkbox"/> MassHealth <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> MassHealth (PUF) <input type="checkbox"/> Commercial/Exchange	Program Type	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Prior Authorization <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Quantity Limit <input type="checkbox"/> Step Therapy
Benefit	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Pharmacy Benefit <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Medical Benefit (NLX)		
Specialty Limitations	This medication has been designated specialty and must be filled at a contracted specialty pharmacy when obtained through the pharmacy benefit.		
Contact Information	Specialty Medications		
	All Plans	Phone: 866-814-5506	Fax: 866-249-6155
	Non-Specialty Medications		
	MassHealth	Phone: 877-433-7643	Fax: 866-255-7569
	Commercial	Phone: 800-294-5979	Fax: 888-836-0730
	Exchange	Phone: 855-582-2022	Fax: 855-245-2134
	Medical Specialty Medications (NLX)		
	All Plans	Phone: 844-345-2803	Fax: 844-851-0882
Exceptions	Cinqair is available on the Medical Benefit only		

Overview

Cinqair and Fasenra are interleukin-5 antagonist monoclonal antibodies indicated for:

- Add-on maintenance treatment of severe asthma for members with an eosinophilic phenotype.

Nucala is an interleukin-5 antagonist monoclonal antibody indicated for:

- Treatment of severe asthma with an eosinophilic phenotype
- Eosinophilic granulomatosis with polyangiitis
- Hypereosinophilic syndrome (HES)
- Chronis rhinosinusitis with nasal polyps (CRSwNP)

Dupixent is an interleukin-4 receptor alpha agonist indicated for:

- Atopic Dermatitis
- Chronis rhinosinusitis with nasal polyps (CRSwNP)
- Moderate to severe asthma with an eosinophilic phenotype
- Eosinophilic esophagitis (EoE)

Xolair is an anti-IgE antibody indicated for:

- Treatment of moderate to severe persistent allergic asthma
- Chronic Idiopathic Urticaria (CIU)
- Treatment of nasal polyps in adults



Tezspire is a thymic stromal lymphopoietin (TSLP) blocker monoclonal antibody IgG2λ indicated for:

- Add-on maintenance treatment of adult and pediatric patients 12 years of age and older with severe asthma

No PA	Drugs that require PA
	Cinqair (reslizumab)
	Dupixent (dupilumab) ^{PD}
	Fasenra (benralizumab)
	Nucala (mepolizumab)
	Tezspire (tezepelumab-ekko)

PD=preferred drug. (Requirement of a trial of the preferred drug or clinical rationale for prescribing a non-preferred drug within a therapeutic class.)

Coverage Guidelines

Authorization may be reviewed on a case by case basis for members new to the plan who are currently receiving treatment and stable with the requested medication, excluding when the product is obtained as samples or via manufacturer’s patient assistance program

OR

Authorization may be granted for members who meet all the following criteria and documentation has been provided:

Chronic Idiopathic Urticaria (CIU)

Xolair (omalizumab)

Prescriber provides documentation of **ALL** of the following:

1. Diagnosis of chronic idiopathic urticaria
2. Prescriber is a specialist (i.e., allergist/immunologist or dermatologist) or consult notes from a specialist are provided
3. Member is ≥ 12 years of age
4. Paid claims or physician documented inadequate response (defined as ≥14 days of therapy) or adverse reaction to at least **TWO** different histamine₁ antihistamines, or contraindication to **ALL** histamine₁ antihistamines (See appendix for examples)
5. Paid claims or physician documented inadequate response (defined as ≥14 days of therapy), adverse reaction or contraindication to a histamine₁ antihistamine in combination with a histamine₂ antihistamine (See appendix for examples)
6. Appropriate dosing: 150 mg or 300 mg every 28 days. (See Appendix for dosing requests > 300 mg every 28 days)
7. If request is for the 150 mg syringe, medical necessity for the 150 mg syringe instead of the 150 mg vial (e.g., member will be self-administering)

Eosinophilic granulomatosis with polyangiitis (EGPA)

Nucala (mepolizumab)

Prescriber provides documentation of **ALL** of the following:

1. Diagnosis of eosinophilic granulomatosis with polyangiitis
2. Member is ≥ 18 years of age
3. Prescriber is a specialist (i.e., allergist, cardiologist, hematologist, immunologist, pulmonologist, rheumatologist, etc.) or consult notes from a specialist are provided

4. Paid claims or physician documented inadequate response (defined as ≥ 30 days of therapy) or adverse reaction to **ONE** systemic glucocorticoid, or contraindication to **ALL** systemic glucocorticoids
5. **ONE** of the following:
 - a. Paid claims or physician documented inadequate response (defined as ≥ 30 days of therapy), adverse reaction to **ONE** of the following:
 - i. azathioprine
 - ii. methotrexate
 - b. Documented contraindication to **BOTH** of the following:
 - i. azathioprine
 - ii. methotrexate
6. Appropriate dosing (300 mg subcutaneously every 28 days)

Hypereosinophilic syndrome (HES)

Nucala (mepolizumab)

Prescriber provides documentation of **ALL** of the following:

1. Diagnosis of hypereosinophilic syndrome
2. Documentation of diagnosis without an identifiable non-hematologic secondary cause
3. Prescriber is a specialist (i.e., allergist, cardiologist, GI, hematologist, immunologist, pulmonologist, etc) or consult notes from a specialist are provided
4. Member is ≥ 12 years of age
5. Paid claims or physician documented inadequate response (defined as ≥ 30 days of therapy) or adverse reaction to **ONE** systemic glucocorticoid, or contraindication to **ALL** systemic glucocorticoids
6. **ONE** of the following:
 - a. Paid claims or physician documented inadequate response (defined as ≥ 30 days of therapy) or adverse reaction to **ONE** of the following:
 - i. hydroxyurea
 - ii. methotrexate
 - iii. interferon alfa
 - b. Documented contraindication to **ALL** of the following:
 - i. hydroxyurea
 - ii. methotrexate
 - iii. interferon alfa
7. Appropriate dosing (300 mg subcutaneously every 28 days)

Moderate to Severe Allergy Related Asthma

Xolair (omalizumab)

Prescriber provides documentation of **ALL** of the following:

1. Diagnosis of moderate to severe allergy-related asthma
2. Member is ≥ 6 years of age
3. Paid claim or physician documentation that the member is symptomatic despite receiving **ONE** of the following:
 - a. Combination inhaler (Advair[®], Breo[®], Dulera[®], fluticasone/salmeterol [Airduo[®]], or Symbicort[®])
 - b. Combination of an inhaled corticosteroid (Alvesco[®], ArmonAir[®], Arnuity[®], Asmanex[®], Flovent[®], Pulmicort[®] or Qvar[®]) **AND** a long-acting β -agonist inhaler (Serevent[®])
 - c. Chronic oral corticosteroids (defined as ≥ 90 days of therapy within the last 120 days)

4. Baseline serum IgE between 30 IU/mL to 700 IU/mL ***see Appendix for higher IgE levels***
5. Physician documentation of evidence of specific allergic sensitivity (i.e. positive skin test or blood test [radioallergosorbent test or RAST] for IgE)
6. Prescriber is an asthma specialist (i.e., allergist, immunologist, pulmonologist) or consult notes from a specialist are provided
7. Appropriate dosing (Dosing range is 75 to 375 mg subcutaneously every two to four weeks [not exceeding 6 units/28 days for the 150 mg vial, 4 units/28 days for the 150 mg syringe, and 2 units/28 days for the 75 mg syringe]) †
8. If request is for the 150 mg syringe, medical necessity for the 150 mg syringe instead of the 150 mg vial (e.g., member will be self-administering)

Moderate to severe atopic dermatitis

Dupixent (dupilumab)

Prescriber provides documentation of **ALL** of the following:

1. Diagnosis of moderate to severe atopic dermatitis
2. Member is ≥ 6 months of age
3. Prescriber is a specialist (i.e., allergist/immunologist or dermatologist) or consult notes from a specialist are provided
4. **ONE** of the following:
 - a. Paid claim or physician documented inadequate response or adverse reaction to **ONE** superpotent or potent topical corticosteroid †
 - b. Contraindication to **ALL** superpotent or potent topical corticosteroids*‡
5. **ONE** of the following:
 - a. Paid claim or physician documented inadequate response or adverse reaction to topical tacrolimus§ or Eucrisa® (crisaborole)
 - b. Contraindication to both topical tacrolimus§ and Eucrisa® (crisaborole)
6. Appropriate dosing**

**Trials with topical corticosteroids may be bypassed if the request clearly states that the treatment area is a sensitive area (facial/groin) of the affected area is too widespread*

‡ Trial of superpotent corticosteroid can be bypassed in children < 12 years of age

†If member has tried systemic immunomodulatory therapy and trial with a superpotent or potent topical corticosteroid has not been documented, the trial may be bypassed

§ Trial of tacrolimus can be bypassed in children < 2 years of age

***For requests for once weekly dosing, please see appendix below 'Moderate to Severe Atopic Dermatitis: Dupilumab requests for once weekly treatment' for additional guidance*

Moderate-severe eosinophilic asthma or oral corticosteroid-dependent asthma

Dupixent® (dupilumab)

Prescriber provides documentation of **ALL** of the following:

1. Diagnosis of moderate-severe eosinophilic asthma or oral corticosteroid-dependent asthma
2. Member is ≥ 6 years of age
3. Paid claims or physician documentation member is symptomatic despite receiving **ONE** of the following:
 - a. Combination inhaler (Advair®, Breo®, Dulera®, fluticasone/salmeterol [Airduo®], or Symbicort®)
 - b. Combination of an inhaled corticosteroid (Alvesco®, ArmonAir®, Arnuity®, Asmanex®, Flovent®, Pulmicort® or Qvar®) **AND** a long-acting β -agonist inhaler (Serevent®)
 - c. Chronic oral corticosteroids (defined as ≥ 90 days of therapy within the last 120 days)

4. **ONE** of the following:
 - a. Physician documented evidence of an eosinophilic phenotype (i.e. peripheral blood eosinophil count \geq 150 cells/ μ L, elevated sputum eosinophils or FeNO)
 - b. Member is receiving chronic oral corticosteroids (defined as \geq 90 days of therapy within the last 120 days)
 - c. Member has documented concomitant diagnosis of atopic dermatitis or CRSwNP and either moderate-to-severe eosinophilic asthma or OCS-dependent asthma
5. Prescriber is an asthma specialist (i.e., allergist, immunologist, pulmonologist) or consult notes from a specialist are provided
6. Appropriate dosing

Eosinophilic Esophagitis (EoE)

Dupixent (dupilumab)

Prescriber provides documentation of **ALL** of the following:

1. Diagnosis of eosinophilic esophagitis (EoE)
2. Prescriber is a specialist (i.e., allergist, hematologist, immunologist, gastroenterologist, etc.) or consult notes from a specialist are provided
3. Member is \geq 12 years of age
4. Paid claim or physician documented inadequate response (defined as \geq 60 days of therapy) or adverse reaction to **ONE** proton pump inhibitor, or contraindication to **ALL** proton pump inhibitors
5. Paid claim or physician documented inadequate response (defined as \geq 30 days of therapy) or adverse reaction to budesonide or fluticasone propionate, or contraindication to **BOTH** budesonide and fluticasone propionate
6. Appropriate dosing (300 mg subcutaneously every week)

Nasal Polyps

Dupixent (dupilumab)

Prescriber provides documentation of **ALL** of the following:

1. Diagnosis of nasal polyps
2. Member is \geq 18 years of age
3. Prescriber is a specialist (i.e., allergist, immunologist, pulmonologist) or consult notes from a specialist are provided
4. **ONE** of the following:
 - a. Paid claims or physician documented inadequate response or adverse reaction to **ONE** oral corticosteroid
 - b. Paid claims or physician documented inadequate response or adverse reaction to **ONE** intranasal corticosteroid
 - c. Inadequate response or adverse reaction to prior nasal surgery
 - d. Contraindication to both oral corticosteroids and intranasal corticosteroids
5. Appropriate dosing (300 mg subcutaneously every 14 days)
6. Documentation that agent will be used as adjunctive therapy

Nasal Polyps

Nucala (mepolizumab)

Xolair (omalizumab)

Prescriber provides documentation of **ALL** of the following:

1. Diagnosis of nasal polyps

2. Member is ≥ 18 years of age
3. Prescriber is a specialist (i.e., allergist, immunologist, otolaryngologist, pulmonologist) or consult notes from a specialist are provided
4. Paid claims or physician documented inadequate response or adverse reaction to **ONE** oral corticosteroid, or contraindication to **ALL** oral corticosteroids
5. Paid claims or physician documented inadequate response or adverse reaction to **ONE** intranasal corticosteroid, or contraindication to **ALL** intranasal corticosteroids
6. Appropriate dosing:
 - a. Nucala: 100 mg every 4 weeks
 - b. Xolair: based on weight and serum total IgE level: 75 to 600 mg every 14 to 28 days
7. If request is for Xolair 150 mg syringe, medical necessity for the 150 mg syringe instead of the 150 mg vial (e.g., member will be self-administering)
8. Documentation that agent will be used as adjunctive therapy

Severe Eosinophilic Asthma

Cinqair (reslizumab),

Fasenra (benralizumab)

Nucala (mepolizumab)

Prescriber provides documentation of **ALL** of the following:

1. Diagnosis of severe eosinophilic asthma
2. Member is ≥ 6 years of age (for Nucala[®]), ≥ 12 years of age (for Fasenra[®]) or ≥ 18 years of age (for Cinqair[®])
3. Paid claim or physician documentation the member is symptomatic despite receiving **ONE** of the following:
 - a. Combination inhaler (Advair[®], Breo[®], Dulera[®], fluticasone/salmeterol [Airduo[®]], or Symbicort[®])
 - b. Combination of an inhaled corticosteroid (Alvesco[®], ArmonAir[®], Arnuity[®], Asmanex[®], Flovent[®], Pulmicort[®] or Qvar[®]) **AND** a long-acting β -agonist inhaler (Serevent[®])
 - c. Chronic oral corticosteroids (defined as ≥ 90 days of therapy within the last 120 days)
4. Physician attestation of evidence of an eosinophilic phenotype (i.e. peripheral blood eosinophil count ≥ 150 cells/ μ L [for Nucala[®] and for Fasenra[®]], or ≥ 400 cells/ μ L [for Cinqair[®]], elevated sputum eosinophils or FeNO)
5. Prescriber is an asthma specialist (i.e., allergist, immunologist, pulmonologist) or consult notes from a specialist are provided
6. Dosing is appropriate:
 - a. Cinqair[®]: 3 mg/kg intravenously every 4 weeks
 - b. Fasenra[®]: 30 mg every 4 weeks for 3 doses, then 30 mg every 8 weeks
 - c. Nucala[®]: 100 mg subcutaneously every four weeks in those ≥ 12 years of age and 40 mg subcutaneously every four weeks in those 6 to 11 years of age

Severe Asthma

Tezspire (tezepelumab-ekko)

1. Diagnosis of severe asthma
2. Member is ≥ 12 years of age
3. Prescriber is an asthma specialist (i.e., allergist, immunologist, pulmonologist) or consult notes from a specialist are provided
4. Paid claims or physician documentation the member is symptomatic despite receiving **ONE** of the following:

- a. Combination inhaler (Advair[®], Breo[®], Dulera[®], fluticasone/salmeterol [Airduo[®]], or Symbicort[®])
 - b. Combination of an inhaled corticosteroid (Alvesco[®], ArmonAir[®], Arnuity[®], Asmanex[®], Flovent[®], Pulmicort[®] or Qvar[®]) **AND** a long-acting β -agonist inhaler (Serevent[®])
 - c. Chronic oral corticosteroids (defined as ≥ 90 days of therapy within the last 120 days)
5. Appropriate dosing

Continuation of Therapy

Reauthorization requires physician attestation of continuation of therapy and positive response to therapy.

Limitations

1. Initial approvals will be granted for the following:
 - a. Chronic idiopathic urticaria: 4 months
 - b. Dupixent: 12 months
 - c. All other diagnosis: 6 months
2. Reauthorizations will be granted for the following:
 - a. Chronic idiopathic urticaria: 4 months
 - b. All other diagnosis: 12 months

Appendix

Appendix A:

Examples of Traditional Therapies for CIU
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H₁-Antihistamines (first generation):

Brompheniramine, carbinoxamine, chlorpheniramine, clemastine, cyproheptadine, diphenhydramine, hydroxyzine, promethazine, and doxepin

H₁-Antihistamines (second generation):

acrivastine/pseudoephedrine, cetirizine, desloratadine, fexofenadine, levocetirizine, loratadine

H₂-Antihistamines:

cimetidine, famotidine, nizatidine, ranitidine

Leukotriene Modifiers:

montelukast, zafirlukast, zileuton

Appendix B:

CIU: Omalizumab requests for > 300 mg every 4 Weeks

Requests for 450 mg every four weeks or 150 mg every two weeks can be approved for 3 months. If member has not achieved adequate response to this dosing, an allowance to 600 mg every four weeks or 300 mg every two weeks can be considered for a 3-month approval if provider submits request.

Recertification with either dosing will require documentation of positive response.

Appendix C:

Table 1. Moderate to Severe Allergy-Related Asthma for Patients ≥ 12 Years of Age: Xolair® (omalizumab) administered every 2 to 4 weeks

Pre-treatment Serum IgE (IU/mL)	Body Weight (kg)			
	30-60	>60-70	>70-90	>90-150
≥ 30-100	150 mg	150 mg	150 mg	300 mg
> 100-200	300 mg	300 mg	300 mg	225 mg
> 200-300	300 mg	225 mg	225 mg	300 mg
> 300-400	225 mg	225 mg	300 mg	DO NOT DOSE
> 400-500	300 mg	300 mg	375 mg	
> 500-600	300 mg	375 mg		
> 600-700	375 mg			
Every 2 weeks dosing				
Every 4 weeks dosing				

Table 2. Moderate to Severe Allergy-Related Asthma for Patients 6 to < 12 Years of Age: Xolair® (omalizumab) administered every 2 to 4 weeks*

Pre-treatment Serum IgE (IU/mL)	Body Weight (kg)						
	20-25	>25-30	>30-40	>40-50	>50-60	>60-70	> 70-80
≥ 30-100	75 mg	75 mg	75 mg	150 mg	150 mg	150 mg	150 mg
> 100-200	150 mg	150 mg	150 mg	300 mg	300 mg	300 mg	300 mg
> 200-300	150 mg	150 mg	225 mg	300 mg	300 mg	225 mg	225 mg
> 300-400	225 mg	225 mg	300 mg	225 mg	225 mg	225 mg	300 mg
> 400-500	225 mg	300 mg	225 mg	225 mg	300 mg	300 mg	375 mg
> 500-600	300 mg	300 mg	225 mg	300 mg	300 mg	375 mg	
> 600-700	300 mg	225 mg	225 mg	300 mg	375 mg		
>700-800	225 mg	225 mg	300 mg	375 mg			
>800-900	225 mg	225 mg	300 mg	375 mg			
>900-1000	225 mg	300 mg	375 mg				
>1000-1100	225 mg	300 mg	375 mg				
>1100-1200	300 mg	300 mg					
>1200-1300	300 mg	375 mg					
Every 2 weeks dosing							
Every 4 weeks dosing							
Do Not Dose							

*Additional dosing parameters are available for patients weighing >80 kg

Table 3. Nasal Polyps for Adults: Xolair® (omalizumab) administered every 2 to 4 weeks¹

Pre-treatment Serum IgE (IU/mL)	Body Weight (kg)						
	>30-40	>40-50	>50-60	>60-70	>70-80	>80-90	> 90-125*
30-100	75 mg	150 mg	150 mg	150 mg	150 mg	150 mg	300 mg

Pre-treatment Serum IgE (IU/mL)	Body Weight (kg)						
	>30-40	>40-50	>50-60	>60-70	>70-80	>80-90	> 90-125*
> 100-200	150 mg	300 mg	300 mg	300 mg	300 mg	300 mg	450 mg
> 200-300	225 mg	300 mg	300 mg	450 mg	450 mg	450 mg	600 mg
> 300-400	300 mg	450 mg	450 mg	450 mg	600 mg	600 mg	450 mg
> 400-500	450 mg	450 mg	600 mg	600 mg	375 mg	375 mg	525 mg
> 500-600	450 mg	600 mg	600 mg	375 mg	450 mg	450 mg	600 mg
> 600-700	450 mg	600 mg	375 mg	450 mg	450 mg	525 mg	
>700-800	300 mg	375 mg	450 mg	450 mg	525 mg	600 mg	
>800-900	300 mg	375 mg	450 mg	525 mg	600 mg		
>900-1000	375 mg	450 mg	525 mg	600 mg			
>1000-1100	375 mg	450 mg	600 mg				
>1100-1200	450 mg	525 mg	600 mg				
>1200-1300	450 mg	525 mg					
>1300-1500	525 mg	600 mg					
Every 2 weeks dosing							
Every 4 weeks dosing							
Do Not Dose							

*Refer to package insert for weight > 125 kg

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Review History

09/24/2018 – Updated

11/20/2019 – Updated to require only failure of separate ICS inhaler w/ LABA or combination product and removed requirement of DX based on diagnostic criteria

03/18/2020 – Reviewed and Updated P&T Mtg; age updated ≥ 6 years old for moderate to severe eosinophilic asthma (effective 6/1/20)

11/05/2020- Updated; Effective 1/1/21 Updated to be in compliance with the Masshealth partial unified formulary requirements

03/16/2022 – Updated and Reviewed for March P&T; Guideline updated based on FDA-expanded indication for use of Nucala (mepolizumab) in CRSwNP. Decision made to follow same criteria as Dupixent and Xolair for this indication. However, it was also decided to remove requirement of a trial with a leukotriene antagonist (LTRA) given the updated black box warnings regarding potential for serious neuropsychiatric events that have been reported with the use of montelukast. In addition, current guidelines mention that there is a low quality of available evidence comparing montelukast with nasal corticosteroids and do not routinely recommend use unless there is an allergic component to the disease. Similar decision was also made for Xolair CIU criteria to remove the requirement of LTRA trial. Based on expanded indication for use of dupilumab as add-on maintenance treatment of patients aged 6 to 11 years with moderate-to-severe asthma characterized by an eosinophilic phenotype or with oral-

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corticosteroid dependent asthma, criteria was updated to include new age range and new dupilumab formulation 100 mg/0.67 mL syringe was added to the internal guideline. Doxepin was added to appendix section as suitable option for H1 antihistamine trial for CIU and appendix section was updated for moderate to severe allergy-related asthma for omalizumab requests for members < 6 years of age based on consensus guideline recommendations for alternative agents. Two new appendices (Dupilumab requests for once weekly treatment and Dupilumab requests attempting to bypass systemic immunomodulatory agent) were included. The appendix “Omalizumab requests for members with high (>700 IU/mL) IgE levels or weight (<30 kg or >150 kg)” was removed.

05/18/2022 – Reviewed and Updated for May P&T. Updated references. Matched MH UPPL. Guideline updated following NDR for Tezspire® (tezepelumab-ekko). Dupixent is preferred drug. Requirement for systemic immunomodulatory agent removed from Dupixent in AD criteria; criteria for Dupixent in nasal polyps changed to just one requirement to oral corticosteroid, intranasal corticosteroid, prior nasal surgery, or contraindication to both OCS and INS. Dupixent initial approvals changed from 6 months to 1 year duration. Reference table updated to include Preferred Drug footnote. Added the appendix “CIU: Omalizumab requests for > 300 mg every 4 weeks.” The appendix “Moderate to Severe Atopic Dermatitis: Dupilumab requests attempting to bypass systemic immunomodulatory agent” was removed. Removed Foradil as a less costly alternative due to obsolete status. Effective 7/1/22.

11/16/2022 – Reviewed and updated for Nov P&T. Matched MH UPPL. Guideline update for expanded indications for Dupixent in children ≥ 6 months with moderate to severe atopic dermatitis as well as individuals ≥ 12 years of age with eosinophilic esophagitis. Effective 11/01/2022

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