

Otezla (apremilast) Effective 11/01/2022				
Plan	☐ MassHealth UPPL		☑ Prior Authorization	
	⊠Commercial/Exchange	Program Type	☐ Quantity Limit	
Benefit	□ Pharmacy Benefit	1108.41760	· ·	
	☐ Medical Benefit (NLX)		☐ Step Therapy	
Specialty	This medication has been designated specialty and must be filled at a contracted			
Limitations	specialty pharmacy.			
Contact Information	Specialty Medications			
	All Plans	Phone: 866-814-5506	Fax: 866-249-6155	
	Non-Specialty Medications			
	MassHealth	Phone: 877-433-7643	Fax: 866-255-7569	
	Commercial	Phone: 800-294-5979	Fax: 888-836-0730	
	Exchange	Phone: 855-582-2022	Fax: 855-245-2134	
	Medical Specialty Medications (NLX)			
	All Plans	Phone: 844-345-2803	Fax: 844-851-0882	
Exceptions	N/A			

Overview

Apremilast inhibits phosphodiesterase 4 (PDE4) specific for cyclic adenosine monophosphate (cAMP) which results in increased intracellular cAMP levels and regulation of numerous inflammatory mediators (e.g. decreased expression of nitric oxide synthase, TNF- α , and interleukin [IL]-23, as well as increased IL-10.

FDA-Approved Indications

- 1. Plaque psoriasis
- 2. Active psoriatic arthritis
- 3. Treatment of oral ulcers associated with Behçet's Disease

All other indications are considered experimental/investigational and are not a covered benefit.

Coverage Guidelines

Plaque psoriasis

Authorization may be granted for members new to the plan who have previously received Otezla or any biologic disease-modifying antirheumatic drug (DMARD) indicated for the treatment of plaque psoriasis, excluding when the product is obtained as samples or via manufacturer's patient assistance programs

OR

Authorization may be granted for treatment of plaque psoriasis when all the following criteria are met:

- 1. At least 3% of body surface area (BSA) is affected OR crucial body areas (e.g., hands, feet, face, neck, scalp, genitals/groin, intertriginous areas) are affected.
- 2. Member meets ONE of the following criteria:

- a. Member has had an inadequate response or intolerance to TWO conventional therapies in any of the following combinations:
 - i. 1 topical agent + 1 systemic agent (methotrexate, cyclosporine, acitretin)
 - ii. 1 topical agent + 1 phototherapy (e.g., UVB, PUVA)
 - iii. 1 systemic agent + 1 phototherapy (e.g., UVB, PUVA)
 - iv. 2 systemic agents
- b. Member has a clinical reason to avoid ALL conventional therapies (topical agents, phototherapy, and systemic agents). (see Appendix A).
- c. Member has severe psoriasis that warrants a biologic DMARD as first-line therapy.

Active psoriatic arthritis (PsA)

Authorization may be granted for members new to the plan who have previously received Otezla or any biologic disease-modifying antirheumatic drug (DMARD) indicated for the treatment of active psoriatic arthritis, excluding when the product is obtained as samples or via manufacturer's patient assistance programs **OR**

Authorization may be granted for treatment of active PsA when ONE the following criteria are met:

- 1. ONE of the following:
 - a. Patient has had an intolerance to or inadequate response (after at least 3 months of treatment) with methotrexate OR leflunomide.
 - b. Patient has a contraindication to BOTH methotrexate and leflunomide AND has experienced an inadequate response, intolerance, or has a contraindication to sulfasalazine.

Oral ulcers associated with Behçet's Disease

Authorization may be granted for members new to the plan who have previously received Otezla for the treatment oral ulcers associated with Bechet's Disease, excluding when the product is obtained as samples or via manufacturer's patient assistance programs

OR

Authorization may be granted for treatment of oral ulcers associated with Bechet's Disease when the member has experienced an inadequate response or intolerance to topical or oral steroids **and** colchicine.

OR

The member has a contraindication to topical and oral steroids and colchicine

Continuation of Therapy

Members must meet all initial authorization criteria and achieve or maintain positive clinical response after at least 4 months of therapy with Otezla as evidenced by low disease activity or improvement in signs and symptoms of the condition.

Appendices

- A. Examples of Clinical Reasons to Avoid Pharmacologic Treatment with Methotrexate, Cyclosporine, or Acitretin.
 - 1. Alcoholism, alcoholic liver disease, or other chronic liver disease
 - 2. Breastfeeding
 - 3. Drug interaction
 - 4. Cannot be used due to risk of treatment-related toxicity
 - 5. Pregnancy or planning pregnancy (male or female)
 - 6. Significant comorbidity prohibits use of systemic agents (examples include liver or kidney disease, blood dyscrasias, uncontrolled hypertension)



B. Examples of TNF Inhibitors Indicated for PsA

- 1. Cimzia
- 2. Enbrel
- 3. Humira
- 4. Remicade
- 5. Simponi

Limitations

1. Initial authorizations and reauthorizations will be granted for 24 months

2. The following quantity limits apply:

Otezla	60 tablets per 30 days

References

- 1. Otezla (apremilast) [prescribing information]. Thousand Oaks, CA: Amgen Inc; December 2021
- 2. Nash P, Ohson K, Walsh J, et al. Early and sustained efficacy with apremilast monotherapy in biological-naïve patients with psoriatic arthritis: a phase IIIB, randomised controlled trial (ACTIVE). Ann Rheum Dis 2018; 77:690
- 3. Coates LC, Kavanaugh A, Mease PJ, et al. Group for research and assessment of psoriasis and psoriatic arthritis 2015 treatment recommendation for psoriatic arthritis. *Arthritis Rheumatol*. 2016 May;68(5):1060-71.
- 4. Schafer P. Apremilast mechanism of action and application to psoriasis and psoriatic arthritis. *Biochem Pharmacol*. 2012;83(12):1583-1590.[PubMed 22257911]
- **5.** Leccese P, Ozguler Y, Christensen R, et al. Management of skin, mucosa and joint involvement of Behçet's syndrome: A systematic review for update of the EULAR recommendations for the management of Behçet's syndrome. Semin Arthritis Rheum 2019; 48:752
- **6.** Hatemi G, Mahr A, Ishigatsubo Y, et al. Trial of Apremilast for Oral Ulcers in Behçet's Syndrome. N Engl J Med 2019; 381:1918
- **7.** Loos AM, Liu S, Segel C, et al. Comparative effectiveness of targeted immunomodulators for the treatment of moderate-to-severe plaque psoriasis: A systematic review and network meta-analysis. J Am Acad Dermatol 2018; 79:135
- **8.** Papp KA, Kaufmann R, Thaçi D, et al. Efficacy and safety of apremilast in subjects with moderate to severe plaque psoriasis: results from a phase II, multicenter, randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled, parallel-group, dose-comparison study. J Eur Acad Dermatol Venereol 2013; 27: e376

Review History

Reviewed: 02/23/15; 02/22/16 P&T Mtg

Revised: 02/27/17 (adopted SGM & Step); 2/26/18 P&T Mtg; 02/20/19; 9/18/19 (Added oral ulcers associated with Behcet's Disease as an indication)

09/16/20 - Reviewed at P&T

05/19/2021 – Reviewed and Updated for May P&T; started and stabilized statement updated for all indications to say "Authorization may be granted for members new to The plan"; moderate to severe plaque psoriasis conventional therapy requirements was changed from AND to OR. Effective 08/01/2021.

01/19/2022 – Reviewed and Updated for Jan P&T; Plaque psoriasis indication was expanded from moderate to severe to all severities of plaque psoriasis. Updated BSA% from at least 5% to at least 3% to align with definition mild disease as FDA has expanded indication. References updated. Effective 03/01/2022.

09/21/2022 – Reviewed and Updated for Sept P&T; Removed TNF requirement for psoriatic arthritis. Effective 11/01/2022.

