

**Tyvaso (treprostinil inhalation solution)  
 Tyvaso DPI (treprostinil inhalation powder)  
 Effective 01/01/2024**

<b>Plan</b>	<input type="checkbox"/> MassHealth UPPL <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Commercial/Exchange	<b>Program Type</b>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Prior Authorization <input type="checkbox"/> Quantity Limit <input type="checkbox"/> Step Therapy
<b>Benefit</b>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Pharmacy Benefit <input type="checkbox"/> Medical Benefit		
<b>Specialty Limitations</b>	This medication has been designated specialty and must be filled at a contracted specialty pharmacy.		
<b>Contact Information</b>	<b>Medical and Specialty Medications</b>		
	All Plans	Phone: 877-519-1908	Fax: 855-540-3693
	<b>Non-Specialty Medications</b>		
	All Plans	Phone: 800-711-4555	Fax: 844-403-1029
<b>Exceptions</b>	N/A		

**Overview**
FDA-Approved Indications

- A. Treatment of Pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH; WHO Group 1) to improve exercise ability. Studies establishing effectiveness predominately included patients with NYHA Functional Class III symptoms and etiologies of idiopathic or heritable PAH or PAH associated with connective tissue diseases.
- B. Treatment of Pulmonary hypertension associated with interstitial lung disease (PH-ILD; WHO Group 3) to improve exercise ability. The study establishing effectiveness predominately included patients with etiologies of idiopathic interstitial pneumonia (IIP) inclusive of idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis (IPF), combined pulmonary fibrosis and emphysema (CPFE), and WHO Group 3 connective tissue disease.

All other indications are considered experimental/investigational and not medically necessary.

**Coverage Guidelines**

Authorization may be granted for members new to the plan who are currently receiving treatment with the requested medication, excluding when the product is obtained as samples or via manufacturer's patient assistance programs.

**OR**

Authorization may be granted when the following criteria is met:

1. The medication must be prescribed by or in consultation with a pulmonologist or cardiologist.
2. Member has either of the following:
  - a. WHO Group 1 class of pulmonary hypertension (refer to Appendix).
  - b. Pulmonary hypertension associated with interstitial lung disease (WHO Group 3)
3. PH was confirmed by either criterion (a) or criterion (b) below:
  - a. Pretreatment right heart catheterization with all of the following results:
    - i. mPAP > 20mmHg

- ii. PCWP  $\leq$  15mmHg
  - iii. PVR  $\geq$  3 Wood units
- b. For infants less than one year of age, PH was confirmed by Doppler echocardiogram if right heart catheterization cannot be performed.

### **Continuation of Therapy**

Authorization may be granted for members currently receiving the requested medication and who are experiencing benefit from therapy as evidenced by disease stability or disease improvement.

### **Limitations**

Approvals will be granted for 12 months.

### **Appendix**

#### **WHO Classification of Pulmonary Hypertension**

##### **1 PAH**

- 1.1 Idiopathic (PAH)
- 1.2 Heritable PAH
- 1.3 Drug- and toxin-induced PAH
- 1.4. PAH associated with:
  - 1.4.1 Connective tissue diseases
  - 1.4.2 HIV infection
  - 1.4.3 Portal hypertension
  - 1.4.4 Congenital heart diseases
  - 1.4.5 Schistosomiasis
- 1.5 PAH long-term responders to calcium channel blockers
- 1.6 PAH with overt features of venous/capillaries (PVOD/PCH) involvement
- 1.7 Persistent PH of the newborn syndrome

##### **2 PH due to left heart disease**

- 2.1 PH due to heart failure with preserved LVEF
- 2.2 PH due to heart failure with reduced LVEF
- 2.3 Valvular heart disease
- 2.4 Congenital/acquired cardiovascular conditions leading to post-capillary PH

##### **3 PH due to lung diseases and/or hypoxia**

- 3.1 Obstructive lung disease
- 3.2 Restrictive lung disease
- 3.3 Other lung disease with mixed restrictive/obstructive pattern
- 3.4 Hypoxia without lung disease
- 3.5 Developmental lung disorders

##### **4 PH due to pulmonary artery obstruction**

- 4.1 Chronic thromboembolic PH
- 4.2 Other pulmonary artery obstructions



- 4.2.1 Sarcoma (high or intermediate grade) or angiosarcoma
- 4.2.2 Other malignant tumors
  - Renal carcinoma
  - Uterine carcinoma
  - Germ cell tumours of the testis
  - Other tumours
- 4.2.3 Non-malignant tumours
  - Uterine leiomyoma
- 4.2.4 Arteritis without connective tissue disease
- 4.2.5 Congenital pulmonary artery stenosis
- 4.2.6 Parasites
  - Hydatidosis

#### **5 PH with unclear and/or multifactorial mechanisms**

- 5.1 Hematologic disorders: Chronic hemolytic anemia, myeloproliferative disorders
- 5.2 Systemic and metabolic disorders: Pulmonary Langerhans cell histiocytosis, Gaucher disease, glycogen storage disease, neurofibromatosis, sarcoidosis
- 5.3 Others: chronic renal failure with or without hemodialysis, fibrosing mediastinitis
- 5.4 Complex congenital heart disease

#### **References**

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### **Review History**

12/13/2023: Reviewed at Dec P&T, switched from SGM to Custom. Effective 1/1/2024

