

# Eucrisa (crisaberole) Opzelura (ruxolitinib) Effective 01/01/2024

Plan	<ul><li>☐ MassHealth UPPL</li><li>☑ Commercial/Exchange</li></ul>		Danagara Tana	☑ Prior Authorization	
Benefit	<ul><li>☑ Pharmacy Benefit</li><li>☐ Medical Benefit</li></ul>		Program Type	<ul><li>☐ Quantity Limit</li><li>☐ Step Therapy</li></ul>	
Specialty Limitations	N/A				
	Medical and Specialty Medications				
Contact	All Plans	Pl	none: 877-519-1908	Fax: 855-540-3693	
Information	Non-Specialty Medications				
	All Plans	Pl	none: 800-711-4555	Fax: 844-403-1029	
Exceptions	N/A				

#### Overview

Crisaborole is a topical phosphodieterease-4 (PDE-4) inhibitor indicated for treatment of mild to moderate atopic dermatitis in adults and pediatric patients at least 3 months of age.

Opzelura is indicated for the topical short-term and non-continuous chronic treatment of mild to moderate atopic dermatitis in non-immunocompromised patients 12 years of age and older whose disease is not adequately controlled with topical prescription therapies or when those therapies are not advisable.

### **Coverage Guidelines**

Authorization may be granted for members new to the plan who are currently receiving treatment with the requested medication excluding when the product is obtained as samples or via manufacturer's patient assistance programs.

# OR

Authorization may be granted for members when ALL the following criteria are met, and documentation is provided:

#### **Eucrisa**

- 1. The member is diagnosed with mild to moderate atopic dermatitis
- 2. The member is at least 3 months old
- 3. The member meets ONE of the following:
  - a. The member has experienced an inadequate response or intolerance to a medium or higher potency topical corticosteroid or a topical calcineurin inhibitor
  - b. The member has a contraindication to both topical corticosteroids and topical calcineurin inhibitors

### **Opzelura**

### **Atopic Dermatitis**

1. The drug is being used for topical short-term and non-continuous chronic treatment of mild to moderate atopic dermatitis

- 2. Physician attestation that atopic dermatitis is limited to no more than 20% body surface area (BSA)
- 3. The member is 12 years of age or older
- 4. The member meets ONE of the following:
  - a. The member is using medication on a sensitive skin area (e.g., face, genitals, or skin folds) AND has inadequate response, intolerance, or contraindication to a topical calcineurin inhibitor (e.g., tacrolimus or pimecrolimus)
  - b. The member has inadequate response, intolerance, or contraindication to a topical calcineurin inhibitor (e.g., tacrolimus or pimecrolimus) AND a medium or high potency topical corticosteroid (see Appendix A)
- 5. The member has inadequate response, intolerance, or contraindication to Eucrisa (crisaberole)

### Vitiligo

- 1. The drug is being used for nonsegmental vitiligo
- 2. The member is 12 years of age or older
- 3. Provider documents ONE of the following:
  - a. Inadequate response or adverse reaction to at least TWO medications from the following categories: corticosteroids, topical calcineurin inhibitors
  - b. Contraindication to all of the following: corticosteroids, topical calcineurin inhibitors.

### **Continuation of Therapy**

Reauthorizations requires physician documentation of continuation of therapy and maintained positive response to therapy as evidenced by improvement [e.g., improvement in or resolution of any of the following signs and symptoms: erythema (redness), exudation (oozing and crusting), excoriation (evidence of scratching), induration (hardening)/papulation (formation of papules), lichenification (epidermal thickening), or pruritis (itching)] or improvement in vitiligo

#### Limitations

- 1. For Eucrisa: Initial approvals and reauthorizations will be granted for 12 months.
- 2. For Ozelura:
  - a. Initial approvals will be granted for 3 months
  - b. Reauthorizations will be granted for 12 months
- 3. The following quantity limits apply:

Eucrisa	60 gam per 30 days

### **Appendix**

**Appendix A:** Topical Corticosteroid Reference (not all inclusive)

Very High Potency	Dosage Form	Strength
augmented betamethasone dipropionate (Diprolene)	Ointment	0.05%
clobetasol propionate (Temovate, Olux)	Cream, Gel, Ointment, Sol, Foam	0.05%
diflorasone diacetate (Psorcon)	Ointment	0.05%
High Potency	Dosage Form	Strength
amcinonide	Cream, Lotion, Ointment	0.1%
augmented betamethasone dipropionate (Diprolene AF)	Cream	0.05%
Betamethasone dipropionate	Cream, Ointment	0.05%
Betamethasone valerate	Ointment	0.1%
Desoximetasone (Topicort)	Cream, Ointment	0.25%
Desoximetasone (Topicort)	Cream, Gel	0.05%



diflorasone diacetate (Psorcon)	Cream	0.05%
Fluocinonide	Cream, Gel, Ointment, Solution	0.05%
Fluocinonide emollient base	Cream	0.05%
Triamcinolone acetonide (Kenalog)	Cream, Ointment	0.5%
Medium Potency	Dosage Form	Strength
Betamethasone dipropionate (Diprosone)	Lotion	0.05%
Betamethasone valerate	Cream, Lotion	0.1%
Desoximetasone (Topicort LP)	Cream	0.05%
Fluocinolone acetonide (Synalar)	Cream, Ointment	0.025%
Hydrocortisone valerate	Cream, Ointment	0.2%
Mometasone furoate (Elocon)	Ointment	0.1%
Triamcinolone acetonide (Kenalog)	Cream, Lotion, Ointment	0.025%
Triamcinolone acetonide (Kenalog)	Cream, Lotion, Ointment	0.1%

### References

- 1. Eucrisa Ointment 2% (crisaborole) [prescribing information]. New York, NY: Pfizer Labs; April 2020
- 2. Paller AS, Tom WL, Lebwohl MG et al. Efficacy and safety of crisaborole ointment, a novel, nonsteroidal phosphodiesterase 4 (PDE4) inhibitor for the topical treatment of atopic dermatitis (AD) in children and adults. J Am Acad Dermatol. 2016; 75(3):494-503.e4
- 3. Misery L, Belloni Fortina A, El Hachem M, et al. A position paper on the management of itch and pain in atopic dermatitis from the International Society of Atopic Dermatitis (ISAD)/Oriented Patient-Education Network in Dermatology (OPENED) task force. J Eur Acad Dermatol Venereol 2021; 35:787
- 4. Sigurgeirsson B, Boznanski A, Todd G, et al. Safety and efficacy of pimecrolimus in atopic dermatitis: a 5-year randomized trial. Pediatrics 2015; 135:597.
- 5. Eichenfield LF, Call RS, Forsha DW, et al. Long-term safety of crisaborole ointment 2% in children and adults with mild to moderate atopic dermatitis. J Am Acad Dermatol 2017; 77:641.
- 6. Svensson A, Chambers C, Gånemo A, Mitchell SA. A systematic review of tacrolimus ointment compared with corticosteroids in the treatment of atopic dermatitis. Curr Med Res Opin 2011; 27:1395
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- 9. Opzelura [package insert]. Wilmington, DE: Incyte Corporation; July 2022.
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- 11. Micromedex (electronic version). IBM Watson Health, Greenwood Village, Colorado, USA. Available at: https://www.micromedexsolutions.com. September 30, 2021.
- 12. Eichenfield LF, Tom WL, et. al. Guidelines of care for the management of atopic dermatitis: Section 1. Diagnosis and assessment of atopic dermatitis. *J Am Acad Dermatol* 2014; 70:338-51.
- 13. Eichenfield LF, Tom WL, et. al. Guidelines of care for the management of atopic dermatitis: Section 2. Management and treatment of atopic dermatitis with topical therapies. *J Am Acad Dermatol* 2014; 71:116-32.
- 14. Papp K, Szepietowski JC, Kircik L, et. al. Efficacy and safety of ruxolitinib cream for the treatment of atopic dermatitis: Results from 2 phase 3, randomized, double-blind studies. *J Am Acad Dermatol* 2021;85:863-72.
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## **Review History**

07/21/2021- Reviewed at July P&T; Switched from CVS Standard criteria to custom template.

01/19/2022 – Reviewed and updated for Jan P&T; added new drug Opzelura to criteria. Reauthorization criteria was clarified to include examples of positive response to therapy (improvement in erythema, exudation, excoriation, induration/papulation, lichenification, or pruritis). Effective 03/01/2022.

01/11/2023 – Reviewed and Updated for Jan P&T; added new indication of vitiligo for Opzelura. References updated. Effective 4/1/2023

11/15/2023 - Reviewed and Updated for Nov P&T; Removed TB requirement for Opzelura. Effective 1/1/2024

