

January 1 – December 31,2026

Member Handbook for 2026:

Mass General Brigham SCO Member Handbook, otherwise known as the Evidence of Coverage

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January 1 – December 31, 2026

Your Health and Drug Coverage under Mass General Brigham SCO (HMO D-SNP)

Member Handbook Introduction

This *Member Handbook*, tells you about your coverage under our plan through December 31, 2026. It explains health care services, behavioral health (behavioral health and substance use disorder) services, drug coverage, and long-term services and supports. Key terms and their definitions appear in alphabetical order in **Chapter 12** of this *Member Handbook*.

This is an important legal document. Keep it in a safe place.

When this *Member Handbook* says "we", "us", "our", or "our plan", it means Mass General Brigham SCO.

This document is available for free in Spanish and other languages available upon request. Please reach out to Member Services at 1-888-816-6000 (TTY 711). You can get this document for free in other formats, such as large print, braille, and/or audio by calling Member Services at the number at the bottom of this page. The call is free.

When you join the plan, we will ask you during your welcome call if you would like to get information in a language other than English or in a different format, like large print. Once you tell us your choice, we will keep that information on file, so you don't have to ask again each time we send you something. If you ever want to change your choice later, you can do that too. By calling Member Services at 1-888-816-6000. This call is free.

2026 Mass General Brigham SCO Member Handbook

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Disclaimers

- Mass General Brigham SCO is an HMO-DSNP health plan that contracts with both Medicare and MassHealth (Medicaid) to provide benefits of both programs to enrollees. Enrollment in Mass General Brigham SCO depends on contract renewal. Benefits may change on January 1, 2027.
- Our covered drugs, pharmacy network, and/or provider network may change at any time. You'll get a notice about any changes that may affect you at least 30 days in advance.
- Estate Recovery Awareness: MassHealth (Medicaid) is required by federal law to recover money from the estates of certain MassHealth (Medicaid) members who are age 55 years or older, and who are any age and are receiving long-term care in a nursing home or other medical institution. For more information about MassHealth (Medicaid) estate recovery, please visit www.mass.gov/estaterecovery.
- Coverage under Mass General Brigham SCO is qualifying health coverage called "minimum essential coverage." It satisfies the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act's (ACA) individual shared responsibility requirement. Visit the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) website at www.irs.gov/Affordable-Care-Act/Individuals-and-Families for more information on the individual shared responsibility requirement.
- Out-of-network/non-contracted providers are under no obligation to treat Plan members, except in emergency situations. Please call Member Services at the number at the bottom of the page for more information, including the cost-sharing that applies to out-of-network services. As an eligible member you are not responsible for the cost of a covered service.
- Mass General Brigham SCO Senior Care Options is a Coordinated Care plan with a Medicare contract and a contract with the Commonwealth of Massachusetts Medicaid program. Enrollment in the plan depends on the plan's contract renewal with Medicare.

Chapter 1: Getting started as a member

Introduction

This chapter includes information about Mass General Brigham SCO, a health plan that covers all of your Medicare and MassHealth (Medicaid) services, and your membership in it. It also tells you what to expect and what other information you'll get from us. Key terms and their definitions appear in alphabetical order in the last chapter of this *Member Handbook*.

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A. Welcome to Mass General Brigham SCO

Mass General Brigham SCO is a Senior Care Option (SCO): MassHealth (Medicaid) plus Medicare plan. A SCO plan is made up of doctors, hospitals, pharmacies, providers of Long-Term Services and Supports (LTSS), behavioral health providers, substance use disorder providers, community-based organizations that can assist with health-related social needs, and other health care providers. In a SCO plan, a Care Coordinator will work with you to develop a plan that meets your specific health needs. A Care Coordinator will also help you manage all your providers, services, and supports. They all work together to give you the care you need.

SCO is a program run by Massachusetts and the federal government to provide better health care for people who have both Medicare and MassHealth (Medicaid).

B. Information about Medicare and MassHealth (Medicaid)

B1. Medicare

Medicare is the federal health insurance program for:

- people 65 years of age or over,
- some people under age 65 with certain disabilities, and
- people with end-stage renal disease (kidney failure).

B2. MassHealth (Medicaid)

MassHealth (Medicaid) is the name of the Massachusetts Medicaid program. MassHealth (Medicaid) is run by Massachusetts and is paid for by Massachusetts and the federal government. MassHealth (Medicaid) helps people with limited incomes and resources pay for Long-Term Services and Supports (LTSS) and medical costs. It covers extra services and drugs not covered by Medicare.

Each state decides:

- what counts as income and resources,
- · who is eligible,
- what services are covered, and
- the cost for services. Please note, eligible members do not have a cost to covered services.

States can decide how to run their programs, as long as they follow the federal rules.

Medicare and the Commonwealth of Massachusetts approved our plan. You can get Medicare and MassHealth (Medicaid) services through our plan as long as:



- you're eligible to participate in SCO;
- we offer the plan in your county, and
- Medicare and the Commonwealth of Massachusetts allow us to continue to offer this plan.

Even if our plan stops operating in the future, your eligibility for Medicare and MassHealth (Medicaid) services isn't affected.

C. Advantages of our plan

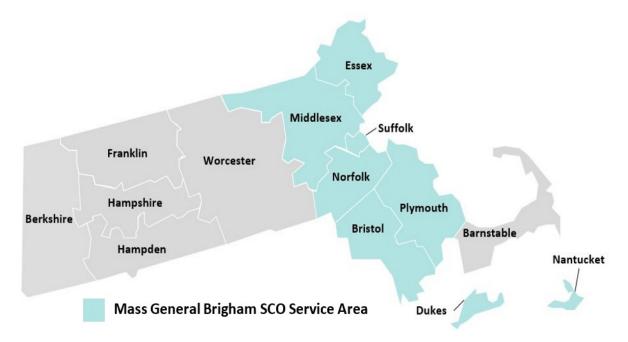
You'll now get all your covered Medicare and MassHealth (Medicaid) services from our plan, including drugs. You don't pay extra to join this health plan.

We help make your Medicare and MassHealth (Medicaid) benefits work better together and work better for you. Some of the advantages include:

- You can work with us for most of your health care needs.
- You have a care team that you help put together. Your care team may include yourself, your caregiver, doctors, nurses, counselors, or other health professionals.
- You have access to a Care Coordinator. This is a person who works with you, with our plan, and with your care team to help make a care plan.
- You have access to a Geriatric Support Services Coordinator (GSSC). This is a person
 who will help you find and get community long-term care and social support services.
 - Both the Care Coordinator and GSSC work with your Care Team to make sure you get the care you need.
- You're able to direct your own care with help from your care team and care coordinator.
- Your care team and care coordinator work with you to make a care plan designed to meet your health needs. The care team helps coordinate the services you need. For example, this means that your care team makes sure:
 - Your doctors know about all the medicines you take so they can make sure you're taking the right medicines and can reduce any side effects that you may have from the medicines.
 - Your test results are shared with all of your doctors and other providers, as appropriate.

D. Our plan's service area

Our service area includes these counties in Massachusetts: Bristol, Dukes, Middlesex, Essex, Suffolk, Nantucket, Norfolk, and Plymouth.



Only people who live in our service area can join our plan.

You can't stay in our plan if you move outside of our service area. Refer to Chapter 8 of this *Member Handbook* for more information about the effects of moving out of our service area.

E. What makes you eligible to be a plan member

You're eligible for our plan as long as you:

- live in our service area (incarcerated individuals aren't considered living in the service area even if they're physically located in it), **and**
- have both Medicare Part A and Medicare Part B, and
- are a United States citizen or are lawfully present in the United States, and
- are currently eligible for MassHealth (Medicaid) Standard, and
- aren't enrolled in a MassHealth (Medicaid) Home and Community-based Services (HCBS) waiver, with the exception of the Frail Elder Waiver (FEW); and
- have no other health insurance except Medicare.



If you lose eligibility but can be expected to regain it within 30 days, then you're still eligible for our plan.

Call Member Services for more information.

You may also qualify if you are eligible for the Frail Elder Waiver (FEW). For information about the FEW program, contact Serving the Health Insurance Needs of Everyone (SHINE) at 1-800-AGE-INFO (1-800-243-4636) (TTY 1-800-439-2370).

F. What to expect when you first join our health plan

When you first join our plan, you get a health risk assessment (HRA), also known as a "Comprehensive Assessment," within 30 days of your enrollment in the plan.

We must complete an HRA for you. This HRA is the basis for developing your care plan. The HRA includes questions to identify your medical, behavioral health, lifestyle and social information, preferences and goals, and functional needs.

We will reach out to you to complete the HRA. We can complete the HRA by an in-person visit in a location of your choosing, telephone call, or a virtual visit.

We'll send you more information about this HRA and will provide an overview during the Plan Welcome Call.

If Mass General Brigham SCO is a new plan for you, you can keep using your doctors and getting your current services for 90 days or until your HRA and Individualized Care Plan (ICP) are complete. This is called the Continuity of Care period. If you're taking any Medicare Part D drugs when you join our plan, you can get a temporary supply. We'll help you to transition to another drug if necessary.

After the first 90 days, you'll need to use doctors and other providers in the Mass General Brigham SCO network. A network provider is a provider who works with the health plan. Refer to **Chapter 3** for more information on getting care from provider networks.

G. Your care team and care plan

G1. Care team

A care team can help you keep getting the care you need and want. A care team may include your doctor, a care coordinator, or other health person that you choose. Together, you and your Care Team will make your individualized Care Plan.

A care coordinator is a person trained to help you manage the care you need and want. You get a care coordinator when you enroll in our plan. This person also refers you to other community resources that our plan may not provide and will work with your care team to help coordinate your care. Call us at the numbers at the bottom of the page for more information about your care coordinator and care team.

G2. Care plan

Your care team works with you to make a care plan. A care plan tells you and your care team what services you need and how to get them. It includes your medical, behavioral health, and long-term services and supports.

Your care plan includes:

- Your personal goals and desired outcomes,
- your list of health, independent living and recovery goals, as well as any concerns you
 may have and the steps needed to address them,
- identifying which goals are most important to you,
- who in your life you may want to help you achieve those goals,
- your identified strengths, preferences, and any barriers to achieving your goals,
- a timeline for getting the services you need and meeting your goals,
- how you will work toward achieving your goals and how we will help you with that and,
- your care coordinator's contact information.

Your care team meets with you after your HRA. They ask you about the services you need. They also tell you about services you may want to think about getting. Your care plan is created based on your needs and goals. You'll be at the center of the process of making your care plan.

Every year, your care team will work with you to update your care plan in case there's a change in the health services you need and want. Your care plan can also be updated as your goals or needs change throughout the year.

H. Summary of important costs. Please note, eligible members are not responsible for a cost to covered services

Our plan has no premiums. As a member you do not pay any monthly premiums for your health care.

Members who are utilizing a nursing home may have to pay a Patient Paid Amount to maintain your MassHealth (Medicaid) coverage. MassHealth (Medicaid) will notify you if you are responsible to pay this Patient Paid Amount. The Patient Paid Amount is your contribution to the cost of the nursing home facility.

If you pay a premium to MassHealth (Medicaid), you must continue to pay the premium to MassHealth (Medicaid) to keep your coverage.

I. This Member Handbook

This *Member Handbook* is part of our contract with you. This means that we must follow all rules in this document. If you think we've done something that goes against these rules, you may be able to appeal our decision. For information about appeals, refer to **Chapter 9** of this *Member Handbook* or call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227).

You can ask for a *Member Handbook* by calling Member Services at the numbers at the bottom of the page. You can also refer to the *Member Handbook* found on our website at the web address at the bottom of the page.

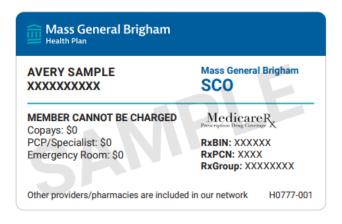
The contract is in effect for the months you're enrolled in our plan between January 1, 2026, and December 31, 2026.

J. Other important information you get from us

Other important information we provide to you includes your Member ID Card, information about how to access the *Provider and Pharmacy Directory*, a List of Durable Medical Equipment (DME), and information about how to access a *List of Covered Drugs*, also known as a *Drug List* or *Formulary*.

J1. Your Member ID Card

Under our plan, you have one card for your Medicare and MassHealth (Medicaid) services, including LTSS, certain behavioral health services, and prescriptions. You show this card when you get any services or prescriptions. Here is a sample Member ID Card:





If your Member ID Card is damaged, lost, or stolen, call Member Services at the number at the bottom of the page right away. We'll send you a new card.

As long as you're a member of our plan, you don't need to use your red, white, and blue Medicare card or your MassHealth (Medicaid) card to get most services. Keep those cards in a safe place, in case you



need them later. If you show your Medicare card instead of your Member ID Card, the provider may bill Medicare instead of our plan, and you may get a bill. You may be asked to show your Medicare card if you need hospital services, hospice services, or participate in Medicare-approved clinical research studies (also called clinical trials). Refer to **Chapter 7** of this *Member Handbook* to find out what to do if you get a bill from a provider.

J2. Provider and Pharmacy Directory

The *Provider and Pharmacy Directory* lists the providers and pharmacies in our plan's network. While you're a member of our plan, you must use network providers to get covered services.

You can ask for a *Provider and Pharmacy Directory* (electronically or in hard copy form) by calling Member Services at the numbers at the bottom of the page. Requests for hard copy Provider and Pharmacy Directories will be mailed to you within three business days. You can also refer to the *Provider and Pharmacy Directory* at the web address at the bottom of the page.

Our Member Services and website will give you the most current information about our network providers (this includes primary care and specialty care providers), hospitals, network pharmacies, skilled nursing homes, and other types of providers.

Definition of network providers

- Our network providers include:
 - doctors, nurses, and other health care professionals that you can use as a member of our plan;
 - clinics, hospitals, nursing facilities, and other places that provide health services in our plan; and
 - home health agencies, durable medical equipment (DME) suppliers, and others who provide goods and services that you get through Medicare or MassHealth (Medicaid).

Network providers agree to accept payment from our plan for covered services as payment in full. You won't have to pay anything more for covered services.

Definition of network pharmacies

- Network pharmacies are pharmacies that agree to fill prescriptions for our plan members. Use the *Provider and Pharmacy Directory* to find the network pharmacy you want to use.
- Except during an emergency, you must fill your prescriptions at one of our network pharmacies if you want our plan to help you pay for them.

Call Member Services at the numbers at the bottom of the page for more information. Both Member Services and our website can give you the most up-to-date information about changes in our network pharmacies and providers.

List of Durable Medical Equipment (DME)

We included our List of DME with this *Member Handbook*. This list tells you the brands and makers of DME that we cover. The most recent list of brands, makers, and suppliers is also available on our website at the address at the bottom of the page. Refer to **Chapters 3 and 4** of this *Member Handbook* to learn more about DME equipment.

J3. List of Covered Drugs

Our plan has a *List of Covered Drugs*. We call it the *Drug List* for short. It tells you which drugs our plan covers. The drugs on this list are selected by our plan with the help of doctors and pharmacists. The *Drug List* must meet Medicare's requirements. Drugs with negotiated prices under the Medicare Drug Price Negotiation Program will be included on your *Drug List* unless they have been removed and replaced as described in **Chapter 5**, **Section B** Medicare approved the Mass General Brigham SCO *Drug List*.

The *Drug List* also tells you if there are any rules or restrictions on any drugs, such as a limit on the amount you can get. Refer to **Chapter 5** of this *Member Handbook* for more information.

Each year, we send you information about how to access the *Drug List*, but some changes may occur during the year. To get the most up-to-date information about which drugs are covered, call Member Services or visit our website at the address at the bottom of the page.

J4. The Explanation of Benefits

When you use your Medicare Part D drug benefits, we send you a summary to help you understand and keep track of payments for your Medicare Part D drugs. This summary is called the *Explanation of Benefits* (EOB).

The EOB tells you the total amount you, or others on your behalf, spent on your Medicare Part D drugs and the total amount we paid for each of your Medicare Part D drugs during the month. This EOB isn't a bill. The EOB has more information about the drugs you take. **Chapter 6** of this *Member Handbook* gives more information about the EOB and how it helps you track your drug coverage.

You can also ask for an EOB. To get a copy, contact Member Services at the numbers at the bottom of the page.

K. Keeping your centralized enrollee record up to date

You can keep your centralized enrollee record up to date by telling us when your information changes.

We need this information to make sure that we have your correct information in our records. The doctors, hospitals, pharmacists, and other providers in our plan's network **use your membership record to know what services and drugs are covered and your cost-sharing amounts.** Please note, eligible members do not have a cost to covered services. SCO members have \$0 cost sharing. Because of this, it's very important to help us keep your information up to date.

Tell us right away about the following:

- changes to your name, address, or phone number;
- changes to any other health insurance coverage, such as from your employer, your spouse's employer, or your domestic partner's employer, or workers' compensation;
- any liability claims, such as claims from an automobile accident;
- admission to a nursing facility or hospital;
- care from a hospital or emergency room;
- changes in your caregiver (or anyone responsible for you); and
- your participation in a clinical research study. (Note: You're not required to tell us about a clinical research study you intend to participate in, but we encourage you to do so.)

If any information changes, call Member Services at the numbers at the bottom of the page or you can get more information in our Member Portal at https://member.massgeneralbrighamhealthplan.org/.

K1. Privacy of personal health information (PHI)

Information in your membership record may include personal health information (PHI). Federal and state laws require that we keep your PHI private. We protect your PHI. For more details about how we protect your PHI, refer to **Chapter 8** of this *Member Handbook*.

Chapter 2: Important phone numbers and resources

Introduction

This chapter gives you contact information for important resources that can help you answer your questions about our plan and your health care benefits. You can also use this chapter to get information about how to contact your care coordinator and others to advocate on your behalf. Key terms and their definitions appear in alphabetical order in the last chapter of this *Member Handbook*.

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A. Member Services

CALL	1-888-816-6000. This call is free. Days and hours of operation: 8AM to 8PM EST Mon-Sun (Oct 1 – Mar 31) and 8AM to 8PM EST Mon-Fri (Apr 1 – Sep 30). We have free interpreter services for people who don't speak English.
TTY	711. This call is free. This number is for people who have difficulty with hearing or speaking. You must have special telephone equipment to call it. Days and hours of operation: 8AM to 8PM EST Mon-Sun (Oct 1 – Mar 31) and 8AM to 8PM EST Mon-Fri (Apr 1 – Sep 30).
FAX	1-617-526-1910
WRITE	Mass General Brigham Health Plan 399 Revolution Drive Suite 875 Somerville, MA 02145
E-MAIL	HealthPlanDualsCustomerService@mgb.org
WEBSITE	https://mgbadvantage.org/sco

Contact Member Services to get help with:

- questions about the plan
- questions about claims or billing
- coverage decisions about your health care
 - A coverage decision about your health care is a decision about:
 - your benefits and covered services, or
 - the amount we pay for your health services.
 - o Call us if you have questions about a coverage decision about your health care.
 - To learn more about coverage decisions, refer to Chapter 9 of this Member Handbook.

- appeals about your health care
 - An appeal is a formal way of asking us to review a decision we made about your coverage and asking us to change it if you think we made a mistake or disagree with the decision.
 - To learn more about making an appeal, refer to Chapter 9 of this Member Handbook or contact Member Services.
- complaints about your health care
 - You can make a complaint about us or any provider (including a non-network or network provider). A network provider is a provider who works with our plan. You can also make a complaint to us or to the Quality Improvement Organization (QIO) about the quality of the care you received (refer to **Section F**).
 - You can call us and explain your complaint at 1-888-816-6000 (TTY 711).
 - If your complaint is about a coverage decision about your health care, you can make an appeal (refer to the section above).
 - You can send a complaint about our plan to Medicare. You can use an online form at <u>www.medicare.gov/my/medicare-complaint</u>. Or you can call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227) to ask for help.
 - You can also call My Ombudsman for help with any complaints or to help you file an appeal. (Refer to Section G for My Ombudsman's contact information.)
 - To learn more about making a complaint about your health care, refer to Chapter 9
 of this Member Handbook.
- coverage decisions about your drugs
 - A coverage decision about your drugs is a decision about:
 - your benefits and covered drugs, or
 - the amount we pay for your drugs.
 - This applies to your Medicare Part D drugs, MassHealth (Medicaid) prescription drugs, and MassHealth (Medicaid) over-the-counter drugs.
 - For more on coverage decisions about your drugs, refer to Chapter 9 of this Member
 Handbook
- appeals about your drugs
- ?

- An appeal is a way to ask us to change a coverage decision.
- For more on making an appeal about your drugs, refer to Chapter 9 of this Member Handbook.
- complaints about your drugs
 - You can make a complaint about us or any pharmacy. This includes a complaint about your drugs.
 - If your complaint is about a coverage decision about your drugs, you can make an appeal. (Refer to the section above).
 - You can send a complaint about our plan to Medicare. You can use an online form at <u>www.medicare.gov/my/medicare-complaint</u>. Or you can call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227) to ask for help.
 - For more on making a complaint about your drugs, refer to Chapter 9 of this Member Handbook.
- payment for health care or drugs you already paid for
 - For more on how to ask us to pay you back, or to pay a bill you got, refer to Chapter
 7 of this Member Handbook.
 - If you ask us to pay a bill and we deny any part of your request, you can appeal our decision. Refer to Chapter 9 of this Member Handbook.

resources

B. Your Care Coordinator

When you become a member of Mass General Brigham SCO health plan a care coordinator will be assigned to you. This person will be your main point of contact to help coordinate all of the services you may need between your provider/s, family members or caregivers, the health plan, and other members of your care team. You can call Member Services at 1-888-816-6000 to talk with your care coordinator. If you need to change your care coordinator please call or write to Member Services at the number or address listed below.

CALL	1-888-816-6000. This call is free.
	Days and hours of operation: 8AM to 8PM EST Mon-Sun (Oct 1 – Mar 31) and 8AM to 8PM EST Mon-Fri (Apr 1 – Sep 30).
	We have free interpreter services for people who don't speak English.
TTY	711. This call is free.
	This number is for people who have difficulty with hearing or speaking. You must have special telephone equipment to call it.
	Days and hours of operation: 8AM to 8PM EST Mon-Sun (Oct 1 – Mar 31) and 8AM to 8PM EST Mon-Fri (Apr 1 – Sep 30).
FAX	1-617-526-1910
WRITE	Mass General Brigham Health Plan 399 Revolution Drive Suite 875 Somerville, MA 02145
EMAIL	HealthPlanDualsCustomerService@mgb.org
WEBSITE	https://mgbadvantage.org/sco

Contact your care coordinator to get help with:

- questions about your health care,
- questions about getting behavioral health (behavioral health and substance use disorder) services,
- questions about transportation,
- questions about getting medical services and long-term services and supports (LTSS),

- resources
- questions about getting help with food, housing, employment, and other health-related social needs,
- questions about your care plan,
- questions about approvals for services that your providers have requested,
- questions about the benefits of Flexible Covered Services and how they can be requested.

C. SHINE (Serving the Health Insurance Needs of Everyone)

The State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP) is a government program with trained counselors in every state that offers free help, information, and answers to your Medicare questions. In Massachusetts, the SHIP is called SHINE (Serving the Health Insurance Needs of Everyone).

SHINE is an independent state program (not connected with any insurance company or health plan) that gets money from the federal government to give free local health insurance counseling to people with Medicare.

CALL	1-800-AGE-INFO (1-800-243-4636) Mon – Fri 10 AM-3 PM EST
TTY	1-800-439-2370 (Massachusetts only) This number is for people who have difficulty with hearing or speaking. You must have special telephone equipment to call it.
WRITE	Call the number above for the address of the SHINE program in your area.
WEBSITE	www.mass.gov/health-insurance-counseling

Contact SHINE for help with:

- Questions about Medicare.
- SHINE counselors can answer your questions about changing to a new plan and help you:
 - understand your rights,
 - o understand your plan choices,
 - answer questions about switching plans,
 - make complaints about your health care or treatment, and
 - o straighten out problems with your bills.

D. Quality Improvement Organization (QIO)

Our state has an organization called Acentra Health. This is a group of doctors and other health care professionals who help improve the quality of care for people with Medicare. Acentra Health is an independent organization. It's not connected with our plan.

CALL	1-888-319-8452
TTY	711 This number is for people who have difficulty with hearing or speaking. You must have special telephone equipment to call it.
WRITE	Acentra Health 5201 West Kennedy Blvd. Suite 900 Tampa, FL 33609
WEBSITE	Acentra Health BFCC-QIO

Contact Acentra Health for help with:

- Questions about your health care rights.
- Making a complaint about the care you got if you:
 - have a problem with the quality of care, such as getting the wrong medication, unnecessary tests or procedures, or a misdiagnosis,
 - think your hospital stay is ending too soon, or
 - think your home health care, skilled nursing facility care, or comprehensive outpatient rehabilitation facility (CORF) services are ending too soon.

E. Medicare

Medicare is the federal health insurance program for people 65 years of age or over, some people under age 65 with disabilities, and people with end-stage renal disease (permanent kidney failure requiring dialysis or a kidney transplant).

The federal agency in charge of Medicare is the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, or CMS. This agency contracts with Medicare Advantage organizations including our plan.

CALL	1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227) Calls to this number are free, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.
ТТҮ	1-877-486-2048. This call is free. This number is for people who have difficulty with hearing or speaking. You must have special telephone equipment to call it.
CHAT LIVE	Chat live at www.Medicare.gov/talk-to-someone
WRITE	Medicare PO Box 1270, Lawrence, KS 66044

WEBSITE

www.medicare.gov

- Get information about the Medicare health and drug plans in your area, including what they cost and what services they provide.
- Find Medicare-participating doctors or other health care providers and suppliers.
- Find out what Medicare covers, including preventative services (like screenings, shots, or vaccines, and yearly "wellness" visits).
- Get Medicare appeals information and forms.
- Get information about the quality of care provided by plans, nursing homes, hospitals, doctors, home health agencies, dialysis facilities, hospice centers, inpatient rehabilitation facilities, and long-term care hospitals.
- Look up helpful websites and phone numbers.

To submit a complaint to Medicare, go to www.medicare.gov/my/medicare-complaint. Medicare takes your complaints seriously and will use this information to help improve the quality of the Medicare program.

F. MassHealth (Medicaid)

MassHealth (Medicaid) helps with medical and long-term services and supports costs. Please note, eligible members do not have a cost to covered services for people with limited incomes and resources.

You're enrolled in Medicare and in MassHealth (Medicaid). If you have questions about the help you get from MassHealth (Medicaid), the contact information is below.

CALL	1-800-841-2900
TTY	711 This number is for people who have difficulty with hearing or speaking. You must have special telephone equipment to call it.
WRITE	MassHealth Customer Service 55 Summer Street Boston, MA 02110
EMAIL	membersupport@mahealth.net
WEBSITE	www.mass.gov/masshealth

G. Ombudsman

My Ombudsman is an independent program that can help you if you have questions, concerns, or problems related to Senior Care Options (SCO). My Ombudsman's services are free. My Ombudsman's staff:

- Can answer your questions or refer you to the right place to find what you need.
- Can help you address a problem or concern with SCO or your SCO plan, Mass General Brigham SCO. My Ombudsman's staff will listen, investigate the issue, and discuss options with you to help solve the problem.
- Help with appeals. An appeal is a formal way of asking your SCO plan, MassHealth (Medicaid), or Medicare to review a decision about your services. My Ombudsman's staff can talk with you about how to make an appeal and what to expect during the appeal process.
- You can call or write My Ombudsman. Please refer to the My Ombudsman website or contact them directly for updated information about location and walk-in hours.

CALL	1-855-781-9898 (Toll Free)
MassRelay and Videophone (VP)	Use 7-1-1 to call 1-855-781-9898 This number is for people who have difficulty with hearing or speaking. You must have special telephone equipment to call it. Videophone (VP): 1-339-224-6831 This number is for people who are deaf or hard of hearing.
WRITE	My Ombudsman 25 Kingston Street, 4 th floor Boston, MA 02111
EMAIL	info@myombudsman.org
WEBSITE	www.myombudsman.org

H. Long-Term Care Ombudsman Program

The Long-Term Care Ombudsman helps people get information about nursing homes and resolve problems between nursing homes and residents or their families.

The Long-Term Care Ombudsman isn't connected with our plan or any insurance company or health plan.

CALL 1-617-222-7495

I. Programs to Help People Pay for Drugs

The Medicare website (<u>www.medicare.gov/basics/costs/help/drug-costs</u>) provides information on how to lower your drug costs. For people with limited incomes, there are also other programs to assist, as described below.

I1. Extra Help from Medicare

Because you're eligible for MassHealth (Medicaid), you qualify for and are getting "Extra Help" from Medicare to pay for your drug plan costs. You don't need to do anything to get this "Extra Help."

CALL	1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227) Calls to this number are free, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.
TTY	1-877-486-2048 This call is free. This number is for people who have difficulty with hearing or speaking. You must have special telephone equipment to call it.
WEBSITE	www.medicare.gov

J. Social Security

Social Security determines Medicare eligibility and handles Medicare enrollment.

If you move or change your mailing address, it's important that you contact Social Security to let them know.

CALL	1-800-772-1213
	Calls to this number are free.
	Available 8:00 AM to 7:00 PM, Mon through Fri.
	You can use their automated telephone services to get recorded information and conduct some business 24 hours a day.
TTY	1-800-325-0778
	This number is for people who have difficulty with hearing or speaking. You must have special telephone equipment to call it.
WEBSITE	www.ssa.gov

K. Railroad Retirement Board (RRB)

The RRB is an independent Federal agency that administers comprehensive benefit programs for the nation's railroad workers and their families. If you get Medicare through the RRB, let them know if you move or change your mailing address. For questions about your benefits from the RRB, contact the agency.

CALL	1-877-772-5772
	Calls to this number are free.
	Press "0" to speak with a RRB representative from 9 AM to 3:30 PM, Mon, Tue, Thu and Fri, and from 9 AM to 12 PM on Wed.
	Press "1" to access the automated RRB Help Line and get recorded information 24 hours a day, including weekends and holidays.
TTY	1-312-751-4701
	This number is for people who have difficulty with hearing or speaking. You must have special telephone equipment to call it.
	Calls to this number aren't free.
WEBSITE	www.rrb.gov

L. Other resources

If you have questions about your health:

Call your primary care provider (PCP). Follow your PCP's instructions for getting care when the office is closed. If your PCP's office is closed, you can also call Mass General Brigham SCO Nurse Line. A nurse will listen to your problem and tell you how to get care. (Example: urgent care, emergency room).

CALL	The number for Mass General Brigham's SCO Nurse Line are: 1-833-511-3252. Calls to this number are free. Available 24/7. Mass General Brigham SCO also has free language interpreter services available.
TTY	TTY 711 Calls to this number are free. Available 24/7.

If you need immediate behavioral health care, please call the Behavioral Health Crisis Line at our Member Services:

CALL	1-888-816-6000. Calls to this number are free. Mass General Brigham SCO also has free language interpreter services available.
TTY	TTY 711 Calls to this number are free. Available 24/7

L1. Senior Agencies

In Massachusetts, the following agencies offer help to seniors aged 60 or older and their families, friends, and caregivers:

Aging Services Access Points

 Aging Services Access Points (ASAPs) are one-stop entry points for all of the services and benefits available to seniors in Massachusetts. These agencies provide information, applications, direct services, and referrals.

• Councils on Aging / Senior Centers

 Councils on Aging (COAs) are local volunteer organizations that offer information and direct services to seniors, their caregivers, and other people with aging issues.
 COAs are part of the local government, and work with other senior agencies and



If you have questions, please call Mass General Brigham SCO at 1-888-816-6000 (TTY 711), 8AM to 8PM EST Mon-Sun (Oct 1 – Mar 31) and 8AM to 8PM EST Mon-Fri (Apr 1 – Sep 30). The call is free. **For more information**, visit https://mgbadvantage.org/sco.

- city/town departments to provide social, recreational, health, safety, and educational programs for seniors in their communities.
- MassOptions.org is a website where seniors and their families can get information about programs and services for the elderly in Massachusetts. It is a service of the Massachusetts Executive Office of Health and Human Services.

For information on any of these agencies call MassOptions at 1-800-243-4636 or visit their web site at www.massoptions.org.

ASAP NAME	AgeSpan
CALL	1-978-683-7747 1-800-892-0890
WRITE	280 Merrimack Street, Suite 400 Lawrence, MA 01843
SERVICE AREA	Amesbury, Andover, Billerica, Boxford, Chelmsford, Danvers, Dracut, Dunstable, Georgetown, Groveland, Haverhill, Lawrence, Lowell, Marblehead, Merrimack, Methuen, Middleton, Newbury, Newburyport, North Andover, Peabody, Rowley, Salem, Salisbury, Tewksbury, Tyngsboro, West Newbury, Westford
WEBSITE	http://www.agespan.org

ASAP NAME	Aging Services of North Central Massachusetts
CALL	1-978-537-7411 1-800-734-7312
WRITE	680 Mechanic Street, Suite 120 Leominster, MA 01453
SERVICE AREA	Ashburnham, Ashby, Ayer, Berlin, Bolton, Clinton, Fitchburg, Gardner, Groton, Hubbardston, Lancaster, Leominster, Pepperell, Princeton, Shirley, Sterling, Templeton, Townsend, Westminster, Winchendon

WEBSITE	https://www.agingservicesma.org/
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ASAP NAME	Boston Senior Home Care
CALL	1-617-292-6211
WRITE	89 South Street, Lincoln Plaza Suite 501 Boston, MA 02111
SERVICE AREA	Boston neighborhoods of Beacon Hill, Boston, Charlestown, Dorchester, Downtown, East Boston, North End, South Boston, South Cove, West End
WEBSITE	https://www.bshcinfo.org

ASAP NAME	Bristol Aging & Wellness, Inc
CALL	1-508-675-2101
WRITE	89 South Street, Lincoln Plaza Suite 501 Boston, MA 02111
SERVICE AREA	Attleborough, Berkley, Dighton, Fall River, Freetown, Mansfield, North Attleborough, Norton, Raynham, Rehoboth, Seekonk, Somerset, Swansea, Taunton, Westport
WEBSITE	http://www.bristolelder.org

ASAP NAME	Central Boston Elder Services
CALL	1-617-277-7416
WRITE	2315 Washington Street Boston, MA 02119
SERVICE AREA	Boston neighborhoods of Allston, Back Bay, Boston, Brighton, Fenway, Jamaica Plain, Kenmore/Fenway, Mission Hill, Roxbury, South End

WEBSITE	https://centralboston.org/
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ASAP NAME	Coastline Elderly Services, Inc
CALL	1-508-999-6400
WRITE	863 Belleville Avenue New Bedford MA 02745
SERVICE AREA	Acushnet, Dartmouth, Fairhaven, Gosnold, Marion, Mattapoisett, New Bedford, Rochester
WEBSITE	https://coastlinenb.org

ASAP NAME	Elder Services of Cape Cod and the Islands, Inc.
CALL	1-508-394-4630
WRITE	68 Route 134 South Dennis, MA 02660
SERVICE AREA	Aquinnah, Barnstable, Bourne, Brewster, Buzzards Bay, Chatham, Chilmark, Dennis, Eastham, Edgartown, Falmouth, Gay Head, Harwich, Hyannis, Mashpee, Nantucket, Oak Bluffs, Orleans, Provincetown, Sandwich, Tisbury, Truro, Wellfleet, West Tisbury, Yarmouth
WEBSITE	http://www.escci.org

ASAP NAME	ETHOS
CALL	1-617-522-6700
WRITE	555 Amory Street Jamaica Plain, MA 02130

SERVICE	Boston neighborhoods of Jamaica Plain, Roslindale, West Roxbury, Hyde
AREA	Park and Mattapan
WEBSITE	https://www.ethocare.org/

ASAP NAME	Greater Lynn Senior Services, Inc.
CALL	1-781-599-0110
WRITE	8 Silsbee St. Lynn, MA 01901
SERVICE AREA	Lynn, Lynnfield, Nahant, Saugus, Swampscott
WEBSITE	http://www.glss.net

ASAP NAME	HESSCO Elder Services
CALL	1-781-784-4944
WRITE	545 South Street, Suite 300 Walpole, MA 02081
SERVICE AREA	Canton, Dedham, Foxborough, Medfield, Millis, Norfolk, Norwood, Plainville, Sharon, Walpole, Westwood, Wrentham
WEBSITE	http://www.hessco.org

ASAP NAME	Minuteman Senior Services
CALL	1-781-272-7177
WRITE	One Burlington Woods, Suite 101 Burlington, MA 01803

SERVICE AREA	Acton, Arlington, Bedford, Boxborough, Burlington, Carlisle, Concord, Harvard, Lexington, Lincoln, Littleton, Maynard, Stow, Wilmington, Winchester, Woburn
WEBSITE	http://www.minutemansenior.org

ASAP NAME	Mystic Valley Elder Services, Inc.
CALL	1-781-324-7705
WRITE	300 Commercial Street, Suite #19 Malden, MA 02148
SERVICE AREA	Chelsea, Everett, Malden, Medford, Melrose, North Reading, Reading, Revere, Stoneham, Wakefield, Winthrop
WEBSITE	http://www.mves.org

ASAP NAME	Old Colony Elder Services, Inc
CALL	1-508-584-1561
WRITE	144 Main St. Brockton, MA 02301
SERVICE AREA	Abington, Avon, Bridgewater, Brockton, Carver, Duxbury, East Bridgewater, Easton, Halifax, Hanover, Hanson, Kingston, Lakeville, Marshfield, Middleborough, Pembroke, Plymouth, Plympton, Rockland, Stoughton, Wareham, West Bridgewater, Whitman
WEBSITE	https://www.ocesma.org

ASAP NAME	SeniorCare, Inc.
CALL	1-978-281-1750

WRITE	49 Blackburn Center Gloucester, MA 01930
SERVICE AREA	Beverly, Essex, Gloucester, Hamilton, Ipswich, Manchester-by-the-Sea, Rockport, Topsfield, Wenham
WEBSITE	https://seniorcareinc.org

ASAP NAME	Somerville/Cambridge Elder Services, Inc.
CALL	1-617-628-2601
WRITE	61 Medford Street Somerville, MA 02143
SERVICE AREA	Cambridge, Somerville
WEBSITE	https://eldercare.org

ASAP NAME	South Shore Elder Services, Inc.	
CALL	1-781-848-3910	
WRITE	350 Granite Street, Suite 2303 Braintree, MA 02184	
SERVICE AREA	Braintree, Cohasset, Hingham, Holbrook, Hull, Milton, Norwell, Quincy, Randolph, Scituate, Weymouth	
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Chapter 3: Using our plan's coverage for your health care and other covered services

Introduction

This chapter has specific terms and rules you need to know to get health care and other covered services with our plan. It also tells you about your care coordinator, how to get care from different kinds of providers and under certain special circumstances (including from out-of-network providers or pharmacies), what to do if you're billed directly for services we cover, and the rules for owning Durable Medical Equipment (DME). Key terms and their definitions appear in alphabetical order in the last chapter of this *Member Handbook*.

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A. Information about services and providers

Services are health care, long-term services and supports (LTSS), supplies, behavioral health services, prescription and over-the-counter drugs, equipment and other services. **Covered services** are any of these services that our plan pays for. Covered health care, behavioral health, and LTSS are in **Chapter 4** of this *Member Handbook*. Your covered services for prescription and over-the-counter drugs are in **Chapter 5** of this *Member Handbook*.

Providers are doctors, nurses, and other people who give you services and care and are licensed by the state. Providers also include hospitals, home health agencies, clinics, and other places that give you health care services, behavioral health services, medical equipment, and certain LTSS.

Network providers are providers who work with our plan. These providers agree to accept our payment as full payment. Network providers bill us directly for care they give you. When you use a network provider, you usually pay nothing for covered services.

B. Rules for getting services our plan covers

Our plan covers all services covered by Medicare and MassHealth (Medicaid). This includes behavioral health, LTSS, and prescription and over-the-counter (OTC) drugs.

Our plan will pay for health care services, behavioral health services, and LTSS you get when you follow our rules. To be covered by our plan:

- The care you get must be included in our Medical Benefits Chart in Chapter 4 of this Member Handbook.
- The care must be medically necessary. By medically necessary, we mean that the services are reasonable and necessary:
 - For the diagnoses and treatment of your illness or injury; or
 - To improve the functioning of a malformed body part; or
 - Otherwise medically necessary under Medicare law
- In accordance with MassHealth (Medicaid) law and regulation and per MassHealth (Medicaid), services are medically necessary if:
 - They could be reasonably calculated to prevent, diagnose, prevent the worsening of, alleviate, correct, or cure conditions that endanger your life, cause you suffering or pain, cause physical deformity or malfunction, threaten to cause or to aggravate a disability, or result in illness or infirmity; and



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- There's no other medical service or place of service that's available, works as well, and is suitable for you that's less expensive. The quality of medically necessary services must meet professionally recognized standards of health care, and medically necessary services must also be supported by records including evidence of such medical necessity and quality.
- If you have questions about if a service is medically necessary or not, you can contact Member Services at 1-888-816-6000 (TTY 711), 8AM to 8PM EST Mon-Sun (Oct 1 – Mar 31) and 8AM to 8PM EST Mon-Fri (Apr 1 – Sep 30). This call is free.
- For medical services, you must have a network primary care provider (PCP) providing
 and overseeing your care. As a plan member, you must choose a network provider to be
 your PCP (for more information, go to Section D1 of this chapter).
 - In most cases, our plan must give you approval before you can use a provider that isn't your PCP or use other providers in our plan's network. This is called a **prior** authorization. If you don't get approval, we may not cover the services.
 - You don't need referrals or prior authorization from your PCP for emergency care or urgently needed care or to use a woman's health provider. You can get other kinds of care without having a referral or prior authorization from your PCP (for more information, go to **Section D1** in this chapter).
- You must get your care from network providers (for more information, go to Section D in this chapter). Usually, we won't cover care from a provider who doesn't work with our health plan. This means that you may have to pay the provider in full for services you get. Here are some cases when this rule doesn't apply:
 - We cover emergency or urgently needed care from an out-of-network provider (for more information, go to **Section I** in this chapter).
 - o If you need care that our plan covers and our network providers can't give it to you, you can get care from an out-of-network provider. You must obtain an approval, called a prior authorization, from Mass General Brigham SCO before you seek care from an out-of-network provider. In this situation, we cover the care at no cost to you. For information about getting approval to use an out-of-network provider, go to Section D4 in this chapter.
 - We cover kidney dialysis services when you're outside our plan's service area for a short time or when your provider is temporarily unavailable or not accessible. If possible, call Member Services at the number at the bottom of the page before you

leave the service area so we can help arrange for you to have maintenance dialysis while you're away.

C. Your care coordinator

C1. What a care coordinator is

When you become a member of Mass General Brigham SCO health plan a Care Coordinator will be assigned to you. A **care coordinator** is a trained person who works with the health plan. This person will be your main point of contact to help coordinate all of the services you may need between your provider/s, family members or caregivers, the health plan, and other members of your care team.

Care coordination ensures all the appropriate providers and people who are required to meet your needs work closely together and seamlessly, within the benefits of your plan.

Everyone who enrolls in a Senior Care Options (SCO) plan also has the right to have a Geriatric Support Services Coordinator (GSSC) on their care team.

A GSSC will work with you as a member of your SCO plan to find resources and services in your community that can support your wellness, independence, and recovery goals. These services are sometimes called long-term services and supports (LTSS). GSSCs may also be able to help you access behavioral health resources and services.

GSSCs don't work for SCO plans. They come from Aging Services Access Points (ASAPs) and are experts in areas like independent living, recovery, and aging. This means that they can work for you and help you advocate for your needs.

You can choose to have a GSSC work with you as a full member of your care team at any time. This is a free service for you.

C2. How you can contact your care coordinator

If you need to contact your care coordinator please call Member Services at 1-888-816-6000 (TTY 711) 8AM to 8PM EST Mon-Sun (Oct 1 – Mar 31) and 8AM to 8PM EST Mon-Fri (Apr 1 – Sep 30). This call is free.

C3. How you can change your care coordinator

Sometimes assigned care coordinators may not be the right fit for their members. If this happens you can request a change by calling Member Services at 1-888-816-6000 (TTY 711) 8AM to 8PM EST Mon-Sun (Oct 1 – Mar 31) and 8AM to 8PM EST Mon-Fri (Apr 1 – Sep 30). This call is free.

D. Care from providers

D1. Care from a primary care provider (PCP)

You must choose a PCP to provide and manage your care. If you need assistance with selecting a PCP, Member Services or your care coordinator can assist you.

Definition of a PCP and what a PCP does do for you

A PCP is your main provider who manages your care. Your PCP is the provider you use first for regular routine care and for most of your health problems. A PCP can be a licensed physician, a nurse practitioner, or a physician assistant. A women's health specialist, including your gynecologist, may be your PCP if the specialist meets the state requirements and is trained to provide comprehensive general medicine.

Your PCP is responsible for coordinating your care, as part of your care team. They will work closely with your care coordinator. Some services require prior authorization before you can receive them or if you need to see a provider out of network. Your PCP knows how to work with Mass General Brigham SCO health plan to submit requests on your behalf for approval when the services and/or providers are necessary and required. Our plan does not require referrals from your PCP for you to seek care.

Your choice of PCP

Every member of Mass General Brigham SCO health plan is required to have an in-network PCP. Within your first 90 days we will work with you to choose an in-network PCP if you do not already have one. If you do not identify or select a PCP within your first 90 days of enrollment, we will assign an in-network PCP to you. You can call Member Services for more information or assistance in choosing a PCP at the number found on the bottom of the page.

Option to change your PCP

You can change your PCP for any reason, at any time. It's also possible that your PCP may leave our plan's network. If your PCP leaves our network, we can help you find a new PCP in our network. Changes to your PCP assignment will take effect on the first day of the month from the date of the request.

If your PCP leaves our network or is planning to leave our network, we will let you know by mail or phone. Your Care coordinator or our Member Services will help you find and choose another PCP. For



information on finding a new PCP or help on choosing a new PCP please call our Member Services at number listed on the bottom of the page.

D2. Care from specialists and other network providers

A specialist is a doctor who provides health care for a specific disease or part of the body. There are many kinds of specialists, such as:

- Oncologists care for patients with cancer.
- Cardiologists care for patients with heart problems.
- Orthopedists care for patients with bone, joint, or muscle problems.

As a member of Mass General Brigham SCO you are not required to obtain a prior authorization from your PCP in order to see a specialist, though it is a good idea for you to keep your PCP informed and aware of the care you are getting from specialists so that the PCP is able to help assist if needed. Your PCP selection will not impact what specialists you are able to see.

For some services, your PCP or other contracted providers may need to get approval in advance from our plan. (This is called getting "prior authorization." Services that require prior authorization are marked in italics in the Medical Benefits Chart in Chapter 4). You may also call Member Services at the number at the bottom of this page. Your PCP or other contracted providers are responsible for requesting approval before rendering the services.

D3. When a provider leaves our plan

A network provider you use may leave our plan. If one of your providers leaves our plan, you have these rights and protections that are summarized below:

- Even if our network of providers change during the year, we must give you uninterrupted access to qualified providers.
- We'll notify you that your provider is leaving our plan so that you have time to select a new provider.
 - If your primary care or behavioral health provider leaves our plan, we'll notify you if you visited that provider within the past three years.
 - o If any of your other providers leave our plan, we'll notify you if you're assigned to the provider, currently get care from them, or visited them within the past three months.
- We help you select a new qualified in-network provider to continue managing your health care needs.



- If you're currently undergoing medical treatment or therapies with your current provider, you have the right to ask to continue getting medically necessary treatment or therapies. We'll work with you so you can continue to get care.
- We'll give you information about available enrollment periods and options you may have for changing plans.
- If we can't find a qualified network specialist accessible to you, we must arrange an out-of-network specialist to provide your care when an in-network provider or benefit is unavailable or inadequate to meet your medical needs. The care you receive from an out-of-network provider must receive prior authorization by Mass General Brigham SCO before you seek care.
- If you find out one of your providers is leaving our plan, contact us. We can help you choose a new provider to manage your care.
- If you think we haven't replaced your previous provider with a qualified provider or that we aren't managing your care well, you have the right to file a quality of care complaint to the Quality Improvement Organization (QIO), a quality of care grievance, or both. (Refer to **Chapter 9** for more information.)

D4. Out-of-network providers

You must receive your care from an in-network provider. If you need to see an out-of-network provider we must approve this through prior authorization before the provider renders services to you. Your provider knows how to ask us for this approval. There are a few exceptions where you can receive out-of-network care without prior authorization:

- We cover emergency and urgent care from out-of-network providers.
- We cover care you are receiving when you are in the 90-day continuity of care period at the beginning of your enrollment with our plan.

If you use an out-of-network provider, the provider must be eligible to participate in Medicare and/or MassHealth (Medicaid).

- We can't pay a provider who isn't eligible to participate in Medicare and/or MassHealth (Medicaid).
- If you use a provider who isn't eligible to participate in Medicare, you must pay the full cost of the services you get.
- Providers must tell you if they aren't eligible to participate in Medicare.



E. Long-term services and supports (LTSS)

As a SCO member, Long-term Services and Supports (LTSS) are services available to you and help you continue to live independently in your home and in the community. Long-term services and supports are for people who need help doing everyday tasks like taking a bath, getting dressed, making food, and taking medicine. A Geriatric Support Services Coordinator (GSSC) will be assigned to you to support the identification and rendering of LTSS. The GSSC will work closely with your care coordinator and care team to ensure you get the care you need.

GSSC don't work for SCO plans. They come from Agins Service Access Points (ASAPs) and helps older adults and individuals with disabilities access services to live safely and independently in the community. This means that they can work for you and help you advocate for your needs.

F. Behavioral health (behavioral health and substance use disorder) services

Behavioral health services are a wide range of services that support your behavioral health and substance use disorder needs. Your Care Coordinator, PCP, Care Team, or GSSC can help you in accessing behavioral health services. Mass General Brigham Health Plan works with Optum Behavioral Health to offer Behavioral Health (behavioral health and substance use disorder) services. Some examples of Behavioral Health services are counseling and inpatient psychiatric treatment. Your Covered Services List has a full list of covered Behavioral Health services.

You can choose any provider in the Mass General Brigham Health Plan Optum network. You can change your Behavioral Health provider for any reason, at any time.

You can find a Behavioral Health provider in Mass General Brigham Health Plan provider directory on MassGeneralBrighamHealthPlan.org. Your Care coordinator, PCP, or other member of your care team can also help you find a provider or make an appointment.

G. How to get self-directed care

G1. What self-directed care is

Self-directed care is a type of care available to you, which recognizes that you know your needs best and gives you more direct control over meeting your needs through the hiring of a personal care attendant (PCA). PCA services support your daily living activities and help you to remain independent and in the community. You do not pay any additional cost to be in the self-directed care program and to employ a PCA.

G2. Who can get self-directed care

The self-directed care program supports members with disabilities and living independently, or who have special health care needs. Individuals who meet certain functional and clinical eligibility criteria for personal care services may choose to use the PCA program to meet these needs. Your care coordinator and care team will work with you to help you decide if these services and programs are right for you. It can be part of your Individualized Care Plan (ICP). Your Care Coordinator can help you access personal care management (PCM) agencies to help find the care you need The amount of services you are eligible for will be approved by your Care Team and consistent with MassHealth (Medicaid) standards.

G3. How to get help in employing personal care providers (if applicable)

Ask your care coordinator of your care team to help you access resources that support PCAs. They can assist you in accessing personal care management agencies that support employment skills education and training. These agencies will help you gain the knowledge to best support your management of a PCA to help meet your individualized needs.

G4. How to request that a copy of all written notices be sent to Care Team participants the member identifies

Please call Member Services for more information at the number listed at the bottom of the page.

H. Transportation services

As a Mass General Brigham SCO member, you have a benefit to access emergent medical, non-emergent medical and non-emergent non-medical transportation services. Access to this transportation supports visits to your medical appointments, as well as trips to community services and activities that support your individualized care plan (ICP) goals, and continued independence in the community (Ex: grocery stores, pharmacies, etc.). Your care team will make sure that your transportation needs are captured in your individualized care plan and your care coordinator can help you in accessing these services. Additional information on **Transportation Services** can be found in **Chapter 4**. NOTE: Non-emergent non-medical trips are limited to 50 miles from pick up to destination.

I. Dental and Vision services

11. Dental services

Our plan provides preventive and comprehensive dental services through our partner DentaQuest. You must utilize a participating DentaQuest provider for dental services to be covered. Covered dental services are covered and can be found in Dental Services in Chapter 4 of this *Member Handbook*. Prior authorization may be required for some services. For more information on your dental benefits please

call Member Services at 1-888-816-6000 (TTY 711) 8AM to 8PM EST Mon-Sun (Oct 1 – Mar 31) and 8AM to 8PM EST Mon-Fri (Apr 1 – Sep 30).

To find a participating DentaQuest provider, visit https://mgbadvantage.org/sco and then click on the "members" section.

12. Vision services

Our plan covers routine and preventative eye care from an ophthalmologist or optometrist through our partner EyeMed. You must utilize a participating EyeMed provider for vision services to be covered.

We cover an eye exam and eyewear once every 12 months. The plan covers a yearly allowance of \$200 to use towards eyewear and lenses. Please refer to Vision Services in Chapter 4 of this *Member Handbook* for more details.

To find a participating EyeMed provider, visit https://mgbadvantage.org/sco and then click on the "members" section. For more information on your vision benefits please call Member Services at 1-888-816-6000 (TTY 711), 8AM to 8PM EST Mon-Sun (Oct 1 – Mar 31) and 8AM to 8PM EST Mon-Fri (Apr 1 – Sep 30).

J. Covered services in a medical emergency, when urgently needed, or during a disaster

J1. Care in a medical emergency

A medical emergency is a medical condition with symptoms such as illness, severe pain, serious injury, or a medical condition that's quickly getting worse. The condition is so serious that, if it doesn't get immediate medical attention, you or anyone with an average knowledge of health and medicine could expect it to result in:

- serious risk to your life; or
- loss of or serious harm to bodily functions; or
- loss of a limb or function of a limb; or

If you have a medical emergency:

• **Get help as fast as possible.** Call 911 or use the nearest emergency room or hospital. Call for an ambulance if you need it. You **don't** need approval or a referral from your PCP. You don't need to use a network provider. You can get covered emergency medical care whenever you need it, anywhere in the U.S. or its territories, from any provider with an appropriate state license even if they're not part of our network.



As soon as possible, tell our plan about your emergency. We follow up on your emergency care. You or someone else should call to tell us about your emergency care, usually within 48 hours. However, you won't pay for emergency services if you delay telling us. After an emergency call Member Services at 1-888-816-6000 (TTY 711) 8AM to 8PM EST Mon-Sun (Oct 1 – Mar 31) and 8AM to 8PM EST Mon-Fri (Apr 1 – Sep 30). You can find our contact information on the back of your Member ID Card.

Covered services in a medical emergency

Our plan covers your emergency care whenever you need it, anywhere in the United States or its territories. Neither our plan nor Medicare covers emergency care and services that you get outside of the United State and its territories.

Our plan covers ambulance services in situations where getting to the emergency room in any other way could endanger your health. We also cover medical services during the emergency. To learn more, refer to the Benefits Chart in **Chapter 4** of this *Member Handbook*.

The providers who give you emergency care decide when your condition is stable and the medical emergency is over. They'll continue to treat you and will contact us to make plans if you need follow-up care to get better.

Our plan covers your follow-up care. If you get your emergency care from out-of-network providers, we'll try to get network providers to take over your care as soon as possible.

What to do if you have a behavioral health emergency

If you are in a behavioral health emergency, call 911 or go to the nearest hospital emergency room. You can also contact the Community Behavioral Health Center (CBHC) in your area. The CBHC will help decide if you need to go to a hospital or may recommend other Behavioral Health services. More information on CBHC services can be found here https://www.mass.gov/community-behavioral-health-centers.

You can also contact the Massachusetts Behavioral Health help line at 1-833-773-2445 and URL for website at www.masshelpline.com.

Getting emergency care if it wasn't an emergency

Sometimes it can be hard to know if you have a medical or behavioral health emergency. You may go in for emergency care and the doctor says it wasn't really an emergency. As long as you reasonably thought your health was in serious danger, we cover your care.

However, after the doctor says it wasn't an emergency, we cover your additional care only if:

You use a network provider or



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 The additional care you get is considered "urgently needed care" and you follow the rules for getting it. Refer to the next section.

J2. Urgently needed care

Urgently needed care is care you get for a situation that isn't an emergency but needs care right away. For example, you might have a flare-up of an existing condition or an unforeseen illness or injury.

Urgently needed care in our plan's service area

In most cases, we cover urgently needed care only if:

- You get this care from a network provider and
- You follow the rules described in this chapter.

If it isn't possible or reasonable to get to a network provider, given your time, place or circumstances we cover urgently needed care you get from an out-of-network provider.

There are several ways that you can access urgently needed services. Consider the following options if you believe you need urgent care:

- 1. Call your PCP or your behavioral health provider. Your provider will triage your concerns and advise on next steps.
- 2. Go to an urgent care center near your home. Some centers allow for walk-in visits. If you need help finding an urgent care center please call Member Services at the number at the bottom of the page.
- 3. Call our Nurse Advice Line at 1-833-511-3252. It is available to you 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.
- 4. Talk to your care team. Your care team is there to help you with your health needs.

Urgently needed care outside our plan's service area

When you're outside our plan's service area, you may not be able to get care from a network provider. In that case, our plan covers urgently needed care you get from any provider. However, medically necessary routine provider visits, such as annual checkups, aren't considered urgently needed even if you're outside our plan's service area or our plan network is temporarily unavailable.

Our plan doesn't cover urgently needed care or any other care that you get outside the United States and its territories.

J3. Care during a disaster

If the governor of Massachusetts, the U.S. Secretary of Health and Human Services, or the president of the United States declares a disaster or state of emergency in your geographic area, you're still entitled to care from our plan.

Visit our website for information on how to get care you need during a declared disaster or state of emergency: https://mgbadvantage.org/sco.

During a declared disaster or state of emergency, if you can't use a network provider, you can get care from out-of-network providers at no cost to you. If you can't use a network pharmacy during a declared disaster or state of emergency, you can fill your drugs at an out-of-network pharmacy. Refer to **Chapter 5** of this *Member Handbook* for more information.

K. What if you're billed directly for covered services. Please note, eligible members are not responsible for a cost to covered services

If you paid for your covered services or if you got a bill for covered medical services, refer to **Chapter 7** of this *Member Handbook* to find out what to do.

You shouldn't pay the bill yourself. If you do, we may not be able to pay you back.

K1. What to do if our plan doesn't cover services

Our plan covers all services:

- that are determined medically necessary, and
- that are listed in our plan's Benefits Chart (refer to Chapter 4 of this Member Handbook), and
- that you get by following plan rules.

If you get services that our plan doesn't cover, you pay the full cost yourself.

If you want to know if we cover any medical service or care, you have the right to ask us. You also have the right to ask for this in writing. If we say we won't cover your services, you have the right to appeal our decision.

Chapter 9 of this *Member Handbook* explains what to do if you want us to cover a medical service or item. It also tells you how to appeal our coverage decision. Call Member Services to learn more about your appeal rights.

We cover some services up to a certain limit. If you go over the limit, you pay the full cost to get more of that type of service. Refer to **Chapter 4** for specific benefit limits. Call Member Services to find out what the benefit limits are and how much of your benefits you've used.

L. Coverage of health care services in a clinical research study

L1. Definition of a clinical research study

A clinical research study (also called a clinical trial) is a way doctors test new types of health care or drugs. A clinical research study approved by Medicare typically asks for volunteers to be in the study. When you're in a clinical research study, you can stay enrolled in our plan and continue to get the rest of your care (care that's not related to the study) through our plan.

If you want to take part in any Medicare-approved clinical research study, you **don't** need to tell us or get approval from us or your primary care provider. Providers that give you care as part of the study **don't** need to be network providers. This doesn't apply to covered benefits that require a clinical trial or registry to assess the benefit, including certain benefits requiring coverage with evidence development (NCDs-CED) and investigational device exemption (IDE) studies. These benefits may also be subject to prior authorization and other plan rules.

We encourage you to tell us before you take part in a clinical research study.

If you plan to be in a clinical research study, covered for enrollees by Original Medicare, we encourage you or your care coordinator to contact Member Services to let us know you'll take part in a clinical trial.

L2. Payment for services when you're in a clinical research study

If you volunteer for a clinical research study that Medicare approves, you pay nothing for the services covered under the study. Medicare pays for services covered under the study as well as routine costs associated with your care. Once you join a Medicare-approved clinical research study, you're covered for most services and items you get as part of the study. This includes:

- room and board for a hospital stay that Medicare would pay for even if you weren't in a study,
- an operation or other medical procedure that's part of the research study,
- treatment of any side effects and complications of the new care,

If you're part of a study that Medicare hasn't approved, you pay any costs for being in the study.

L3. More about clinical research studies

You can learn more about joining a clinical research study by reading "Medicare & Clinical Research Studies" on the Medicare website (<a href="www.medicare.gov/sites/default/files/2019-09/02226-medicare-and-default/files/2019-09/0222-and-default/files/2019-09/022-and-default/files/2019-09/02-and-default/files/2019-09/02-an



If you have questions, please call Mass General Brigham SCO at 1-888-816-6000 (TTY 711), 8AM to 8PM EST Mon-Sun (Oct 1 – Mar 31) and 8AM to 8PM EST Mon-Fri (Apr 1 – Sep 30). The call is free. **For more information**, visit https://mgbadvantage.org/sco.

<u>clinical-research-studies.pdf</u>). You can also call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users call 1-877-486-2048.

M. How your health care services are covered in a religious non-medical health care institution

M1. Definition of a religious non-medical health care institution

A religious non-medical health care institution is a place that provides care you would normally get in a hospital or skilled nursing facility. If getting care in a hospital or a skilled nursing facility is against your religious beliefs, we cover care in a religious non-medical health care institution.

This benefit is only for Medicare Part A inpatient services (non-medical health care services).

M2. Care from a religious non-medical health care institution

To get care from a religious non-medical health care institution, you must sign a legal document that says you're against getting medical treatment that's "non-excepted."

- "Non-excepted" medical treatment is any care or treatment that's voluntary and not required by any federal, state, or local law.
- "Excepted" medical treatment is any care or treatment that's not voluntary and is required under federal, state, or local law.

To be covered by our plan, the care you get from a religious non-medical health care institution must meet the following conditions:

- The facility providing the care must be certified by Medicare.
- Our plan only covers non-religious aspects of care.
- If you get services from this institution provided to you in a facility:
 - You must have a medical condition that would allow you to get covered services for inpatient hospital care or skilled nursing facility care.
 - You must get approval from us before you're admitted to the facility, or your stay won't be covered.

There are no day limitations to this benefit. See Chapter 4, Section D for more information.

N. Durable medical equipment (DME)

N1. DME as a member of our plan

DME includes certain medically necessary items ordered by a provider, such as wheelchairs, crutches, powered mattress systems, diabetic supplies, hospital beds ordered by a provider for use in the home, intravenous (IV) infusion pumps, speech generating devices, oxygen equipment and supplies, nebulizers, and walkers.

You always own some DME items, such as prosthetics.

Other types of DME you must rent. As a member of our plan, you usually **won't** own the rented DME items, no matter how long you rent it.

In some limited situations, we transfer ownership of the DME item to you. Call Member Services at the phone number at the bottom of the page for more information.

Even if you had DME for up to 12 months in a row under Medicare before you joined our plan, you won't own the equipment.

N2. DME ownership if you switch to Original Medicare

In the Original Medicare program, people who rent certain types of DME own it after 13 months. In a Medicare Advantage (MA) plan, the plan can set the number of months people must rent certain types of DME before they own it.

You'll have to make 13 payments in a row under Original Medicare, or you'll have to make the number of payments in a row set by the MA plan, to own the DME item if:

- you didn't become the owner of the DME item while you were in our plan, and
- you leave our plan and get your Medicare benefits outside of any health plan in the Original Medicare program or an MA plan.

If you made payments for the DME item under Original Medicare or an MA plan before you joined our plan, those Original Medicare or MA plan payments don't count toward the payments you need to make after leaving our plan.

- You'll have to make 13 new payments in a row under Original Medicare or a number of new payments in a row set by the MA plan to own the DME item.
- There are no exceptions to this when you return to Original Medicare or an MA plan.

N3. Oxygen equipment benefits as a member of our plan

If you qualify for oxygen equipment covered by Medicare we cover:

- rental of oxygen equipment
- delivery of oxygen and oxygen contents
- tubing and related accessories for the delivery of oxygen and oxygen contents
- maintenance and repairs of oxygen equipment

Oxygen equipment must be returned when it's no longer medically necessary for you or if you leave our plan.

N4. Oxygen equipment when you switch to Original Medicare or another Medicare Advantage (MA) plan

When oxygen equipment is medically necessary and **you leave our plan and switch to Original Medicare**, you rent it from a supplier for 36 months. Your monthly rental payments cover the oxygen equipment and the supplies and services listed above.

If oxygen equipment is medically necessary **after you rent it for 36 months**, your supplier must provide:

- oxygen equipment, supplies, and services for another 24 months
- oxygen equipment and supplies for up to 5 years if medically necessary

If oxygen equipment is still medically necessary at the end of the 5-year period:

- Your supplier no longer has to provide it, and you may choose to get replacement equipment from any supplier.
- A new 5-year period begins.
- You rent from a supplier for 36 months.
- Your supplier then provides the oxygen equipment, supplies, and services for another 24 months.
- A new cycle begins every 5 years as long as oxygen equipment is medically necessary.

When oxygen equipment is medically necessary and **you leave our plan and switch to another MA plan**, the plan will cover at least what Original Medicare covers. You can ask your new MA plan what oxygen equipment and supplies it covers and what your costs will be.



Chapter 4: Benefits chart

Introduction

This chapter tells you about the services our plan covers and any restrictions or limits on those services. It also tells you about benefits not covered under our plan. Key terms and their definitions appear in alphabetical order in the last chapter of this Member Handbook.

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A. Your covered services

This chapter tells you about services our plan covers. You can also learn about services that aren't covered. Information about drug benefits is in **Chapter 5** of this *Member Handbook*. This chapter also explains limits on some services.

Because you get help from MassHealth (Medicaid), you pay nothing for your covered services as long as you follow our plan's rules. Refer to **Chapter 3** of this *Member Handbook* for details about our plan's rules.

If you need help understanding what services are covered, call your care coordinator and/or Member Services at 1-888-816-6000 (TTY 711), 8AM to 8PM EST Mon-Sun (Oct 1 – Mar 31) and 8AM to 8PM EST Mon-Fri (Apr 1 – Sep 30).

B. Rules against providers charging you for services

We don't allow our providers to bill you for in network covered services. We pay our providers directly, and we protect you from any charges. This is true even if we pay the provider less than the provider charges for a service.

You should never get a bill from a provider for covered services. If you do, refer to Chapter 7 of this *Member Handbook* or call Member Services.

C. About our plan's Benefits Chart

The Benefits Chart tells you the services our plan pays for. It lists covered services in alphabetical order and explains them.

We cover the services listed in the Benefits Chart when the following rules are met. You don't pay anything for the services listed in the Benefits Chart, as long as you meet the requirements described below.

- We provide covered Medicare and MassHealth (Medicaid) covered services according to the rules set by Medicare and MassHealth (Medicaid).
- The services including medical care, behavioral health and substance use disorder services, long-term services and supports, medical supplies, durable medical equipment, and drugs must be "medically necessary." Medically necessary describes services that are reasonable and necessary:
 - For the diagnosis and treatment of your illness or injury; or
 - To improve the functioning of a malformed body member; or
 - Otherwise medically necessary under Medicare law.



- In accordance with MassHealth (Medicaid) law and regulation, and per MassHealth (Medicaid), services are medically necessary if:
 - They could be reasonably calculated to prevent, diagnose, prevent the worsening of, alleviate, correct, or cure conditions that endanger your life, cause you suffering or pain, cause physical deformity or malfunction, threaten to cause or to aggravate a disability, or result in illness or infirmity; and
 - There is no other medical service or place of service that is available, works as well, and is suitable for you that is less expensive.
- The quality of medically necessary services must meet professionally recognized standards of health care, and medically necessary services must also be supported by records including evidence of such medical necessity and quality.
- For new enrollees, for the first 90 days we may not require you to get approval in advance for any active course of treatment, even if the course of treatment was for a service that began with an out-of-network provider.
- You get your care from a network provider. A network provider is a provider who
 works with MGBHP. In most cases, care you get from an out-of-network provider
 won't be covered unless it's an emergency or urgently needed care, or unless
 your plan or a network provider gave you a referral. Chapter 3 of this Member
 Handbook has more information about using network and out-of-network
 providers.
- You have a primary care provider (PCP) or a care team providing and managing your care.
- We cover some services listed in the Benefits Chart only if your doctor or other network provider gets our approval first. This is called prior authorization (PA).
 We mark covered services in the Benefits Chart that need PA in bold type.
- If your plan provides approval of a PA request for a course of treatment, the
 approval must be valid for as long as medically reasonable and necessary to
 avoid disruptions in care based on coverage criteria, your medical history, and
 the treating provider's recommendations.
- Some of the services in the Benefits Charts are covered only if you and your Care Team decide that they are right for you and they are documented in your Individualized Care Plan (ICP).
- Some service categories in the Benefit Chart include many types of procedures, visits, and/or services. We will indicate a service category may require prior authorization if not all procedures, visits, and/or services within that category require prior authorization. Call Member Services at 1-888-816-6000 (TTY 711)



- to determine if your specific procedure, visit, and/or service requires prior authorization when you see **Prior Authorization may be required**.
- If you are within our plan's 30-day period of deemed continued eligibility, we will
 continue to provide all Medicare Advantage and MassHealth (Medicaid) plancovered benefits. During this time, we will assist your efforts to regain your
 Medicaid eligibility. If you regain MassHealth (Medicaid) eligibility after we
 disenroll you from our plan you will need to reach out to reenroll with us.

All preventive services are free. This apple shows the preventive services in the Benefits Chart.

D. Our plan's Benefits Chart

Covered Service		What you pay
*	Abdominal aortic aneurysm screening We cover a one-time ultrasound screening for people at risk. Our plan only covers this screening if you have certain risk factors and if you get an order for it from your physician, physician assistant, nurse practitioner, or clinical nurse specialist.	\$0 Prior authorization is not required for services provided by an in-network provider
	Abortion services Abortion services are covered under your MassHealth (Medicaid) state benefit.	\$0 Prior authorization is not required for services provided by an in-network provider
	Acupuncture We cover for acupuncture services: • To treat pain; • As part of SUD treatment; and • for related evaluation and treatment planning office visits. We require prior approval after 20 acupuncture treatments in each year for pain or SUD treatment. Your provider may also change or stop your treatment plan if you're not getting better after the first 4 treatments. For chronic low back pain, we pay for up to 12 acupuncture visits in 90 days. Chronic low back pain is defined as: • lasting 12 weeks or longer; • not specific (having no systemic cause that can be identified, such as not associated with metastatic, inflammatory, or infectious disease); • not associated with surgery; and	Prior authorization is not required for 20 visits when service is provided by an innetwork provider. Prior authorization is required after 20 visits
	This benefit is continued on the next page	

Covered Service	What you pay
Acupuncture (continued) • not associated with pregnancy.	
We will also pay for an additional eight sessions of acupuncture for chronic low back pain if you show improvement in the first 12 visits.	
Acupuncture treatments must be stopped if you don't get better or if you get worse.	
Provider Requirements:	
Physicians (as defined in 1861(r)(1) of the Social Security Act (the Act)) may furnish acupuncture in accordance with applicable state requirements.	
Physician assistants (PAs), nurse practitioners (NPs)/clinical nurse specialists (CNSs) (as identified in 1861(aa) (5) of the Act), and auxiliary personnel may furnish acupuncture if they meet all applicable state requirements and have:	
 a master's or doctoral level degree in acupuncture or Oriental Medicine from a school accredited by the Accreditation Commission on Acupuncture and Oriental Medicine (ACAOM); and, 	
 a current, full, active, and unrestricted license to practice acupuncture in a State, Territory, or Commonwealth (i.e., Puerto Rico) of the United States, or District of Columbia. 	
Auxiliary personnel furnishing acupuncture must be under the appropriate level of supervision of a physician, PA, or NP/CNS required by our regulations at 42 CFR §§ 410.26 and 410.27.	
Adult day health services The plan covers services from adult day health providers	\$0
at an organized program. These services may include the following:	Prior authorization is required.
nursing services and health oversight	
This benefit is continued on the next page	

Covered Service		What you pay
	Adult day health services (continued) • therapy	
	assistance with activities of daily living	
	nutritional and dietary services	
	counseling services	
	• activities	
	case management	
	• transportation	
	Adult foster care services	\$0
	The plan covers services from adult foster care providers in a residential setting. These services may include the following:	Prior authorization is required.
	 assistance with activities of daily living, instrumental activities of daily living, and personal care 	
	• supervision	
	nursing oversight	
~	Alcohol misuse screening and counseling	\$0
	We cover alcohol-misuse screening.	Prior authorization is not
	If you screen positive for alcohol misuse, we cover counseling sessions with a qualified primary care provider (PCP) or practitioner in a primary care setting.	required for services provided by an in-network provider
	Ambulance services Covered ambulance services, whether for an emergency or non-emergency situation, include ground and air (airplane and helicopter), and ambulance services. The ambulance will take you to the nearest place that can give you care.	\$0 Prior authorization is not required for emergency ambulance services provided by an in-network or an out-of-network provider.
	Your condition must be serious enough that other ways of getting to a place of care could risk your health or life.	Prior authorization is required for non-emergency
	This benefit is continued on the next page	Medicare

Covered Service		What you pay
	Ambulance services (continued) Ambulance services for other cases (non-emergent) must be approved by us. In cases that aren't emergencies, we may pay for an ambulance. Your condition must be serious enough that other ways of getting to a place of care could risk your life or health. Emergency ambulance services are not covered outside the United States and its territories.	ambulance transportation.
	Annual physical The annual physical is a comprehensive in-person examination that is provided by a PCP, nurse practitioner, or physician assistant. The exam assesses your medical history and includes a thorough physical exam. This visit is distinct from the annual wellness visit.	\$0 Prior authorization is not required for services provided by an in-network provider.
*	Annual wellness visit You can get an annual checkup. This is to make or update a prevention plan based on your current risk factors. We cover this once every 12 months. Note: Your first annual wellness visit can't take place within 12 months of your Welcome to Medicare visit. However, you don't need to have had a Welcome to Medicare visit to get annual wellness visits after you've had Part B for 12 months.	\$0 Prior authorization is not required for services provided by an in-network provider.
	Audiologist services The plan covers audiologist (hearing) exams and evaluations.	\$0 Prior authorization is not required for services provided by an in-network provider.
~	Bone mass measurement We cover certain procedures for members who qualify (usually, someone at risk of losing bone mass or at risk of osteoporosis). These procedures identify bone mass, find This benefit is continued on the next page	\$0 Prior authorization is not required for services provided by an in-network provider

Covered Service		What you pay
	Bone mass measurement (continued) bone loss, or find out bone quality.	
	We cover the services once every 24 months, or more often if medically necessary. We also cover a doctor to look at and comment on the results.	
Č	Breast cancer screening (mammograms)	\$0
	We cover the following services:	Prior authorization is not
	 one screening mammogram every 12 months for women aged 40 and over 	required for services provided by an in-network provider
	clinical breast exams once every 24 months	
	Cardiac (heart) rehabilitation services	\$0
	We cover cardiac rehabilitation services such as exercise, education, and counseling. Members must meet certain conditions and have a doctor's order.	Prior authorization is not required for services provided by an in-network provider
	We also cover intensive cardiac rehabilitation programs, which are more intense than cardiac rehabilitation programs.	
Č	Cardiovascular (heart) disease risk-reduction visit (therapy for heart disease)	\$0
	We pay for one visit a year, or more if medically necessary, with your primary care provider (PCP) to help lower your risk for heart disease. During the visit, your doctor may:	Prior authorization is not required for services provided by an in-network provider
	discuss aspirin use,	
	• check your blood pressure, and/or	
	give you tips to make sure you're eating well.	
ě	Cardiovascular (heart) disease screening testing We pay for blood tests to check for cardiovascular disease once every five years (60 months). These blood tests also	\$0 Prior authorization is not
	This benefit is continued on the next page	required for services provided

Covered Service		What you pay
	Cardiovascular (heart) disease screening testing (continued) check for defects due to high risk of heart disease.	by an in-network provider
~	Cervical and vaginal cancer screening We pay for the following services: • for all women: Pap tests and pelvic exams once every 24 months • for women who are at high risk of cervical or vaginal cancer: one Pap test every 12 months	\$0 Prior authorization is not required for services provided by an in-network provider
	Chiropractic services We cover the following services: • adjustments of the spine to correct alignment, office visits, and radiology services. Additional Chiropractic Coverage Our plan covers chiropractic services under the MassHealth (Medicaid) benefit in addition to the Medicare covered services above.	\$0 Prior authorization is not required for 20 visits when service is provided by an innetwork provider. Prior authorization is required beyond 20 visits.
	Chronic pain management and treatment services Covered monthly services for people living with chronic pain (persistent or recurring pain lasting longer than 3 months). Services may include pain assessment, medication management, and care coordination and planning.	Cost sharing for this service will vary depending on individual services provided under the course of treatment. \$0. Prior authorization may be required
*	Colorectal cancer screening We cover the following services: • Colonoscopy has no minimum or maximum age limitation and is covered once every 120 months (10 years) for patients not at high risk, or 48 months after This benefit is continued on the next page	\$0 Prior authorization is not required for services provided by an in-network provider If your doctor finds and removes a polyp or other

What you pay **Covered Service** tissue during the colonoscopy **Colorectal cancer screening (continued)** or flexible sigmoidoscopy, the a previous flexible sigmoidoscopy for patients who screening exam becomes a aren't at high risk for colorectal cancer, and once diagnostic exam. every 24 months for high risk patients after a previous screening colonoscopy. Computed tomography colonography for patients 45 years and older who aren't at high risk of colorectal cancer is covered when at least 59 months have passed following the month in which the last screening computed tomography colonography was performed, or when 47 months have passed following the month in which the last screening flexible sigmoidoscopy or screening colonoscopy was performed. For patients at high risk for colorectal cancer, payment may be made for a screening computed tomography colonography performed after at least 23 months have passed following the month in which the last screening computed tomography colonography or the last screening colonoscopy was performed. Flexible sigmoidoscopy for patients 45 years and older. Once every 120 months for patients not at high risk after the patient got a screening colonoscopy. Once every 48 months for high risk patients from the last flexible sigmoidoscopy or computed tomography colonography Screening fecal-occult blood tests for patients 45 years and older. Once every 12 months. Multitarget stool DNA for patients 45 to 85 years of age and not meeting high risk criteria. Once every 3 years Blood-based Biomarker Tests for patients 45 to 85 years of age and not meeting high risk criteria. Once every 3 years. Colorectal cancer screening tests include a follow-on screening colonoscopy after a Medicare covered non-invasive stool-based colorectal cancer screening test returns a positive result.

This benefit is continued on the next page

Covered Service	What you pay
Colorectal cancer screening (continued) Colorectal cancer screening tests include a planned screening flexible sigmoidoscopy or screening colonoscopy that involves the removal of tissue or other matter, or other procedure furnished in connection with, as a result of, and in the same clinical encounter as the screening test.	
Community-based services	\$0
Including but not limited to the following: Chores Environmental accessibility adaptations Grocery shopping and delivery Home delivery meals Home health aide Homemaker Laundry Personal care services Personal Emergency Response System (PERS) Respite care Community based services are covered by the plan under the MassHealth (Medicaid) benefit.	Before you receive community-based services, you must first discuss these services with your plan care coordinator. Prior Authorization is required.
Community health center services The plan covers services from a community health center. Examples include the following: • office visits for primary care provider and specialists, • OB/GYN and prenatal care, This benefit is continued on the next page	\$0 Prior authorization is not required for services provided by an in-network provider

Covered Service	What you pay
Community health center services (continued) • pediatric services, including EPSDT,	
health education,	
medical social services,	
nutrition services, including diabetes self- management training and medical nutrition therapy,	
tobacco-cessation services,	
 vaccines not covered by the Massachusetts Department of Public Health (MDPH). 	
Companion services	\$0
Includes socialization, help with shopping and errands, escort to doctor's appointments, nutrition sites, walks, recreational activities, and assistance with preparation and serving of light snacks.	Prior authorization is required.
Continuous nursing services	\$0
Continuous, specialized skilled nursing services.	Prior authorization is
Community based services are covered by the plan under the MassHealth (Medicaid) benefit.	required.
Day habilitation services	\$0
The plan covers a program of services offered by day habilitation providers if you qualify because you have an intellectual or developmental disability. At this program, you develop a service plan that includes your goals and objectives and the activities to help you meet them. These services may include the following:	Prior authorization is required.
nursing services and health care supervision,	
developmental-skills training,	
therapy services,	
life skills/adult daily living training,	
This benefit is continued on the next page	

Covered Service	What you pay
Day habilitation services (continued) Day habilitation services are covered by the plan under the MassHealth (Medicaid) benefit.	
Dental services Certain dental services, including cleanings, fillings, and dentures, are available through the MassHealthDental Program.	\$0 Services must be provided by a DentaQuest Provider. For
We cover dental services when the service is an integral part of specific treatment of a person's primary medical condition. Examples include reconstruction of the jaw after a fracture or injury, tooth extractions done in preparation for radiation treatment for cancer involving the jaw, or oral exams prior to organ transplantation.	more information contact Member Services at: 1-888-816-6000. Prior authorization may be required.
Additionally, we cover the following routine dental services:	
Preventive/Diagnostic:	
Cleanings	
o 2 per calendar year	
• Exams	
2 periodic oral evaluation per calendar year	
 2 limited oral evaluation per calendar year 	
 1 comprehensive oral or periodontal evaluation per calendar year 	
Fluoride treatment	
o 1 per 90 days	
• X-rays	
This benefit is continued on the next page	

Cover	ed Service	What you pay
Dental services	(continued) 2 of (2-4) bitewing images per calendar year	
0	1 intraoral comprehensive series of radiographic images per 3 calendar years	
0	1 panoramic radiographic image per 3 calendar years	
0	Intraoral periapical 4 per day	
Restorative:		
• Filling	s	
0	1 per calendar year per tooth per surface	
• Crowi	ns	
0	1 per 60 months per tooth	
0	Re-cement or re-bond of crown-not covered within 6 months of placement	
Periodontics:		
Scalir	ng and root planning	
0	1 per 3 calendar years per quadrant	
• Gingi	vectomy or gingivoplasty	
0	1 per 3 calendar years per quadrant	
• Scalir	ng in the presence of generalized moderate	
This	benefit is continued on the next page	

	Covered Service	What you pay
	Dental services (continued) or severe inflammation-full mouth	
	o 2 per calendar year	
	Removable Prosthodontics:	
	 Complete and partial dentures-1 every 84 months 	
	Repairs -not allowed within 6 months of initial	
	 Relines-1 per 36 months 	
	Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery:	
	 Extractions (removal of teeth) 	
	 1 per tooth per lifetime 	
	 Alveoloplasty, 	
	 1 per 6 months per quadrant 	
	 Vestibuloplasty 	
	Adjunctive Services:	
	 Palliative treatment (emergency) 	
	 Consultations and house/extended care facility call, anesthesia 	
	A list of covered codes with frequency limits can be found on our website https://mgbadvantage.org/sco	
Č	Depression screening	\$0
	We cover one depression screening each year. The screening must be done in a primary care setting that can give follow-up treatment and/or referrals.	Prior authorization is not required for services provided by an in-network provider.
Č	Diabetes screening	\$0
	This benefit is continued on the next page	Prior authorization is not

	Covered Service	What you pay
	Diabetes screening (continued) We cover this screening (includes fasting glucose tests) if you have any of the following risk factors:	required for services provided by an in-network provider.
	high blood pressure (hypertension)	
	 history of abnormal cholesterol and triglyceride levels (dyslipidemia) 	
	• obesity	
	history of high blood sugar (glucose)	
	Tests may be covered in some other cases, such as if you're overweight and have a family history of diabetes.	
	You may qualify for up to two diabetes screenings every 12 months following the date of your most recent diabetes screening test.	
Č	Diabetic self-management training, services, and supplies	\$0
	We cover the following services for all people who have diabetes (whether they use insulin or not):	Prior authorization may be required.
	Supplies to monitor your blood glucose, including the following:	
	 ○ a blood glucose monitor, 	
	 blood glucose test strips, 	
	 lancet devices and lancets, 	
	 glucose-control solutions for checking the accuracy of test strips and monitors. 	
	 For people with diabetes who have severe diabetic foot disease, we cover the following: 	
	 one pair of therapeutic custom-molded shoes (including inserts), including the fitting, and two extra pairs of inserts each calendar year, or 	
	OI .	
	This benefit is continued on the next page	

Covered Service	What you pay
Diabetic self-management training, services, and supplies (continued) o one pair of depth shoes, including the fitting, and three pairs of inserts each year (not including the non-customized removable inserts provided with such shoes).	
 In some cases, we cover for training to help you manage your diabetes. To find out more, contact Member Services. 	
 Diabetic testing supplies including blood glucose monitors, blood glucose test strips, lancet devices, lancets, glucose control solutions, and Continuous Glucose Monitoring Systems (CGMs) are covered under the plan's medical benefit at participating retail or mailorder pharmacies. We cover: Accu-Chek and FreeStyle Test Strips (Quantity Limit: 300 test strips per 30 days) 	
 Accu-Chek and FreeStyle Meters 	
 Dexcom and FreeStyle Libre products that are considered Durable Medical Equipment (DME) by Medicare 	
Diabetes self-management training is covered by the plan under the MassHealth (Medicaid) benefit.	
Durable medical equipment (DME), and related medical supplies	\$0
Refer to Chapter 12 of this <i>Member Handbook</i> for a definition of "Durable medical equipment (DME)."	Prior authorization may be required.
We cover the following items:	
• wheelchairs,	
• crutches,	
powered mattress systems,	
diabetic supplies,	
This benefit is continued on the next page	

Covered Service	What you pay
Durable medical equipment (DME), and related medical supplies (continued) • hospital beds ordered by a provider for use in the home,	
• intravenous (IV) infusion pumps and pole,	
speech generating devices,	
oxygen equipment and supplies	
• nebulizers,	
• walkers,	
 standard curved handle or quad cane and replacement supplies, 	
cervical traction (over the door),	
bone stimulator,	
dialysis care equipment,	
Other DME items may be covered, including environmental aids or assistive/adaptive technology. The plan may also cover you learning how to use, modify, or repair your DME item. Your care team will work with you to decide if these other DME items and services are right for you and will be in your Individualized Care Plan (ICP).	
We cover all medically necessary DME that Medicare and MassHealth (Medicaid) usually pay for. If our supplier in your area doesn't carry a particular brand or maker, you may ask them if they can special order it for you. CareCentrix is our preferred supplier for sleep-related DME.	
Emergency care Emergency care means services that are:	\$0
 given by a provider trained to give emergency services, and 	If you get emergency care at an out-of-network hospital and need inpatient care after
needed to evaluate or treat a medical emergency.	your emergency is stabilized,
This benefit is continued on the next page	you must have your inpatient care at the out-of-network

Covered Service	What you pay
Emergency care (continued) A medical emergency is an illness, injury, severe pain, or medical condition that's quickly getting worse. The condition is so serious that, if it doesn't get immediate medical attention, anyone with an average knowledge of health and medicine could expect it to result in:	hospital authorized by the plan.
serious risk to your life; or	
serious harm to bodily functions; or	
loss of a limb, or loss of function of a limb.	
You are covered for emergency medical care whenever you need it, anywhere in the United States or its territories. This benefit does not cover world-wide emergency/urgent care.	
Family planning services The law lets you choose any provider – whether a network provider or out-of-network provider – for certain family planning services. This means any doctor, clinic, hospital, pharmacy or family planning office.	\$0 Prior authorization is not required for services provided by an in-network or
We cover the following services:	MassHealth (Medicaid) provider.
family planning exam and medical treatment,	Prior authorization is
family planning lab and diagnostic tests,	required for genetic testing.
family planning supplies with prescription (condom, sponge, foam, film, diaphragm, cap),	
counseling, testing, and treatment for sexually transmitted infections (STIs),	
counseling and testing for HIV and AIDS, and other HIV-related conditions,	
genetic counseling.	
We also pay for some other family planning services. However, you must use a provider in our provider network for the following services:	
treatment for medical conditions of infertility (This	
This benefit is continued on the next page	

Covered Service	What you pay
Family planning services (continued) service doesn't include artificial ways to become pregnant.) • treatment for AIDS and other HIV-related conditions • genetic testing Flex Card for Over-the Counter (OTC) items, personal care, home aids, more	You pay \$0 for eligible items up to \$250 each quarter. If
We offer a Flexible Benefit Mastercard®, preloaded with an allowance to use for your OTC benefit. You may use the \$250 quarterly allowance for your OTC benefit*.	the cost of eligible items exceeds the quarterly limitation, you are responsible
* Quarterly allowances do not carry over. Funds will expire if you disenroll from the plan. OTC eligible items are found within the OTC Catalog.	for the remainder of the cost. We will reimburse you based on your plan allowance for an
Amounts can cover the cost of cost of over-the-counter drugs and other health-related and non-prescription pharmacy products.	approved product where you had difficulties using your Flexible Benefit Card at an approved retailer. If
You can shop online at https://MGBFlexibleBenefits.org/ or you can shop at participating retailers using your Flex Card where Mastercard® is accepted for all eligible products found in the OTC Catalog. Call 1-855-345- 4759 (TTY 711) for help accessing this benefit or to understand which items are OTC eligible.	something occurred with your transaction of an approved product at an approved retailer and is consistent with your benefit as described in this evidence of coverage, please submit a completed reimbursement request form to Mass General Brigham Health Plan within the required timeframe associated with the benefit.
	Three ways to submit your reimbursement form:
	 Submit using online reimbursement form at Member.MGBH
This benefit is continued on the next page	P.org or on your Member Portal

Covered Service	What you pay
Flex Card for Over-the Counter (OTC) items, personal care, home aids, more (continued)	at: https://member. massgeneralbri ghamhealthplan .org/
	Mail completed form to: Mass General Brigham Health Plan Attention: SCO Claims 399 Revolution Drive Suite 875, Somerville MA 02145
	 Fax your request form to 1-617-526- 1905.
	Once reimbursement is validated, your funds from your card will be removed.
	Reimbursement requests must be received by Mass General Brigham Health Plan no later than March 31, 2027, for benefit year 2026. You will not get confirmation of your request. Please allow 30-45 days for processing.
Gender reassignment/affirmation	\$0
The plan covers gender reassignment services, which may include mastectomy, hysterectomy, or genital This benefit is continued on the next page	Prior authorization is required.

	Covered Service	What you pay
	Gender reassignment/affirmation (continued)	
	reconstructive surgery. Services and procedures that are considered cosmetic and reversal of gender reassignment surgery are not covered.	
	Geriatric Support Services Coordinator (GSSC)	\$0
	In-home assessment and home-based services coordination provided by a licensed social worker through an Aging Services Access Point (ASAP).	
	GSSC services covered by the plan under the MassHealth (Medicaid) benefit.	
	Group adult foster care	\$0
	The plan covers services provided by group adult foster care providers for members who qualify. These services are offered in a group-supported housing environment and may include the following:	Prior authorization is required.
	 assistance with activities of daily living, instrumental activities of daily living, and personal care, 	
	• supervision,	
	nursing oversight,	
	care management.	
~	Health and wellness programs This plan covers \$250 in a calendar year for a Fitness Benefit that covers activities, programs, and equipment to support your fitness.	Health and wellness programs allowance to help you stay healthy and maintain your physical wellbeing.
	Fitness Benefit:	Use your Flexible Benefit Card
	 Virtual/online fitness memberships, subscriptions, programs, or classes (e.g. WalkFit, Noom, BetterMe, and more) that provide cardiovascular and strength training using a digital platform. 	at eligible retailers where Mastercard® is accepted. Call 1-855-345-4759 (TTY 711) for assistance with eligible retailers.
	Health clubs with a variety of cardiovascular and	We will reimburse you based on your plan allowance for an
	This benefit is continued on the next page	approved product where you

Covered Service

Health and wellness programs (continued)

strength-training exercise equipment, e.g., traditional health clubs, YMCAs, YWCAs, and community fitness centers.

- Fitness classes at participating Councils on Aging (COA) facilities; fitness studios with instructor-led groups such as yoga, Pilates, Zumba®, kickboxing, CrossFit®, and indoor cycling/spinning and other exercise classes
- Home fitness equipment, such as weights, activity trackers, balls/stability devices (balls, boards, etc.), foam rollers, fitness stepper, foam balance pads, jump ropes, yoga mats with convenient home delivery by calling 1-855-345-4759 or online at mgbflexiblebenefits.org.
- Examples of items that are excluded from the Fitness Benefit are:
 - Sports equipment (e.g. golf clubs, pickle ball paddles, tennis rackets, etc.)
 - o Initiation fees at a country club or sports club
 - Fees for personal training
 - Fees for dance studios or martial arts schools
 - Used equipment

What you pay

had difficulties using your Flexible Benefit Card. If something occurred with your transaction at a point of service where Mastercard® is accepted and is consistent with your benefit as described in this Evidence of Coverage, please submit a completed reimbursement request form to Mass General Brigham Health Plan.

Three ways to submit your reimbursement form:

- Submit using online reimbursement form at <u>Member.MGBHP.org</u> or on your Member Portal at: https://member.massgeneralbrighamhealthplan.org/
- Mail completed form to: Mass General Brigham Health Plan Attention: SCO Claims 399 Revolution Drive Suite 875, Somerville MA 02145
- Fax your request form to 1-617-526-1905.

Once reimbursement is validated, your funds from your card will be removed.

Reimbursement requests must be received by Mass General Brigham Health Plan no later than March 31, 2027, for benefit year 2026.

This benefit is continued on the next page

	Covered Service	What you pay
	Health and wellness programs (continued)	You will not get confirmation of your request. Please allow 30-45 days for processing.
	Hearing services, including hearing aids	\$0
	We cover hearing and balance tests done by your provider. These tests tell you whether you need medical treatment. They're covered as outpatient care when you get them from a physician, audiologist, or other qualified provider.	Prior authorization for hearing aids is required.
	The plan also covers the following:	
	diagnostic hearing exams	
	routine hearing tests every calendar year	
	 providing and dispensing hearing aids, batteries, and accessories 	
	 instruction in the use, care, and management of hearing aids 	
	ear molds	
	ear impressions	
	loan of a hearing aid, when necessary	
	Hearing services, including hearing aids are covered by the plan under the MassHealth (Medicaid) benefit.	
~	HIV screening	\$0
	We cover one HIV screening exam every 12 months for people who:	Prior authorization is not required for services provided by an in-network provider.
	 ask for an HIV screening test, or 	
	are at increased risk for HIV infection.	
	Home health agency care Before you can get home health services, a doctor must	\$0 Prior authorization is
	This benefit is continued on the next page	required.

Covered Service	What you pay
Home health agency care (continued) tell us you need them, and they must be provided by a home health agency. You must be homebound, which means leaving home is a major effort.	
We cover the following services, and maybe other services not listed here:	
part-time or intermittent skilled nursing and home health aide services (To be covered under the home health care benefit, your skilled nursing and home health aide services combined must total fewer than 8 hours per day and 35 hours per week.)	
physical therapy, occupational therapy, and speech therapy	
medical and social services	
medical equipment and supplies	
Home health aide services	\$0
The plan covers services from a home health aide, under the supervision of a licensed RN or other professional, for members who qualify. Services may include the following:	Prior authorization is required.
simple dressing changes	
assistance with medications	
activities to support skilled therapies	
routine care of prosthetic and orthotic devices	
Home health aide services are covered by the plan under the MassHealth (Medicaid) benefit.	
Home infusion therapy Our plan covers home infusion therapy, defined as drugs or biological substances administered into a vein or applied under the skin and provided to you at home.	\$0 Prior authorization is required.
This benefit is continued on the next page	

Covered Service	What you pay
Home infusion therapy (continued) The following are needed to perform home infusion:	
the drug or biological substance, such as an antiviral or immune globulin;	
equipment, such as a pump; and	
supplies, such as tubing or a catheter.	
Our plan covers home infusion services that include but aren't limited to:	
 professional services, including nursing services, provided in accordance with your care plan; 	
 member training and education not already included in the DME benefit; 	
remote monitoring; and	
 monitoring services for the provision of home infusion therapy and home infusion drugs furnished by a qualified home infusion therapy supplier. 	
Homeless medical respite services	\$0
You have access to pre- and post- colonoscopy support to prepare for and recover after a colonoscopy procedure.	Prior authorization is required.
You have access to recovery support post acute medical issues, case management and health and referral navigation to address other health and social needs, and planning support for transition to settings in the community.	
Hospice care You have the right to elect hospice if your provider and hospice medical director determine you have a terminal prognosis. This means you have a terminal illness and are expected to have six months or less to live. You can get care from any hospice program certified by	\$0 Prior authorization is not required for services provided by an in-network provider.
This benefit is continued on the next page	

Covered Service	What you pay
Hospice care (continued) Medicare. Our plan must help you find Medicare- certified hospice programs in the plan's service area, including programs we own, control, or have a financial interest in. Your hospice doctor can be a network provider or an out-of-network provider.	
Covered services include:	
drugs to treat symptoms and pain	
short-term respite care	
home care	
For hospice services and services covered by Medicare Part A or Medicare Part B that relate to your terminal prognosis are billed to Medicare:	
 Original Medicare (rather than our plan) will pay your hospice provider for your hospice services and any Part A or B services related to your terminal illness. While you're in the hospice program, your hospice provider will bill Original Medicare for the services Original Medicare pays for. 	
For services covered by our plan but not covered by Medicare Part A or Medicare Part B:	
 Our plan covers services not covered under Medicare Part A or Medicare Part B. We cover the services whether or not they relate to your terminal prognosis. You pay nothing for these services. 	
For drugs that may be covered by our plan's Medicare Part D benefit:	
 Drugs are never covered by both hospice and our plan at the same time. For more information, refer to Chapter 5 of this Member Handbook. 	
Note: If you need non-hospice care, call your care coordinator and/or Member Services to arrange the services. Non-hospice care is care that isn't related to	
This benefit is continued on the next page	

	Covered Service	What you pay
	Hospice care (continued) your terminal prognosis. Our plan covers hospice consultation services (one time only) for a terminally ill member who hasn't chosen the hospice benefit.	
•	 Immunizations We cover the following services: pneumonia vaccines flu/influenza shots, once each flu/influenza season in the fall and winter, with additional flu/influenza shots if medically necessary hepatitis B vaccines if you're at high or intermediate risk of getting hepatitis B COVID-19 vaccines other vaccines if you're at risk and they meet Medicare Part B coverage rules We cover other vaccines that meet the Medicare Part D coverage rules. Refer to Chapter 6 of this Member Handbook to learn more. 	\$0 Prior authorization is not required for services provided by an in-network provider.
	Independent nursing The plan covers care from an independent nurse in your home. This would include a nursing visit of more than two continuous hours of nursing services for individuals living in the community. Inpatient behavioral health care Covered services include behavioral health care	\$0 Prior authorization is required.
	services that require a hospital stay. The plan covers inpatient services, such as: This benefit is continued on the next page	Inpatient BH does not require prior authorization for an in-network provider; however, admission notification to the plan is

Covered Service	What you pay
Inpatient behavioral health care (continued) Inpatient behavioral health services to evaluate and treat an acute psychiatric condition,	required.
Inpatient substance use disorder services,	
Medically Monitored Intensive Services – Acute Treatment Service (ATS) for substance use disorders.	
observation/holding beds	
administratively necessary day services	
Under this plan, there's no lifetime limit on the number of days a member can have in an inpatient behavioral health care facility.	
Inpatient hospital care Includes inpatient acute, inpatient rehabilitation, long- term care hospitals, and other types of inpatient hospital services. Inpatient hospital care starts the day you're formally admitted to the hospital with a doctor's order. The day before you're discharged is your last inpatient day.	\$0 You must get approval from our plan to get inpatient care at an out-of-network hospital after your emergency is stabilized.
The plan covers your inpatient stay in a hospital beyond the Medicare limit under the MassHealth (Medicaid) benefit	Prior authorization is required.
We cover the following services and other medically necessary services not listed here:	
semi-private room (or a private room if medically necessary)	
meals, including special diets	
regular nursing services	
costs of special care units, such as intensive care or coronary care units	
drugs and medications	
lab tests	
X-rays and other radiology services	
This benefit is continued on the next page	

Covered Service	What you pay
Inpatient hospital care (continued) • needed surgical and medical supplies	
appliances, such as wheelchairs	
operating and recovery room services	
physical, occupational, and speech therapy	
inpatient substance use services	
 in some cases, the following types of transplants: corneal, kidney, kidney/pancreas, heart, liver, lung, heart/lung, bone marrow, stem cell, and intestinal/multivisceral. If you need a transplant, a Medicare-approved transplant center will review your case and decide if you're a candidate for a transplant. Transplant providers may be local or outside of the service area. If local transplant providers are willing to accept the Medicare rate, then you can get your transplant services locally or outside the pattern of care for your community. If our plan provides transplant services outside the pattern of care for our community and you choose to get your transplant there, we arrange or pay for lodging and travel costs for you and one other person. 	
blood, including storage and administration	
physician services	
Note: To be an inpatient, your provider must write an order to admit you formally as an inpatient of the hospital. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an "outpatient." If you're not sure if you're an inpatient or an outpatient, ask the hospital staff.	
Get more information in the Medicare fact sheet <i>Medicare Hospital Benefits</i> . This fact sheet is available at Medicare.gov/publications/11435-Medicare-Hospital-Benefits.pdf or by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users call 1-877-486-2048.	
Inpatient services in a psychiatric hospital	\$0
This benefit is continued on the next page	Inpatient services in a

Covered Service	What you pay
Inpatient services in a psychiatric hospital (continued) We cover behavioral health care services that require a hospital stay. Medicare covers up to 90 days per benefit period with a limit of up to 190 days of inpatient psychiatric hospital care in a lifetime. The 190-day limit does not apply to inpatient behavioral health services provided in a psychiatric unit of a general hospital. MassHealth Standard (Medicaid) benefits cover all approved stays in excess of the Medicare limit. Inpatient psychiatric stay does not require prior authorization for an in-network provider; however, admission notification to the plan is required.	psychiatric hospital does not require prior authorization for an in-network provider; however, notification within 72 (calendar) hours to the plan is required.
Inpatient stay: Covered services in a hospital or skilled nursing facility (SNF) during a non-covered inpatient stay We cover the following services while you are in the hospital or a nursing facility, and maybe other services not listed here:	\$0 Prior authorization is required.
doctor services	
diagnostic tests, like lab tests	
X-ray, radium, and isotope therapy, including technician materials and services	
surgical dressings	
 splints, casts, and other devices used for fractures and dislocations 	
 prosthetics and orthotic devices, other than dental, including replacement or repairs of such devices. These are devices that: replace all or part of 	
 an internal body organ (including contiguous tissue), or 	
 the function of an inoperative or malfunctioning internal body organ. 	
This benefit is continued on the next page	

Covered Service	What you pay
Inpatient stay: Covered services in a hospital or skilled nursing facility (SNF) during a non-covered inpatient stay (continued) • leg, arm, back, and neck braces, trusses, and artificial legs, arms, and eyes. This includes adjustments, repairs, and replacements needed because of breakage, wear, loss, or a change in your condition	
physical therapy, speech therapy, and occupational therapy These services are covered by the plan under the MassHealth (Medicaid) benefit.	
Kidney disease services and supplies	\$0
We cover the following services:	Prior authorization is not
Kidney disease education services to teach kidney care and help you make good decisions about your care. You must have stage IV chronic kidney disease, and your doctor must refer you. We cover up to six sessions of kidney disease education services.	required for services provided by an in-network provider.
Outpatient dialysis treatments, including dialysis treatments when temporarily out of the service area, as explained in Chapter 3 of this <i>Member Handbook</i> , or when your provider for this service is temporarily unavailable or inaccessible.	
Inpatient dialysis treatments if you're admitted as an inpatient to a hospital for special care	
Self-dialysis training, including training for you and anyone helping you with your home dialysis treatments	
Home dialysis equipment and supplies	
Certain home support services, such as necessary visits by trained dialysis workers to check on your home dialysis, to help in emergencies, and to check your dialysis equipment and water supply.	
Medicare Part B cover some drugs for dialysis. For information, refer to "Medicare Part B drugs" in this chart.	

	Covered Service	What you pay
Č	Lung cancer screening with low dose computed tomography (LDCT)	\$0
	Our plan covers lung cancer screening every 12 months if you:	Prior authorization is not required for services provided by an in-network provider.
	• are aged 65-77, and	
	 have a counseling and shared decision-making visit with your doctor or other qualified provider, and 	
	 have smoked at least 1 pack a day for 20 years with no signs or symptoms of lung cancer or smoke now or have quit within the last 15 years 	
	After the first screening, our plan covers another screening each year with a written order from your doctor or other qualified provider. If a provider elects to provide a lung cancer screening counseling and shared decision-making visit for lung cancer screenings, the visit must meet the Medicare criteria for such visits.	
a	Medical nutrition therapy	\$0
	The plan covers nutritional diagnostic therapy and counseling services to help you manage a medical condition (such as diabetes or kidney disease).	Prior authorization is not required for services provided by an in-network provider.
	Medically necessary non-emergency transportation	\$0
	The plan covers transportation you need for medical reasons other than emergencies. We cover non-emergent transportation to medical appointments through Non-Emergent Ambulance, Taxi Livery, Transportation Network Company (Uber / Lyft), Wheelchair Accessible Vehicle, Stretcher Van, and Ferry. Services must be provided by our plan-approved transportation provider, CTS. Please call CTS at 1-844-247-2100 to schedule your appointments. Limitations may apply.	Prior authorization is not required for services provided by an in-network provider.

Covered Service	What you pay
 Medicare Diabetes Prevention Program (MDPP) Our plan covers MDPP services for eligible people. MDPP is designed to help you increase healthy behavior. It provides practical training in: long-term dietary change, and increased physical activity, and ways to maintain weight loss and a healthy lifestyle. 	\$0 Prior authorization is not required for services provided by an in-network provider.
 Medicare Part B drugs These drugs are covered under Part B of Medicare. Our plan covers the following drugs: drugs you don't usually give yourself and are injected or infused while you get doctor, hospital outpatient, or ambulatory surgery center services insulin furnished through an item of durable medical equipment (such as a medically necessary insulin pump) other drugs you take using durable medical equipment (such as nebulizers) that our plan authorized the Alzheimer's drug Leqembi® (generic lecanemab) which is given intravenously (IV) clotting factors you give yourself by injection if you have hemophilia transplant/immunosuppressive drugs: Medicare covers transplant drug therapy if Medicare paid for your organ transplant. You must have Part A at the time of the covered transplant, and you must have Part B at the time you get immunosuppressive drugs. Medicare Part D covers immunosuppressive drugs if Part B doesn't cover them osteoporosis drugs that are injected. We cover these drugs if you're homebound, have a bone fracture that This benefit is continued on the next page	\$0 Prior authorization is required.

Covered Service	What you pay
Medicare Part B drugs (continued) a doctor certifies was related to post-menopausal osteoporosis, and can't inject the drug yourself	
 some antigens: Medicare covers antigens if a doctor prepares them and a properly instructed person (who could be you, the patient) gives them under appropriate supervision 	
 certain oral anti-cancer drugs: Medicare covers some oral cancer drugs you take by mouth if the same drug is available in injectable form or the drug is a prodrug (an oral form of a drug that, when ingested, breaks down into the same active ingredient found in the injectable drug). As new oral cancer drugs become available, Part B may cover them. If Part B doesn't cover them, Part D does 	
 oral anti-nausea drugs: Medicare covers oral anti- nausea drugs you use as part of an anti-cancer chemotherapeutic regimen if they're administered before, at, or within 48 hours of chemotherapy or are used as a full therapeutic replacement for an intravenous anti-nausea drug 	
 certain oral End-Stage Renal Disease (ESRD) drugs covered under Medicare Part B if the same drug is available in injectable form and the Part B ESRD benefit covers it 	
 calcimimetic and phosphate binder medications under the ESRD payment system, including the intravenous medication Parsabiv®, and the oral medication Sensipar 	
 certain drugs for home dialysis, including heparin, the antidote for heparin (when medically necessary) and topical anesthetics 	
 erythropoiesis-stimulating agents: Medicare covers erythropoietin by injection if you have ESRD or you need this drug to treat anemia related to certain other conditions (such as Epogen®, Procrit®, Retacrit®, 	
This benefit is continued on the next page	

Covered Service	What you pay
Medicare Part B drugs (continued) Epoetin Alfa, Aranesp®, Darbepoetin Alfa®, Mircera®, or Methoxy polyethylene glycol-epotin beta)	
IV immune globulin for the home treatment of primary immune deficiency diseases	
parenteral and enteral nutrition (IV and tube feeding)	
The following link takes you to a list of Medicare Part B drugs that may be subject to step therapy: https://massgeneralbrighamadvantage.org/member-resources/forms-resources#accordion-84a2724e00-item-ded7f49312 .	
We also cover some vaccines under our Medicare Part B and most adult vaccines under our Medicare Part D drug benefit.	
Chapter 5 of this <i>Member Handbook</i> explains our drug benefit. It explains rules you must follow to have prescriptions covered.	
Chapter 6 of this <i>Member Handbook</i> explains what you pay for your drugs through our plan.	
Nursing facility care A nursing facility (NF) is a place that provides care for people who can't get care at home but who don't need to be in a hospital.	\$0 Prior authorization is required.
Services that we cover include, but aren't limited to, the following: • semiprivate room (or a private room if medically necessary)	
meals, including special diets	
nursing services	
 physical therapy, occupational therapy, and speech therapy 	
respiratory therapy	
This benefit is continued on the next page	

Covered Service	What you pay
 Nursing facility care (continued) drugs given to you as part of your plan of care. (This includes substances that are naturally present in the body, such as blood-clotting factors.) 	
blood, including storage and administration	
 medical and surgical supplies usually given by nursing facilities 	
lab tests usually given by nursing facilities	
 X-rays and other radiology services usually given by nursing facilities 	
 use of appliances, such as wheelchairs usually given by nursing facilities 	
physician/practitioner services	
durable medical equipment	
dental services, including dentures	
vision benefits	
hearing exams	
chiropractic care	
podiatry services	
You usually get your care from network facilities. However, you may be able to get your care from a facility not in our network. You can get care from the following places if they accept our plan's amounts for payment: • a nursing facility or continuing care retirement community where you were living right before you went to the hospital (as long as it provides nursing facility care).	
a nursing facility where your spouse or domestic partner is living at the time you leave the hospital.	

	Covered Service	What you pay
*	Obesity screening and therapy to keep weight down If you have a body mass index of 30 or more, we cover counseling to help you lose weight. You must get the counseling in a primary care setting. That way, it can be managed with your full prevention plan. Talk to your primary care provider to find out more.	\$0 Prior authorization is not required for services provided by an in-network provider.
	Opioid treatment program (OTP) services Our plan covers the following services to treat opioid use disorder (OUD) through an OTP which includes the following services: • intake activities • periodic assessments • medications approved by the FDA and, if applicable, managing and giving you these medications • substance use disorder counseling • individual and group therapy • testing for drugs or chemicals in your body (toxicology testing)	\$0 Prior authorization is not required for services provided by an in-network provider.
	Orthotic services The plan covers braces (non-dental) and other mechanical or molded devices to support or correct the form or function of the human body.	\$0 Prior authorization may be required.
	Outpatient Behavioral health care We cover behavioral health services provided by: a state-licensed psychiatrist or doctor a clinical psychologist a clinical social worker a clinical nurse specialist a licensed professional counselor (LPC) This benefit is continued on the next page	\$0 Prior authorization is not required for an in-network provider, except for Transcranial Magnetic Stimulation (TMS) and psychological testing (>5 hours).

Covered Service	What you pay
Outpatient Behavioral health care (continued) • a licensed marriage and family therapist (LMFT)	
a nurse practitioner (NP)	
a physician assistant (PA)	
any other Medicare-qualified behavioral health care professional as allowed under applicable state laws	
The plan covers services including:	
individual, group, and couples/family treatment	
medication visit	
diagnostic evaluation	
family consultation	
case consultation	
psychiatric consultation on an inpatient medical unit	
inpatient-outpatient bridge visit	
acupuncture treatment	
opioid replacement therapy	
ambulatory detoxification (Level II.d)	
psychological testing	
Dialectical Behavioral Therapy	
Emergency Department-based Crisis Intervention behavioral Health Services	
Electro-Convulsive Therapy	
Repetitive Transcranial Magnetic Stimulation (rTMS) Specialing	
Outpatient diagnostic tests and therapeutic services and supplies	\$0
We cover the following services and other medically necessary services not listed here:	Prior authorization may be required.
This benefit is continued on the next page	

Covered Service	What you pay
Outpatient diagnostic tests and therapeutic services and supplies (continued) • X-rays	
radiation (radium and isotope) therapy, including technician materials and supplies	
surgical supplies, such as dressings	
splints, casts, and other devices used for fractures and dislocations	
lab tests	
blood, including storage and administration	
diagnostic non-laboratory tests such as CT scans, MRIs, EKGs, and PET scans when your doctor or other health care provider orders them to treat a medical condition	
other outpatient diagnostic tests	
Outpatient drugs	\$0
Please read Chapter 5 for information on drug benefits, and Chapter 6 for information on what you pay for drugs.	
Outpatient hospital observation We cover outpatient hospital observation services to determine if you need to be admitted as an inpatient or can be discharged.	\$0
The services must meet Medicare criteria and be considered reasonable and necessary. Observation services are covered only when provided by the order of a physician or another person authorized by state law and hospital staff bylaws to admit patients to the hospital or order outpatient tests.	
Note: Unless the provider has written an order to admit you as an inpatient to the hospital, you're an outpatient. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still	
This benefit is continued on the next page	

Covered Service	What you pay
Outpatient hospital observation (continued) be considered an outpatient. If you aren't sure if you're an outpatient, ask hospital staff.	
Get more information in the Medicare fact sheet <i>Medicare Hospital Benefits</i> . This fact sheet is available at Medicare.gov/publications/11435-Medicare-Hospital-Benefits.pdf	
Outpatient hospital services	\$0
We cover medically necessary services you get in the outpatient department of a hospital for diagnosis or treatment of an illness or injury, such as:	Prior authorization may be required.
 Services in an emergency department or outpatient clinic, such as outpatient surgery or observation services 	
 Observation services help your doctor know if you need to be admitted to the hospital as "inpatient." 	
 Sometimes you can be in the hospital overnight and still be "outpatient." 	
 You can get more information about being inpatient or outpatient in this fact sheet: es.medicare.gov/publications/11435-Medicare-Hospital-Benefits.pdf 	
Labs and diagnostic tests billed by the hospital	
 Behavioral health care, including care in a partial- hospitalization program, if a doctor certifies that inpatient treatment would be needed without it 	
X-rays and other radiology services billed by the hospital	
Medical supplies, such as splints and casts	
Preventive screenings and services listed throughout the Benefits Chart	
Some drugs that you can't give yourself	

	Covered Service	What you pay
(Outpatient rehabilitation and therapy services	\$0
s	We cover physical therapy, occupational therapy, and speech therapy and related comprehensive evaluations. You can get outpatient rehabilitation and therapy	Prior authorization may be required. First 20 visits do not require PA each of
i	services from hospital outpatient departments, ndependent therapist offices, comprehensive outpatient rehabilitation facilities (CORFs), and other facilities.	physical, occupational, and speech therapies; Prior authorization is required beyond the 20 visit benefit limit.
	Outpatient substance use disorder services	\$0
	We cover the following services, and maybe other services not listed here:	Prior authorization is not required for services provided
•	alcohol misuse screening and counseling	by an in-network provider
	treatment of drug misuse	
	group or individual counseling by a qualified clinician	
•	 subacute detoxification in an ambulatory addiction program 	
•	 alcohol and/or drug services in an intensive outpatient treatment center 	
•	extended-release Naltrexone (vivitrol) treatment	
(Outpatient surgery	\$0
	We cover outpatient surgery and services at hospital outpatient facilities and ambulatory surgical centers.	Prior authorization is required.
6	Note: If you're having surgery in a hospital facility, you should check with your provider about whether you'll be an inpatient or outpatient. Unless the provider writes an order to admit you as an inpatient to the hospital, you're an outpatient. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an outpatient.	

Covered Service	What you pay
Oxygen and respiratory therapy equipment	\$0
The plan covers services including oxygen systems, refills, and oxygen therapy equipment rental.	Prior authorization may be required.
Partial hospitalization services and intensive outpatient services	\$0
Partial hospitalization is a structured program of active psychiatric treatment. It's offered as a hospital outpatient service or by a community behavioral health center that's more intense than the care you get in your doctor's, therapist's, licensed marriage and family therapist's (LMFT), or licensed professional counselor's office. It can help keep you from having to stay in the hospital.	Prior authorization is not required for an in-network provider. Notification to the plan is required.
Intensive outpatient service is a structured program of active behavioral health therapy treatment provided as a hospital outpatient service, a community behavioral health center, a federally qualified health center, or a rural health clinic that's more intense than care you get in your doctor's, therapist's, LMFT, or licensed professional counselor's office but less intense than partial hospitalization.	
Personal care attendant services The plan covers personal care attendant services to assist you with activities of daily living and instrumental activities of daily living if you qualify. These include, for example:	\$0 Prior authorization is required.
• bathing	
meal preparation and eating	
dressing and grooming	
medication management	
moving from place to place	
This benefit is continued on the next page	

Covered Service	What you pay
Personal care attendant services (continued) • toileting	
transferring	
laundry	
housekeeping	
These services also include Personal Assistance Services, such as cueing and monitoring.	
You can hire a worker yourself or use an agency to hire one for you.	
A worker can help you with hands-on tasks. The plan may also pay for a worker to help you, even if you do not need hands-on help. Your Care Team will work with you to decide if that service is right for you and will be in your Individualized Care Plan (ICP).	
These services are covered by the plan under the MassHealth (Medicaid) benefit.	
Physician/provider services, including doctor's office visits We cover following services:	\$0 Prior authorization may be
medically necessary health care or surgery services given in places such as:	required for certain services and procedures, including surgeries.
physician's office	molading surgenes.
certified ambulatory surgical center	
hospital outpatient department	
consultation, diagnosis, and treatment by a specialist	
 basic hearing and balance exams given by your : primary care provider or specialist, if your doctor orders them to find out whether you need treatment 	
 You have the option of getting these services through an in-person visit or by telehealth. If you choose to get one of these services by telehealth, you must use a network provider 	
This benefit is continued on the next page	

Covered Service	What you pay
Physician/provider services, including doctor's office visits (continued) who offers the service by telehealth.	
 some telehealth services including consultation, diagnosis, and treatment by a physician or practitioner, for members in certain rural areas or other places approved by Medicare 	
 telehealth services for monthly end-stage renal disease (ESRD) related visits for home dialysis members in a hospital-based or critical access hospital-based renal dialysis center, renal dialysis facility, or at home 	
 telehealth services to diagnose, evaluate, or treat symptoms of a stroke 	
telehealth services for members with a substance use disorder or co-occurring behavioral health disorder	
telehealth services for diagnosis, evaluation, and treatment of behavioral health disorders if:	
 You have an in-person visit within 6 months prior to your first telehealth visit 	
 You have an in-person visit every 12 months while receiving these telehealth services 	
 Exceptions can be made to the above for certain circumstances 	
 telehealth services for behavioral health visits provided by rural health clinics and federally qualified health centers. 	
 virtual check-ins (for example, by phone or video chat) with your doctor for 5-10 minutes if 	
o you're not a new patient and	
 the check-in isn't related to an office visit in the past 7 days and 	
o the check-in doesn't lead to an office visit	
This benefit is continued on the next page	

Covered Service	What you pay
Physician/provider services, including doctor's office visits (continued) within 24 hours or the soonest available appointment	
Evaluation of video and/or images you send to your doctor and interpretation and follow-up by your doctor within 24 hours if:	
o you're not a new patient and	
 the evaluation isn't related to an office visit in the past 7 days and 	
 the evaluation doesn't lead to an office visit within 24 hours or the soonest available appointment 	
Consultation your doctor has with other doctors by phone, the Internet, or electronic health record if you're not a new patient	
Second opinion by another network provider before surgery. Your PCP or care team will help you coordinate second opinions.	
Physician, nurse practitioner, and nurse midwife services	\$0
The plan covers physician, nurse practitioner, and nurse midwife services. These include, for example:	Prior authorization is not required for services provided by an in-network provider.
office visits for primary care and specialists	
OB/GYN	
diabetes self-management training	
medical nutritional therapy	
tobacco-cessation services	
Podiatry services We cover the following services:	\$0
diagnosis and medical or surgical treatment of injuries	Prior authorization is not required for an in-network
This benefit is continued on the next page	

	Covered Service	What you pay
	Podiatry services (continued) and diseases of the foot (such as hammer toe or heel spurs) routine foot care for members with conditions affecting the legs, such as diabetes	provider.
~	Pre-exposure prophylaxis (PrEP) for HIV prevention If you don't have HIV, but your doctor or other health care practitioner determines you're at an increased risk for HIV, we cover pre-exposure prophylaxis (PrEP) medication and related services. If you qualify, covered services include: • FDA-approved oral or injectable PrEP medication. If you're getting an injectable drug, we also cover the fee for injecting the drug. • Up to 8 individual counseling sessions (including HIV risk assessment, HIV risk reduction, and medication adherence) every 12 months. • Up to 8 HIV screenings every 12 months. • A one-time hepatitis B virus screening.	\$0 Prior authorization is not required for services provided by an in-network provider.
~	Prostate cancer screening exams For men aged 50 and over, we cover the following services once every 12 months: • a digital rectal exam • a prostate specific antigen (PSA) test	\$0 Prior authorization is not required for an in-network provider.
	Prosthetic and orthotic devices and related medical supplies Prosthetic devices replace all or part of a body part or function. These include but aren't limited to: • testing, fitting, or training in the use of prosthetic and This benefit is continued on the next page	\$0 Prior authorization may be required.

	Covered Service	What you pay
	Prosthetic and orthotic devices and related medical supplies (continued) orthotic devices	
	 colostomy bags and supplies related to colostomy care 	
	• pacemakers	
	• braces	
	• prosthetic shoes	
	artificial arms and legs	
	 breast prostheses (including a surgical brassiere after a mastectomy) 	
	We cover some supplies related to prosthetic and orthotic devices. We also cover to repair or to replace prosthetic and orthotic devices.	
	We offer some coverage after cataract removal or cataract surgery. Refer to "Vision care" later in this chart for details.	
	Pulmonary rehabilitation services	\$0
	We cover pulmonary rehabilitation programs for members who have moderate to very severe chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD). You must have an order for pulmonary rehabilitation from the doctor or provider treating the COPD.	Prior authorization is not required for an in-network provider.
~	Remote patient monitoring	\$0
	The use of select medical devices that transmit digital personal health information in a synchronous or asynchronous manner from an at-risk patient to a treating provider at a distant location, enabling the provider to respond to the patient and manage their condition. RPM is available to members who meet certain clinical criteria.	Prior authorization is not required for an in-network provider.

Covered Service	What you pay
Screening for Hepatitis C Virus infection	\$0
We cover one Hepatitis C screening if your primary care doctor or other qualified health care provider orders one and you meet one of these conditions:	Prior authorization is not required for services provided by an in-network provider.
You're at high risk because you use or have used illicit injection drugs.	
You had a blood transfusion before 1992.	
You were born between 1945-1965.	
If you were born between 1945-1965 and aren't considered high risk, we cover a screening once. If you're at high risk (for example, you've continued to use illicit injection drugs since your previous negative Hepatitis C screening test), we cover yearly screenings.	
Sexually transmitted infections (STIs) screening and counseling	\$0
We cover screenings for chlamydia, gonorrhea, syphilis, and hepatitis B.	Prior authorization is not required for an in-network provider.
We also cover up to two face-to-face, high-intensity behavioral counseling sessions each year for sexually active adults at increased risk for STIs. Each session can be 20 to 30 minutes long. We cover these counseling sessions as a preventive service only if given by a primary care provider. The sessions must be in a primary care setting, such as a doctor's office.	
Skilled nursing facility (SNF) care Inpatient hospital stay prior to skilled nursing facility admission is not required.	\$0 If MassHealth (Medicaid)
Once your Medicare benefit exhausts, you will be covered under your MassHealth (Medicaid) benefit.	determines you have a monthly Patient Paid Amount (PPA) for your custodial care,
We cover the following services, and maybe other services not listed here:	you are responsible for these payments to MassHealth (Medicaid).
This benefit is continued on the next page	Prior authorization is

	Covered Service	What you pay
	Skilled nursing facility (SNF) care (continued) • a semi-private room, or a private room if it's medically necessary	required.
	meals, including special diets	
	skilled nursing services	
	 physical therapy, occupational therapy, and speech therapy 	
	 drugs you get as part of your plan of care, including substances that are naturally in the body, such as blood-clotting factors 	
	blood, including storage and administration	
	medical and surgical supplies given by SNFs	
	lab tests given by SNFs	
	 X-rays and other radiology services given by nursing facilities 	
	 appliances, such as wheelchairs, usually given by nursing facilities 	
	physician/provider services	
	You usually get SNF care from network facilities. Under certain conditions you may be able to get your care from a facility not in our network. You can get care from the following places if they accept our plan's amounts for payment:	
	 a nursing facility or continuing care retirement community where you lived before you went to the hospital (as long as it provides nursing facility care) 	
	a nursing facility where your spouse or domestic partner lives at the time you leave the hospital	
	If MassHealth (Medicaid) determines you have a monthly Patient Paid Amount (PPA) for your custodial care, you are responsible for the payments.	
Č	Smoking and tobacco use cessation Smoking and tobacco use cessation counseling is covered	\$0 Prior authorization is not
	This benefit is continued on the next page	required for services provided

Covered Service	What you pay
Smoking and tobacco use cessation (continued) for outpatient and hospitalized patients who meet these criteria:	by an in-network provider
use tobacco, regardless of whether they exhibit signs or symptoms of tobacco-related disease	
are competent and alert during counseling	
a qualified physician or other Medicare-recognized practitioner provides counseling	
We cover two cessation attempts per year (each attempt may include a maximum of four intermediate or intensive sessions, with up to eight sessions per year).	
Supervised exercise therapy (SET)	\$0
We cover SET for members with symptomatic peripheral artery disease (PAD)	Prior authorization is not required for an in-network
Our plan covers:	provider.
up to 36 sessions during a 12-week period if all SET requirements are met	
an additional 36 sessions over time if deemed medically necessary by a health care provider	
The SET program must be:	
30 to 60-minute sessions of a therapeutic exercise- training program for PAD in members with leg cramping due to poor blood flow (claudication)	
in a hospital outpatient setting or in a physician's office	
 delivered by qualified personnel who make sure benefit exceeds harm and who are trained in exercise therapy for PAD 	
 under the direct supervision of a physician, physician assistant, or nurse practitioner/clinical nurse specialist trained in both basic and advanced life support techniques 	

Covered Service	What you pay
Transitional Living Services Program	\$0
The plan covers services provided by a transitional living services provider for members who qualify. These services are provided in a residential setting and may include the following:	Prior authorization is required.
personal care attendant services	
on-site 24-hour nurse oversight	
• meals	
skills trainers	
assistance with Instrumental Activities of Daily Living (e.g., laundry, shopping, cleaning)	
Transportation (non-emergent medical)	\$0
We cover non-emergent medical transportation through Non-Emergent Ambulance, Taxi Livery, Transportation Network Company (Uber / Lyft), Wheelchair Accessible Vehicle, Stretcher Van, and Ferry. Services must be provided by our plan-approved transportation provider, CTS. Please call CTS at 1-844-247-2100 to schedule your appointments.	Prior authorization is not required if provided by our plan-approved transportation provider
Transportation (non-emergent non medical)	\$0
We cover non-emergent non-medical transportation through Non-Emergent Ambulance, Taxi Livery, Transportation Network Company (Uber / Lyft), Wheelchair Vehicle, Stretcher Van, and Ferry. Services must be provided by our plan-approved transportation provider, CTS. NOTE: Non-emergent non-medical trips are limited to 50 miles each way.	Prior authorization is not required if provided by our plan-approved transportation provider NOTE: Non-emergent non-medical trips are limited to to two (2) round trips or four (4)
Covered Service \$0 co-pay to the transportation provider, CTS. Please call CTS at 1-844-247-2100 to schedule your appointments. The non-emergent non-medical transportation benefit covers two (2) round trips or four (4) one way trips per month.	one way trips per month and 50 miles each way.

Covered Service	What you pay
Urgently needed care	\$0
 Urgently needed care is care given to treat: a non-emergency that requires immediate medical care, or an unforeseen illness, or an injury, or a condition that needs care right away If you require urgently needed care, you should first try to get it from a network provider. However, you can use out-of-network providers when you can't get to a network provider because given your time, place, or circumstances, it's not possible, or it's unreasonable to 	Prior authorization is not required for services provided by an in-network or out-of-network provider.
get this service from network providers (for example, when you're outside the plan's service area and you require medically needed immediate services for an unseen condition but it's not a medical emergency). We cover in-network and out-of-network urgent care within the U.S. and its territories. We do not provide coverage outside of the U.S. and its territories.	
Vision care We cover for: comprehensive eye exams vision training eye glasses contact lenses and other visual aids	\$0 Prior authorization is not required for services provided by an in-network provider.
We cover outpatient doctor services for the diagnosis and treatment of diseases and injuries of the eye. For example, treatment for age-related macular degeneration.	
 For people at high risk of glaucoma, we cover one glaucoma screening each year. People at high risk of This benefit is continued on the next page	

	Covered Service	What you pay
	Vision care (continued) glaucoma include:	
	people with a family history of glaucoma	
	people with diabetes	
	African-Americans who are 50 and over	
	Hispanic Americans who are 50 and over	
	For people with diabetes, we cover screening for diabetic retinopathy once per year.	
	We cover one pair of glasses or contact lenses after each cataract surgery that implants an intraocular lens.	
	If you have two separate cataract surgeries, you must get one pair of glasses after each surgery. You can't get two pairs of glasses after the second surgery, even if you didn't get a pair of glasses after the first surgery.	
	We cover one routine eye exam each calendar year. You pay \$0 for this exam but you must use a provider within the EyeMed network.	
	Members have a \$200 allowance for eyeglasses (lenses and/or frames) and/or contact lenses per calendar year. You must purchase your lenses and/or frames from an in-network provider (EyeMed) to receive the \$200 allowance. Any amount over \$200 you will be responsible for. Other limitations apply.	
	Contact Member Services at 1-888-816-6000 if you have questions about your routine eye care benefit or your \$200 allowance for eyeglasses and/or contacts.	
~	 "Welcome to Medicare" preventive visit We cover the one-time "Welcome to Medicare" preventive visit. The visit includes: a review of your health, 	\$0 Prior authorization is not required for services provided by an in-network provider.
	education and counseling about preventive services you	
	This benefit is continued on the next page	

Covered Service	What you pay
"Welcome to Medicare" preventive visit (continued) need (including screenings and shots), and	
referrals for other care if you need it.	
Note: We cover the "Welcome to Medicare" preventive visit only during the first 12 months that you have Medicare Part B. When you make your appointment, tell your doctor's office you want to schedule your "Welcome to Medicare" preventive visit.	
Wellness visit The plan covers wellness checkups. This is to make or update a prevention plan.	\$0 Prior authorization is not required for services provided by an in-network provider.

In addition to the general services, our plan also covers community-based behavioral health care services. These are sometimes called "diversionary behavioral health services." These are services that you may be able to use instead of going to the hospital or a facility for some behavioral health needs. Your Care Team will work with you to decide if these services are right for you and will be in your Individualized Care Plan (ICP).

Community-based (diversionary) behavioral health care services that our plan covers	What you pay
These services include the following:	\$0
Medically Monitored Intensive Services - Acute Treatment Services (ATS) for substance use disorders	Notification may be required.
Clinical Stabilization Services - clinically managed population- specific high intensity residential services	Program of Assertive
clinically managed population-specific high intensity residential services* (refer to the Note below)	Community Treatment
clinical stabilization services for substance use disorders	
community crisis stabilization	
Adult Acute Residential Treatment	

Community-based (diversionary) behavioral health care What you pay services that our plan covers • Community Support Program (CSP), including CSP for (PACT) requires prior homeless individuals, CSP for justice involved, and CSP authorization. Tenancy Preservation Program* **Psychiatric Day** Adult Mobile Crisis Intervention (formerly Emergency Services Treatment requires Program (ESP)) prior authorization. You have the option of getting these services through an in-person visit or by telehealth. **Adult Acute** co-occurring enhanced residential rehabilitation services for **Residential Treatment** substance use disorders requires prior authorization. Partial Hospitalization (PHP) services Partial hospitalization is a structured program of active psychiatric treatment. It's offered as a hospital outpatient service or by a community behavioral health center. It's more intense than the care you get in your doctor's, therapist's, or licensed marriage and family therapist's (LMFT) or licensed professional counselor's office. It can help keep you from having to stay in the hospital. Intensive Outpatient (IOP) services and IOP programs Intensive outpatient service is a structured program of active behavioral health therapy treatment provided at a hospital outpatient service, a community behavioral health center, a Federally qualified health center, or a rural health clinic that's more intense than the care received in your doctor's, therapist's, LMFT, or licensed professional counselor's office but less intense than partial hospitalization. An IOP program provides time-limited, comprehensive, and coordinated multidisciplinary treatment and are designed to improve Functional Status, provide stabilization in the community, divert an admission to an Inpatient Service, or facilitate a rapid and stable reintegration into the community following a discharge from an inpatient service. Program of Assertive Community Treatment (PACT) psychiatric day treatment recovery coaching recovery support navigators Residential Rehabilitation Services for Substance Use Disorders, including: Adult RRS

Community-based (diversionary) behavioral health care services that our plan covers	What you pay
Family RRS	
Young Adult RRS	
Co-occuring Enhanced RRS (COE-RRS)	
Pregnancy Enhanced RRS	
Structured Outpatient Addiction Program (SOAP)	
Certified Peer Specialist	
Enhanced Structured Outpatient Addiction Program (E-SOAP)	
Transitional Support Services (TSS) for substance use disorders	
Note: TTS services may not be available at the beginning of the plan year through your SCO plan. If you have questions, please contact your Mass General Brigham SCO plan.	

Our plan also covers community-based services to promote wellness, recovery, self-management of chronic conditions, and independent living. These services may also help you stay out of the hospital or nursing facility. Your Care Team will work with you to decide if these services are right for you and will be in your Individualized Care Plan (ICP).

Community-based services that our plan covers	What you pay
Care transitions assistance	\$0
The plan covers services to help with transitions between care settings for members who qualify. These services may include the following:	Prior authorization is not required for services provided by
coordination of information between your providers	an in-network provider.
follow-up after your inpatient or facility stay	Procession
education about your health condition	
referrals	

Community-based services that our plan covers	What you pay
Community health workers	\$0
The plan covers services provided by community health workers, which may include the following:	Prior authorization is not required for services provided by
health education in your home or community	an in-network
getting you the services you need	provider.
counseling, support and screenings	
Services from a community health worker means that you'll be getting help from someone who'll advocate for you and who understands your culture, needs and preferences	
Day services	\$0
The plan covers structured day activities at a program to help you learn skills that you need to live as independently as possible in the community. Skills are designed to meet your needs, and may include the following:	Prior authorization is required.
daily living skills	
communication training	
prevocational skills	
socialization skills	
Home care services	\$0
The plan covers home care services provided in your home or community if you qualify. These services may include the following:	Prior authorization is required.
a worker to help you with household tasks	
a worker to help you with your everyday tasks and personal care. Assistance can be hands-on, prompting, or supervising these tasks.	
training or activities to improve your community living skills and help you advocate for yourself	

Community-based services that our plan covers	What you pay
Home modifications	\$0
The plan covers modifications to your home if you qualify. The modifications must be designed to ensure your health, welfare and safety or make you more independent in your home. Modifications may include the following:	Prior authorization is required.
• ramps	
grab-bars	
widening of doorways	
special systems for medical equipment	
Medication management	\$0
The plan covers medication management services from a support worker if you qualify. The support worker will help you take your prescription and over-the-counter medications. The service may include the following:	Prior authorization is not required for services provided by an in-network provider.
reminding you to take your medication	provider.
checking the medication package	
watching you take your medication	
writing down when you take your medication	
opening medications and reading the labels for you	
Nonmedical transportation	\$0
We cover non-medical transportation through Non-Emergent Ambulance, Taxi Livery, Transportation Network Company (Uber / Lyft), Wheelchair Accessible Vehicle, Stretcher Van, and Ferry. Services must be provided by our plan-approved transportation provider, CTS. NOTE: Non-medical trips are limited to 50 miles each way.	NOTE: Non-medical trips are limited to two (2) round trips or four (4) one way trips per month and 50 miles each way
Covered Service \$0 co-pay to the transportation provider, CTS. Please call CTS at 1-844-247-2100 to schedule your appointments. The non-medical transportation benefit covers two (2) round trips or four (4) one way trips per month.	Prior authorization is not required if provided by our planapproved transportation provider.

Community-based services that our plan covers	What you pay
Peer support/counseling/navigation	\$0
The plan covers training, instruction, and mentoring services if you qualify. These services will help you to advocate for yourself and participate in your community. You may get these services from a peer or in small groups.	Prior authorization is not required for services provided by an in-network provider.
Respite care	\$0
The plan covers respite-care services if your primary caregiver needs relief or is going to be unavailable for a short-term basis. These services can be provided in an emergency or be planned in advance. If planned in advance, services might be in your home, or during a short-term placement in adult foster care, adult day health, nursing facility, assisted living, rest home, or hospital.	Prior authorization is required.

E. Benefits covered outside of our plan

We don't cover the following services, but they're available through MassHealth (Medicaid).

E1. Services Covered by MassHealth (Medicaid) Fee-For-Service

E2. State Agency Services

Psychosocial Rehabilitation and Targeted Case Management

If you're getting Psychosocial Rehabilitation from the Department of behavioral Health or Targeted Case Management from the Department of behavioral Health or Department of Developmental Services, your services will continue to be provided directly from the state agency. However, Mass General Brigham SCO will assist in coordinating with these providers as a part of your overall Individualized Care Plan (ICP).

Rest Home Room and Board

If you live in a rest home and join Senior Care Options (SCO), the Department of Transitional Assistance will continue to be responsible for your room and board payments.

F. Benefits not covered by our plan, Medicare, or MassHealth (Medicaid)

This section tells you about benefits excluded by our plan. "Excluded" means that we don't pay for these benefits. Medicare and MassHealth (Medicaid) don't pay for them either.

The list below describes some services and items not covered by us under any conditions and some excluded by us only in some cases.

We don't pay for excluded medical benefits listed in this section (or anywhere else in this *Member Handbook*) except under specific conditions listed. Even if you get the services at an emergency facility, the plan won't pay for the services. If you think that our plan should pay for a service that isn't covered, you can request an appeal. For information about appeals, refer to **Chapter 9** of this *Member Handbook*.

In addition to any exclusions or limitations described in the Benefits Chart, our plan doesn't cover the following items and services:

- services considered not "reasonable and medically necessary", according Medicare and MassHealth (Medicaid) standards, unless we list these as covered services.
- experimental medical and surgical treatments, items, and drugs, unless Medicare, a
 Medicare-approved clinical research study, or our plan covers them. Refer to Chapter 3
 of this Member Handbook for more information on clinical research studies.
 Experimental treatment and items are those that aren't generally accepted by the
 medical community.
- surgical treatment for morbid obesity, except when medically necessary and Medicare pays for it
- a private room in a hospital, except when medically necessary
- private duty nurses
- personal items in your room at a hospital or a nursing facility, such as a telephone or television
- full-time nursing care in your home
- fees charged by your immediate relatives or members of your household
- routine foot care, except as described in Podiatry services in the Benefits Chart in Section D
- elective or voluntary enhancement procedures or services (including weight loss, hair growth, sexual performance, athletic performance, cosmetic purposes, anti-aging and behavioral performance), except when medically necessary



- cosmetic surgery or other cosmetic work, unless it's needed because of an accidental
 injury or to improve a part of the body that isn't shaped right. However, we cover
 reconstruction of a breast after a mastectomy and for treating the other breast to match it
- chiropractic care, other than manual manipulation of the spine consistent with coverage guidelines
- orthopedic shoes, unless the shoes are part of a leg brace and are included in the cost
 of the brace, or the shoes are for a person with diabetic foot disease
- supportive devices for the feet, except for orthopedic or therapeutic shoes for people with diabetic foot disease
- radial keratotomy, LASIK surgery, and other low-vision aids
- reversal of sterilization procedures and non-prescription contraceptive supplies
- naturopath services (the use of natural or alternative treatments)
- services provided to veterans in Veterans Affairs (VA) facilities. However, when a
 veteran gets emergency services at a VA hospital and the VA cost-sharing is more than
 the cost-sharing under our plan, we'll reimburse the veteran for the difference. You're
 still responsible for your cost-sharing amounts.

Chapter 5: Getting your outpatient drugs

Introduction

This chapter explains rules for getting your outpatient drugs. These are drugs that your provider orders for you that you get from a pharmacy or by mail-order. They include drugs covered under Medicare Part D and MassHealth (Medicaid). Key terms and their definitions appear in alphabetical order in the last chapter of this *Member Handbook*.

We also cover the following drugs, although they're not discussed in this chapter:

- **Drugs covered by Medicare Part A.** These generally include drugs given to you while you're in a hospital or nursing facility.
- **Drugs covered by Medicare Part B.** These include some chemotherapy drugs, some drug injections given to you during an office visit with a doctor or other provider, and drugs you're given at a dialysis clinic. To learn more about what Medicare Part B drugs are covered, refer to the Benefits Chart in **Chapter 4** of this *Member Handbook*.
- In addition to the plan's Medicare Part D and medical benefits coverage, your drugs may be covered by Original Medicare if you're in Medicare hospice. For more information, please refer to **Chapter 5**, **Section D** "If you're in a Medicare-certified hospice program."

Rules for our plan's outpatient drug coverage

We usually cover your drugs as long as you follow the rules in this section.

You must have a provider (doctor, dentist, or other prescriber) write your prescription, which must be valid under applicable state law. This person often is your primary care provider (PCP). It could also be another provider if your PCP has referred you for care.

Your prescriber must **not** be on Medicare's Exclusion or Preclusion Lists.

You generally must use a network pharmacy to fill your prescription (Refer to **Section A1** for more information). Or you can fill your prescription through the plan's mail-order service.

Your prescribed drug must be on our plan's *List of Covered Drugs*. We call it the "*Drug List*" for short. (Refer to **Section B** of this chapter.)

- If it isn't on the *Drug List*, we may be able to cover it by giving you an exception.
- Refer to **Chapter 9** to learn about asking for an exception.



Your drug must be used for a medically accepted indication. This means that use of the drug is either approved by the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) or supported by certain medical references. Your prescriber may be able to help identify medical references to support the requested use of the prescribed drug.

Your drug may require approval from our plan based on certain criteria before we'll cover it. (Refer to **Section C** in this chapter.)

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A. Getting your prescriptions filled

A1. Filling your prescription at a network pharmacy

In most cases, we cover prescriptions only when filled at any of our network pharmacies. A network pharmacy is a drug store that agrees to fill prescriptions for our plan members. You may use any of our network pharmacies. (Refer to **Section A8** for information about when we cover prescriptions filled at out-of-network pharmacies.)

To find a network pharmacy, refer to the *Provider and Pharmacy Directory*, visit our website or contact Member Services or your care coordinator.

A2. Using your Member ID Card when you fill a prescription

To fill your prescription, **show your Member ID Card** at your network pharmacy. The network pharmacy bills us for your covered drug.

If you don't have your Member ID Card with you when you fill your prescription, ask the pharmacy to call us to get the necessary information, or you can ask the pharmacy to look up your plan enrollment information.

If the pharmacy can't get the necessary information, you may have to pay the full cost of the prescription when you pick it up. Then you can ask us to pay you back. If you can't pay for the drug, contact Member Services right away. We'll do everything we can to help.

- To ask us to pay you back, refer to Chapter 7 of this Member Handbook.
- If you need help getting a prescription filled, contact Member Services or your care coordinator.

A3. What to do if you change your network pharmacy

If you change pharmacies and need a prescription refill, you can either ask to have a new prescription written by a provider or ask your pharmacy to transfer the prescription to the new pharmacy if there are any refills left.

If you need help changing your network pharmacy, contact Member Services or your care coordinator.

A4. What to do if your pharmacy leaves the network

If the pharmacy you use leaves our plan's network, you need to find a new network pharmacy.

To find a new network pharmacy, refer to the *Provider and Pharmacy Directory*, visit our website, or contact Member Services or your care coordinator.

A5. Using a specialized pharmacy

Sometimes prescriptions must be filled at a specialized pharmacy. Specialized pharmacies include:

- Pharmacies that supply drugs for home infusion therapy.
- Pharmacies that supply drugs for residents of a long-term care facility, such as a nursing facility.
 - Usually, long-term care facilities have their own pharmacies. If you're a resident of a long-term care facility, we make sure you can get the drugs you need at the facility's pharmacy.
 - If your long-term care facility's pharmacy isn't in our network or you have difficulty getting your drugs in a long-term care facility, contact Member Services.
- Pharmacies that serve the Indian Health Service/Tribal/Urban Indian Health Program.
 Except in emergencies, only Native Americans or Alaska Natives may use these pharmacies.
- Pharmacies that dispense drugs restricted by the FDA to certain locations or that require special handling, provider coordination, or education on their use. (Note: This scenario should happen rarely.) To find a specialized pharmacy, refer to the *Provider and Pharmacy Directory*, visit our website, or contact Member Services or your care coordinator.

A6. Using mail-order services to get your drugs

For certain kinds of drugs, you can use our plan's network mail-order services. Generally, drugs available through mail-order are drugs that you take on a regular basis for a chronic or long-term medical condition.

Our plan's mail-order service allows you to order up to a 100-day supply. You pay \$0.

Filling prescriptions by mail

To get information about filling your prescriptions by mail, call Member Services at 1-888-816-6000 (TTY: 711) or visit our website at https://mgbadvantage.org/sco.

Usually, a mail-order prescription arrives within 10 days. However, sometimes your mail order may be delayed. If your order is delayed, please call Member Services at the number listed at the bottom of this page for help getting a partial supply from a local retail pharmacy.

Mail-order processes

Mail-order service has different procedures for new prescriptions it gets from you, new prescriptions it gets directly from your provider's office, and refills on your mail-order prescriptions.

- New prescriptions the pharmacy gets from you
 - The pharmacy automatically fills and delivers new prescriptions it gets from you.
- 2. New prescriptions the pharmacy gets from your provider's office

After the pharmacy gets a prescription from a health care provider, it contacts you to find out if you want the medication filled immediately or at a later time.

- This gives you an opportunity to make sure the pharmacy is delivering the correct drug (including strength, amount, and form) and, if needed, allows you to stop or delay the order before it's shipped.
- Respond each time the pharmacy contacts you, to let them know what to do with the new prescription and to prevent any delays in shipping.
- 3. New prescriptions the pharmacy gets from your provider's office

The pharmacy automatically fills and delivers new prescriptions it gets from health care providers, without checking with you first, if:

- You used mail-order services with our plan in the past, or
- You sign up for automatic delivery of all new prescriptions you get directly from health care providers. You may ask for automatic delivery of all new prescriptions now or at any time by logging in to your https://www.optumrx.com/ account or by calling Member Services.

If you used mail-order in the past and don't want the pharmacy to automatically fill and ship each new prescription, contact us by logging in to your https://www.optumrx.com/ account or by calling Member Services.

If you never used our mail-order delivery and/or decide to stop automatic fills of new prescriptions, the pharmacy contacts you each time it gets a new prescription from a health care provider to find out if you want the medication filled and shipped immediately.

- This gives you an opportunity to make sure the pharmacy is delivering the correct drug (including strength, amount, and form) and, if necessary, allows you to cancel or delay the order before it's shipped.
- Respond each time the pharmacy contacts you, to let them know what to do with the new prescription and to prevent any delays in shipping.
- ?

To opt out of automatic deliveries of new prescriptions you get directly from your health care provider's office, contact us by logging in to your https://www.optumrx.com/ account or by calling Member Services.

4. Refills on mail-order prescriptions

For refills of your drugs, you have the option to sign up for an automatic refill program. Under this program we start to process your next refill automatically when our records show you should be close to running out of your drug.

- The pharmacy contacts you before shipping each refill to make sure you need more medication, and you can cancel scheduled refills if you have enough medication or your medication has changed.
- If you choose not to use our auto refill program, contact your pharmacy 15 days before your current prescription will run out to make sure your next order is shipped to you in time.

To opt out of our program that automatically prepares mail-order refills, contact us by logging in to your https://www.optumrx.com/ account or by calling Member Services.

Let the pharmacy know the best ways to contact you so they can reach you to confirm your order before shipping. You can let provide Optum Rx with your preferred phone number by logging in to your https://www.optumrx.com/ account or by calling Member Service.

A7. Getting a long-term supply of drugs

You can get a long-term supply of maintenance drugs on our plan's Drug List. Maintenance drugs are drugs you take on a regular basis, for a chronic or long-term medical condition.

Some network pharmacies allow you to get a long-term supply of maintenance drugs. A 100-day supply has a \$0 copay just as a one-month supply has a \$0 copay. The *Provider and Pharmacy Directory* tells you which pharmacies can give you a long-term supply of maintenance drugs. You can also call your care coordinator or Member Services for more information.

For certain kinds of drugs, you can use our plan's network mail-order services to get a long-term supply of maintenance drugs. Refer to **Section A6** to learn about mail-order services.

A8. Using a pharmacy not in our plan's network

Generally, we cover drugs filled at an out-of-network pharmacy only when you aren't able to use a network pharmacy. We have network pharmacies outside of our service area where you can get prescriptions filled as a member of our plan. In these cases, check with your care coordinator or Member Services first to find out if there's a network pharmacy nearby.

We cover prescriptions filled at an out-of-network pharmacy in the following cases:



When you travel or are away from the plan's service area but within the United States or its territories.

If you take a prescription drug on a regular basis and you are going on a trip, be sure to check your supply of the drug before you leave. When possible, take along all the medication you will need. You may be able to order your prescription drugs ahead of time through our network mail order pharmacy service or through a retail network pharmacy.

If you are traveling within the U.S., but outside of the plan's service area and you become ill or if you lose or run out of your prescription drugs, we will cover prescriptions that are filled at an out-of-network pharmacy if you follow all other coverage rules identified within this document and a network pharmacy is not available. In this situation, you will have to pay the full cost (rather than paying just your copayment) when you fill the prescription. You can ask us to reimburse you for our share of the cost by submitting a paper claim form.

Prior to filling your prescriptions at an out-of-network pharmacy, call Member Services to find out if there is a network pharmacy in the area where you are traveling. Our pharmacy network is nationwide. If there are no network pharmacies in that area, Member Services may be able to make arrangements for you to get your prescriptions from an out-of-network pharmacy.

Other times you can get your prescription covered if you go to an out-of-network pharmacy:

We will cover your prescription at an out-of-network pharmacy if at least one of the following applies:

- If you are unable to get a covered drug in a timely manner within our service area because there are no network pharmacies within a reasonable driving distance that provide 24-hour service.
- If you are trying to fill a covered prescription drug that is not regularly stocked at an eligible network retail or mail-order pharmacy (these drugs include orphan drugs or other specialty pharmaceuticals).
- You can ask us to reimburse you for our share of the cost by submitting a claim form.

In these situations, please check first with Member Service to see if there is a network pharmacy nearby. You may be required to pay the difference between what you pay for the drug at the out-of-network pharmacy and the cost that we would cover at an in-network pharmacy.

A9. Paying you back for a prescription

If you must use an out-of-network pharmacy, you must generally pay the full cost when you get your prescription. You can ask us to pay you back.

To learn more about this, refer to **Chapter 7** of this *Member Handbook*.

B. Our plan's Drug List

We have a List of Covered Drugs. We call it the "Drug List" for short.

We select the drugs on the *Drug List* with the help of a team of doctors and pharmacists. The *Drug List* also tells you the rules you need to follow to get your drugs.

We generally cover a drug on our plan's *Drug List* when you follow the rules we explain in this chapter.

B1. Drugs on our *Drug List*

Our *Drug List* includes drugs covered under Medicare Part D and some prescription and over-the-counter (OTC) drugs and products covered under MassHealth (Medicaid).

Our *Drug List* includes brand name drugs, generic drugs, and biological products (which may include biosimilars).

A brand name drug is a drug sold under a trademarked name owned by the drug manufacturer. Biological products are drugs that are more complex than typical drugs. On our *Drug List*, when we refer to "drugs" this could mean a drug or a biological product.

Generic drugs have the same active ingredients as brand name drugs. Biological products have alternatives called biosimilars. Generally, generic drugs and biosimilars work just as well as brand name or original biological products and usually cost less. Please note, eligible members do not have a cost to covered services. There are generic drug substitutes available for many brand name drugs and biosimilar alternatives for some original biological products. Some biosimilars are interchangeable biosimilars and, depending on state law, may be substituted for the original biological product at the pharmacy without needing a new prescription, just like generic drugs can be substituted for brand name drugs.

Refer to Chapter 12 for definitions of the types of drugs that may be on the Drug List.

Our plan also covers certain OTC drugs and products. Some OTC drugs cost less than prescription drugs and work just as well. Please note, eligible members do not have a cost to covered services. For more information, call Member Services.

B2. How to find a drug on our *Drug List*

To find out if a drug you take is on our *Drug List*, you can:

- Check the most recent Drug List we sent you in the mail.
- Visit our plan's website at https://mgbadvantage.org/sco. The *Drug List* on our website is always the most current one.

- Call your care coordinator or Member Services to find out if a drug is on our *Drug List* or to ask for a copy of the list.
- Use our "Real Time Benefit Tool" at https://www.optumrx.com/ to search for drugs on the Drug List to get an estimate of what you'll pay and if there are alternative drugs on the Drug List that could treat the same condition. You can also call your care coordinator or Member Services.

B3. Drugs not on our *Drug List*

We don't cover all drugs.

- Some drugs aren't on our Drug List because the law doesn't allow us to cover those drugs.
- In other cases, we decided not to include a drug on our *Drug List*.
- In some cases, you may be able to get a drug that isn't on our *Drug List*. For more information refer to **Chapter 9**.

Our plan doesn't pay for the kinds of drugs described in this section. These are called **excluded drugs**. If you get a prescription for an excluded drug, you may need to pay for it yourself. If you think we should pay for an excluded drug because of your case, you can make an appeal. Refer to **Chapter 9** of this *Member Handbook* for more information about appeals.

Here are three general rules for excluded drugs:

- 1. Our plan's outpatient drug coverage (which includes Medicare Part D and MassHealth (Medicaid) drugs) can't pay for a drug that Medicare Part A or Medicare Part B already covers. Our plan covers drugs covered under Medicare Part A or Medicare Part B for free, but these drugs aren't considered part of your outpatient drug benefits.
- 2. Our plan can't cover a drug purchased outside the United States and its territories.
- 3. Use of the drug must be approved by the FDA or supported by certain medical references as a treatment for your condition. Your doctor or other provider may prescribe a certain drug to treat your condition, even though it wasn't approved to treat the condition. This is called "off-label use." Our plan usually doesn't cover drugs prescribed for off-label use.

Also, by law, Medicare or MassHealth (Medicaid) can't cover the types of drugs listed below.

- Drugs used for cosmetic purposes or to promote hair growth
- Drugs used for the treatment of sexual or erectile dysfunction
- Outpatient drugs made by a company that says you must have tests or services done only by them



C. Limits on some drugs

For certain drugs, special rules limit how and when our plan covers them. Generally, our rules encourage you to get a drug that works for your medical condition and is safe and effective. When a safe, lower-cost drug works just as well as a higher-cost drug, we expect your provider to prescribe the lower-cost drug. Please note, eligible members do not have a cost to covered services.

Note that sometimes a drug may appear more than once in our Drug List. This is because the same drugs can differ based on the strength, amount, or form of the drug prescribed by your provider, and different restrictions may apply to the different versions of the drugs (for example, 10 mg versus 100 mg; one per day versus two per day; tablet versus liquid.)

If there's a special rule for your drug, it usually means that you or your provider must take extra steps for us to cover the drug. For example, your provider may have to tell us your diagnosis or provide results of blood tests first. If you or your provider thinks our rule shouldn't apply to your situation, ask us to use the coverage decision process to make an exception. We may or may not agree to let you use the drug without taking extra steps.

To learn more about asking for exceptions, refer to **Chapter 9** of this *Member Handbook*.

1. Limiting use of a brand name drug or original biological products when, respectively, a generic or interchangeable biosimilar version is available.

Generally, a generic drug or interchangeable biosimilar works the same as a brand name drug or original biological product and usually costs less. Please note, eligible members do not have a cost to covered services. In most cases, if there's a generic or interchangeable biosimilar version of a brand name drug or original biological product available, our network pharmacies give you, respectively, the generic or interchangeable biosimilar version.

- We usually don't pay for the brand name drug or original biological product when there's an available generic version.
- However, if your provider told us the medical reason that the generic drug or
 interchangeable biosimilar won't work for you or wrote "No substitutions" on your
 prescription for a brand name drug or original biological product or told us the medical
 reason that the generic drug, interchangeable biosimilar, or other covered drugs that
 treat the same condition won't work for you, then we cover the brand name drug.

2. Getting plan approval in advance

For some drugs, you or your prescriber must get approval from our plan before you fill your prescription. This is called prior authorization. This is put in place to ensure medication safety and help guide appropriate use of certain drugs. If you don't get approval, we may not cover the drug. Call Member Services at the number at the bottom of the page or on our website at https://mgbadvantage.org/sco for more information about prior authorization.



3. Trying a different drug first

In general, we want you to try lower-cost drugs that are as effective before we cover drugs that cost more. For example, if Drug A and Drug B treat the same medical condition, and Drug A costs less than Drug B, we may require you to try Drug A first. Please note, eligible members do not have a cost to covered services.

If Drug A doesn't work for you, then we cover Drug B. This is called step therapy. Call Member Services at the number at the bottom of the page or on our website at https://mgbadvantage.org/sco for more information about step therapy.

4. Quantity limits

For some drugs, we limit the amount of the drug you can have. This is called a quantity limit. For example, if it's normally considered safe to take only one pill per day for a certain drug, we might limit how much of a drug you can get each time you fill your prescription.

To find out if any of the rules above apply to a drug you take or want to take, check our *Drug List*. For the most up-to-date information, call Member Services or check our website at https://mgbadvantage.org/sco. If you disagree with our coverage decision based on any of the above reasons you may request an appeal. Please refer to **Chapter 9** of this *Member Handbook*.

D. Reasons your drug might not be covered

We try to make your drug coverage work well for you, but sometimes a drug may not be covered in the way that you like. For example:

- Our plan doesn't cover the drug you want to take. The drug may not be on our *Drug List*.
 We may cover a generic version of the drug but not the brand name version you want to take. A drug may be new, and we haven't reviewed it for safety and effectiveness yet.
- Our plan covers the drug, but there are special rules or limits on coverage. As explained
 in the section above, some drugs our plan covers have rules that limit their use. In some
 cases, you or your prescriber may want to ask us for an exception.

There are things you can do if we don't cover a drug the way you want us to cover it.

D1. Getting a temporary supply

In some cases, we can give you a temporary supply of a drug when the drug isn't on our *Drug List* or is limited in some way. This gives you time to talk with your provider about getting a different drug or to ask us to cover the drug.

To get a temporary supply of a drug, you must meet the two rules below:

1. The drug you've been taking:



- is no longer on our Drug List or
- was never on our *Drug List* or
- is now limited in some way.
- 2. You must be in one of these situations:
 - We cover a temporary supply of your drug during the first 90 days of the calendar year.
 - This temporary supply is for up to 30 days.
 - If your prescription is written for fewer days, we allow multiple refills to provide up to a maximum of 30 days of medication. You must fill the prescription at a network pharmacy.
 - Long-term care pharmacies may provide your drug in small amounts at a time to prevent waste.
 - You're new to our plan.
 - We cover a temporary supply of your drug during the first 90 days of your membership in our plan.
 - This temporary supply is for up to 30 days.
 - If your prescription is written for fewer days, we allow multiple refills to provide up to a maximum of 30 days of medication. You must fill the prescription at a network pharmacy.
 - Long-term care pharmacies may provide your drug in small amounts at a time to prevent waste.
 - You've been in our plan for more than 90 days, live in a long-term care facility, and need a supply right away.
 - We cover one 31-day supply, or less if your prescription is written for fewer days.
 This is in addition to the temporary supply above.
 - As a current member, if you are in a long-term facility and if you experience an unplanned drug change due to a change in level of care, you can request that we approve a one-time, temporary fill of the non-covered medication to allow you time to discuss a transition plan with your physician. Your physician can also request an exception to coverage for the non-covered drug based on review for medical necessity following the standard exception process outlined previously.

 Note: Our transition policy applies only to Part D drugs that are bought at a network pharmacy. The transition policy can't be used for non-Part D drugs or a drug at an out-of-network pharmacy.

For MassHealth (Medicaid) drugs:

- You're new to the plan.
 - We'll cover a supply of your MassHealth (Medicaid) drug for 90 days or until your comprehensive assessment and Care Plan are complete, or less if your prescription is written for fewer days.
 - To ask for a temporary supply of a drug, call Member Services at 1-888-816-6000 (TTY 711).

D2. Asking for a temporary supply

To ask for a temporary supply of a drug, call Member Services at 1-888-816-6000 (TTY 711).

When you get a temporary supply of a drug, talk with your provider as soon as possible to decide what to do when your supply runs out. Here are your choices:

Change to another drug.

Our plan may cover a different drug that works for you. Call Member Services to ask for a list of drugs we cover that treat the same medical condition. The list can help your provider find a covered drug that may work for you.

OR

Ask for an exception.

You and your provider can ask us to make an exception. For example, you can ask us to cover a drug that isn't on our Drug List or ask us to cover the drug without limits. If your provider says you have a good medical reason for an exception, they can help you ask for one.

D3. Asking for an exception

If a drug you take will be taken off our *Drug List* or limited in some way next year, we allow you to ask for an exception before next year.

- We tell you about any change in the coverage for your drug for next year. Ask us to make an exception and cover the drug for next year the way you would like.
- We answer your request for an exception within 72 hours after we get your request (or your prescriber's supporting statement).



If you have questions, please call Mass General Brigham SCO at 1-888-816-6000 (TTY 711), 8AM to 8PM EST Mon-Sun (Oct 1 – Mar 31) and 8AM to 8PM EST Mon-Fri (Apr 1 – Sep 30). The call is free. **For more information**, visit https://mgbadvantage.org/sco.

 If we approve your request, we'll authorize coverage for the drug before the change takes effect.

To learn more about asking for an exception, refer to **Chapter 9** of this *Member Handbook*.

If you need help asking for an exception, contact Member Services or your care coordinator.

E. Coverage changes for your drugs

Most changes in drug coverage happen on January 1, but we may add or remove drugs on our *Drug List* during the year. We may also change our rules about drugs. For example, we may:

- Decide to require or not require prior approval (PA) for a drug (permission from us before you can get a drug).
- Add or change the amount of a drug you can get (quantity limits).
- Add or change step therapy restrictions on a drug (you must try one drug before we cover another drug).
- Replace an original biological product with an interchangeable biosimilar version of the biological product.

We must follow Medicare requirements before we change our plan's *Drug List*. For more information on these drug rules, refer to **Section C**.

If you take a drug that we covered at the **beginning** of the year, we generally won't remove or change coverage of that drug **during the rest of the year** unless:

- a new, cheaper drug comes on the market that works as well as a drug on our *Drug List* now, or
- we learn that a drug isn't safe, or
- a drug is removed from the market.

What happens if coverage changes for a drug you're taking?

To get more information on what happens when our *Drug List* changes, you can always:

- Check our current Drug List online at https://mgbadvantage.org/sco or
- Call Member Services at the number at the bottom of the page to check our current *Drug List*.

Changes we may make to the *Drug List* that affect you during the current plan year



Some changes to the *Drug List* will happen immediately. For example:

- A new generic drug becomes available. Sometimes, a new generic drug or biosimilar comes on the market that works as well as a brand name drug or original biological product on the *Drug List* now. When that happens, we may remove the brand name drug and add the new generic drug, but your cost for the new drug will stay the same. Please note, eligible members do not have a cost to covered services. When we add the new generic drug, we may also decide to keep the brand name drug on the list but change its coverage rules or limits.
- We may not tell you before we make this change, but we'll send you information about the specific change we made once it happens.
- You or your provider can ask for an "exception" from these changes. We'll send you a
 notice with the steps you can take to ask for an exception. Please refer to Chapter 9 of
 this Member Handbook for more information on exceptions.

Removing unsafe drugs and other drugs that are taken off the market. Sometimes a drug may be found unsafe or taken off the market for another reason. If this happens, we may immediately take it off our *Drug List*. If you're taking the drug, we'll send you a notice after we make the change. You can then talk to your doctor. They can help you decide if there is a similar drug on the Drug List you can take instead.

We may make other changes that affect the drugs you take. We tell you in advance about these other changes to our *Drug List*. These changes might happen if:

The FDA provides new guidance or there are new clinical guidelines about a drug.

When these changes happen, we:

- Tell you at least 30 days before we make the change to our Drug List or
- Let you know and give you a 30-day supply of the drug after you ask for a refill.

This gives you time to talk to your doctor or other prescriber. They can help you decide:

- If there's a similar drug on our Drug List you can take instead or
- If you should ask for an exception from these changes to continue covering the drug or the version of the drug you've been taking. To learn more about asking for exceptions, refer to Chapter 9 of this Member Handbook.

Changes to the *Drug List* that don't affect you during this plan year



We may make changes to drugs you take that aren't described above and don't affect you now. For such changes, if you're taking a drug we covered at the **beginning** of the year, we generally don't remove or change coverage of that drug **during the rest of the year**.

For example, if we remove a drug you're taking or limit its use, then the change doesn't affect your use of the drug for the rest of the year.

If any of these changes happen for a drug you're taking (except for the changes noted in the section above), the change won't affect your use until January 1 of the next year.

We won't tell you about these types of changes directly during the current year. You'll need to check the *Drug List* for the next plan year (when the list is available during the open enrollment period) to see if there are any changes that will impact you during the next plan year.

F. Drug coverage in special cases

F1. In a hospital or a skilled nursing facility for a stay that our plan covers

If you're admitted to a hospital or skilled nursing facility for a stay our plan covers, we generally cover the cost of your drugs during your stay. You won't pay a copay. Once you leave the hospital or skilled nursing facility, we cover your drugs as long as the drugs meet all of our coverage rules.

F2. In a long-term care facility

Usually, a long-term care facility, such as a nursing facility, has its own pharmacy or a pharmacy that supplies drugs for all of their residents. If you live in a long-term care facility, you may get your drugs through the facility's pharmacy if it's part of our network.

Check your *Provider and Pharmacy Directory* to find out if your long-term care facility's pharmacy is part of our network. If it isn't or if you need more information, contact Member Services.

F3. In a Medicare-certified hospice program

Drugs are never covered by both hospice and our plan at the same time.

- You may be enrolled in a Medicare hospice and require certain drugs (e.g., pain, antinausea drugs, laxative, or anti-anxiety drugs) that your hospice doesn't cover because it isn't related to your terminal prognosis and conditions. In that case, our plan must get notification from the prescriber or your hospice provider that the drug is unrelated before we can cover the drug.
- To prevent delays in getting any unrelated drugs that our plan should cover, you can ask
 your hospice provider or prescriber to make sure we have the notification that the drug is
 unrelated before you ask a pharmacy to fill your prescription.

If you leave hospice, our plan covers all of your drugs. To prevent any delays at a pharmacy when your Medicare hospice benefit ends, take documentation to the pharmacy to verify that you left hospice.

Refer to earlier parts of this chapter that tell about drugs our plan covers. Refer to **Chapter 4** of this *Member Handbook* for more information about the hospice benefit.

G. Programs on drug safety and managing drugs

G1. Programs to help you use drugs safely

Each time you fill a prescription, we look for possible problems, such as drug errors or drugs that:

- may not be needed because you take another similar drug that does the same thing
- may not be safe for your age or gender
- could harm you if you take them at the same time
- have ingredients that you are or may be allergic to
- may be an error in the amount (dosage)
- have unsafe amounts of opioid pain medications

If we find a possible problem in your use of drugs, we work with your provider to correct the problem.

G2. Programs to help you manage your drugs

Our plan has a program to help members with complex health needs. In such cases, you may be eligible to get services, at no cost to you, through a medication therapy management (MTM) program. This program is voluntary and free. This program helps you and your provider make sure that your medications are working to improve your health. If you qualify for the program, a pharmacist or other health professional will give you a comprehensive review of all of your medications and talk with you about:

- how to get the most benefit from the drugs you take
- any concerns you have, like medication costs and drug reactions. Please note, eligible members do not have a cost to covered services
- how best to take your medications
- any questions or problems you have about your prescription and over-the-counter medication

Then, they'll give you:



- A written summary of this discussion. The summary has a medication action plan that recommends what you can do for the best use of your medications.
- A personal medication list that includes all medications you take, how much you take, and when and why you take them.
- Information about safe disposal of prescription medications that are controlled substances.

It's a good idea to talk to your prescriber about your action plan and medication list.

- Take your action plan and medication list to your visit or anytime you talk with your doctors, pharmacists, and other health care providers.
- Take your medication list with you if you go to the hospital or emergency room.

MTM programs are voluntary and free to members who qualify. If we have a program that fits your needs, we enroll you in the program and send you information. If you don't want to be in the program, let us know, and we'll take you out of it.

If you have guestions about these programs, contact Member Services or your care coordinator.

G3. Drug management program (DMP) to help members safely use opioid medications

We have a program that helps make sure members safely use prescription opioids and other frequently misused medications. This program is called a Drug Management Program (DMP).

If you use opioid medications that you get from several prescribers or pharmacies or if you had a recent opioid overdose, we may talk to your prescriber to make sure your use of opioid medications is appropriate and medically necessary. Working with your prescriber, if we decide your use of prescription opioid or benzodiazepine medications may not be safe, we may limit how you can get those medications. If we place you in our DMP, the limitations may include:

- Requiring you to get all prescriptions for opioid or benzodiazepine medications from a certain pharmacy(ies)
- Requiring you to get all your prescriptions for opioid or benzodiazepine medications from a certain prescriber(s)
- Limiting the amount of opioid or benzodiazepine medications we'll cover for you

If we plan on limiting how you get these medications or how much you can get, we'll send you a letter in advance. The letter will tell you if we'll limit coverage of these drugs for you, or if you'll be required to get the prescriptions for these drugs only from a specific provider or pharmacy.



You'll have a chance to tell us which prescribers or pharmacies you prefer to use and any information you think is important for us to know. After you've had the opportunity to respond, if we decide to limit your coverage for these medications, we'll send you another letter that confirms the limitations.

If you think we made a mistake, you disagree with our decision or the limitation, you and your prescriber can make an appeal. If you appeal, we'll review your case and give you a new decision. If we continue to deny any part of your appeal related to limitations that apply to your access to medications, we'll automatically send your case to an Independent Review Organization (IRO). (To learn more about appeals and the IRO, refer to **Chapter 9** of this *Member Handbook*.)

The DMP may not apply to you if you:

- have certain medical conditions, such as cancer or sickle cell disease,
- are getting hospice, palliative, or end-of-life care, or
- live in a long-term care facility.

Chapter 6: What you pay for your Medicare and MassHealth (Medicaid) drugs. Please note, eligible members do not have a cost to covered services

Introduction

This chapter tells what you pay for your outpatient drugs. By "drugs," we mean:

- Medicare Part D drugs, and
- Drugs and items covered under MassHealth (Medicaid), and
- Drugs and items covered by our plan as additional benefits.

Because you're eligible for MassHealth (Medicaid) you get Extra Help from Medicare to help pay for your Medicare Part D drugs.

Extra Help is a Medicare program that helps people with limited incomes and resources reduce Medicare Part D drug costs, such as premiums, deductibles, and copays. Extra Help is also called the "Low-Income Subsidy," or "LIS." As a Senior Care Options (SCO) member, MassHealth (Medicaid) covers the remaining costs that Medicare doesn't for Medicare Part D drug costs.

Other key terms and their definitions appear in alphabetical order in the last chapter of this *Member Handbook*.

To learn more about drugs, you can look in these places:

- Our List of Covered Drugs.
 - We call this the *Drug List*. It tells you:
 - Which drugs we cover,
 - o If there are any limits on the drugs.
 - o If you need a copy of our *Drug List*, call Member Services. You can also find the most current copy of our *Drug List* on our website at https://mgbadvantage.org/sco.
- Chapter 5 of this Member Handbook.



- o It tells how to get your outpatient drugs through our plan.
- It includes rules you need to follow. It also tells which types of drugs our plan doesn't cover.
- When you use the plan's "Real Time Benefit Tool" to look up drug coverage (refer to Chapter 5, Section B2), the cost shown is an estimate of the out-of-pocket costs you're expected to pay. You can call your care coordinator or Member Services for more information.
- Our Provider and Pharmacy Directory.
 - In most cases, you must use a network pharmacy to get your covered drugs.
 Network pharmacies are pharmacies that agree to work with us.
 - The Provider and Pharmacy Directory lists our network pharmacies. Refer to
 Chapter 5 of this Member Handbook more information about network pharmacies.

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A. The Explanation of Benefits (EOB)

Our plan keeps track of your drug costs and the payments you make when you get prescriptions at the pharmacy. We track two types of costs:

- Your out-of-pocket costs. This is the amount of money you, or others on your behalf, pay for your prescriptions. This includes what you paid when you get a covered Part D drug, any payments for your drugs made by family or friends, any payments made for your drugs by Extra Help from Medicare, employer or union health plans, Indian Health Service, AIDS drug assistance programs, charities, and most State Pharmaceutical Assistance Programs (SPAPs). With Mass General Brigham SCO you do not have to pay anything for your prescriptions, but you must follow the rules in Chapter 5. Your out-of-pocket costs will be zero. Please note, eligible members do not have a cost to covered services.
- Your total drug costs. This is the total of all payments made for your covered Part D
 drugs. It includes what our plan paid, and what other programs or organizations paid for
 your covered Part D drugs.

When you get drugs through our plan, we send you a summary called the *Explanation of Benefits*. We call it the EOB for short. The EOB isn't a bill. The EOB has more information about the drugs you take. The EOB includes:

- Information for the month. The summary tells what drugs you got for the previous month. It shows the total drug costs, what we paid, and what you and others paid for you.
- Totals for the year since January 1. This shows the total drug costs and total payments for your drugs since the year began.
- **Drug price information**. This is the total price of the drug and changes in the drug price since the first fill for each prescription claim of the same quantity.
- Lower cost alternatives. When applicable, information about other available drugs with lower cost sharing for each prescription.

We offer coverage of drugs not covered under Medicare.

- We also cover some over-the-counter drugs. You don't have to pay anything for these drugs.
- To find out which drugs our plan covers, refer to our *Drug List*. In addition to the drugs covered under Medicare, some prescription and over-the-counter drugs are covered under MassHealth (Medicaid). These drugs are included in the *Drug List*.
- If you have questions, please call Mass General Brigham SCO at 1-888-816-6000 (TTY 711), 8AM to 8PM EST Mon-Sun (Oct 1 Mar 31) and 8AM to 8PM EST Mon-Fri (Apr 1 Sep 30). The call is free. For more information, visit https://mgbadvantage.org/sco.

B. How to keep track of your drug costs

To keep track of your drug costs and the payments you make, we use records we get from you and from your pharmacy. Here is how you can help us:

1. Use your Member ID Card.

Show your Member ID Card every time you get a prescription filled. This helps us know what prescriptions you fill and what you pay.

2. Make sure we have the information we need.

Give us copies of receipts for covered drugs that you paid for. You can ask us to pay you back for the drug.

Here are examples of when you should give us copies of your receipts:

- When you buy a covered drug at a network pharmacy at a special price or use a discount card that isn't part of our plan's benefit
- When you pay a copay for drugs that you get under a drug maker's patient assistance program
- When you buy covered drugs at an out-of-network pharmacy
- When you pay the full price for a covered drug under special circumstances

For more information about asking us to pay you back for a drug, refer to **Chapter 7** of this *Member Handbook*.

3. Check the EOBs we send you.

When you get an EOB in the mail, make sure it's complete and correct.

- **Do you recognize the name of each pharmacy?** Check the dates. Did you get drugs that day?
- **Did you get the drugs listed?** Do they match those listed on your receipts? Do the drugs match what your doctor prescribed?

What if you find mistakes on this summary?

If something is confusing or doesn't seem right on this EOB, please call us at Mass General Brigham SCO Member Services. You can also find answers to many questions on our website: https://mgbadvantage.org/sco.

What about possible fraud?

If this summary shows drugs you're not taking or anything else that seems suspicious to you, please contact us.

- Call us at Mass General Brigham SCO Member Services.
- Or call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048. You can call these numbers for free.

If you think something is wrong or missing, or if you have any questions, call Member Services at 1-888-816-6000 or contact our Compliance Hotline by calling 1-844-556-2925 or visiting https://massgeneralbrighamhealthplan.ethicspoint.com/.

C. You pay nothing for a one-month or long-term supply of drugs

With our plan, you pay nothing for covered drugs as long as you follow our rules.

C1. Our plan has 1 tier

• Every drug in the plan's *Drug List* is in a single tier. You have no copays for prescription and OTC drugs on Mass General Brigham SCO Drug List. Tier 1 includes all drugs including preferred generics drugs, generic drugs, preferred brand drugs, non-preferred brand drugs, and MassHealth (Medicaid) over the counter drugs. Your copy is \$0 for all drugs in Tier 1.

C2. Getting a long-term supply of a drug

For some drugs, you can get a long-term supply (also called an "extended supply") when you fill your prescription. A long-term supply is up to a 100-day supply. There's no cost to you for a long-term supply.

For details on where and how to get a long-term supply of a drug, refer to **Chapter 5** of this *Member Handbook* or our *Provider and Pharmacy Directory*.

For information about which pharmacies can give you long-term supplies, refer to our plan's *Provider* and *Pharmacy Directory*.

D. What you pay for Part D vaccines

Important message about what you pay for vaccines: Some vaccines are considered medical benefits and are covered under Medicare Part B. Other vaccines are considered Medicare Part D drugs. You can find these vaccines listed in our *Drug List*. Our plan covers most adult Medicare Part D

vaccines at no cost to you. Refer to your plan's *Drug List* or contact Member Services for coverage and cost sharing details about specific vaccines.

There are two parts to our coverage of Medicare Part D vaccines:

- 1. The first part is for the cost of the vaccine itself.
- 2. The second part is for the cost of giving you the vaccine. For example, sometimes you may get the vaccine as a shot given to you by your doctor.

D1. What you need to know before you get a vaccine

We recommend that you call Member Services or your care coordinator if you plan to get a vaccine. We can tell you about how our plan covers your vaccine.

Chapter 7: Asking us to pay a bill you got for covered services or drugs. Please note, eligible members do not have a cost to covered services

Introduction

This chapter tells you how and when to send us a bill to ask for payment. It also tells you how to make an appeal if you don't agree with a coverage decision. Key terms and their definitions appear in alphabetical order in the last chapter of this *Member Handbook*.

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A. Asking us to pay for your services or drugs. Please note, eligible members do not have a cost to covered services

You shouldn't get a bill for in-network services or drugs. Our network providers must bill the plan for your covered services and drugs after you get them. A network provider is a provider who works with the health plan.

We don't allow Mass General Brigham SCO providers to bill you for these services or drugs. We pay our providers directly, and we protect you from any charges.

If you get a bill for health care or drugs, don't pay the bill and send the bill to us. To send us a bill, refer to Chapter 2, Section A.

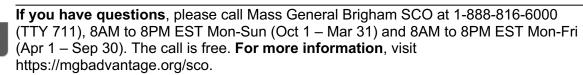
- If we cover the services or drugs, we'll pay the provider directly.
- If we cover the services or drugs and you already paid the bill, it's your right to be paid back.
 - o If you paid for services covered by Medicare, we'll pay you back.
 - If you paid for services covered by MassHealth (Medicaid) we can't pay you back, but the provider or MassHealth (Medicaid) will. Member Services or your care coordinator can help you contact the provider's office. Refer to the bottom of the page for the Member Services phone number.
- If we don't cover the services or drugs, we'll tell you.

Contact Member Services or your care coordinator if you have any questions. If you get a bill and you don't know what to do about it, we can help. You can also call if you want to tell us information about a request for payment you already sent to us.

Examples of times when you may need to ask us to pay you back or to pay a bill you got include:

1. When you get emergency or urgently needed health care from an out-of-network provider

- Ask the provider to bill us. Contact Member Services or your care coordinator if you need help.
- If you pay the full amount when you get the care, ask us to pay you back. Send us the bill and proof of any payment you made.
- You may get a bill from the provider asking for payment that you think you don't owe.
 Send us the bill and proof of any payment you made.



- o If the provider should be paid, we'll pay the provider directly.
- o If you already paid for the Medicare service, we'll pay you back.

2. When a network provider sends you a bill

Network providers must always bill us. It's important to show your Member ID Card when you get any services or prescriptions. But sometimes they make mistakes and ask you to pay for your services or more than your share of the costs. **Call Member Services** or your care coordinator at the number at the bottom of this page **if you get any bills**.

- Because we cover the entire cost for your services, you aren't responsible for paying any costs. Providers shouldn't bill you anything for these services.
- Whenever you get a bill from a network provider, send us the bill. We'll contact the provider directly and take care of the problem.
- If you already paid a bill from a network provider for Medicare-covered services, send us the bill and proof of any payment you made. We'll pay you back for your covered services.

3. If you're retroactively enrolled in our plan

Sometimes your enrollment in the plan can be retroactive. (This means that the first day of your enrollment has passed. It may have even been last year.)

- If you were enrolled retroactively and you paid a bill after the enrollment date, you can ask us to pay you back.
- Send us the bill and proof of any payment you made.

4. When you use an out-of-network pharmacy to fill a prescription

If you use an out-of-network pharmacy, you pay the full cost of your prescription.

- In only a few cases, we'll cover prescriptions filled at out-of-network pharmacies. Send
 us a copy of your receipt when you ask us to pay you back.
- Refer to **Chapter 5** of this *Member Handbook* to learn more about out-of-network pharmacies.
- We may not pay you back the difference between what you paid for the drug at the outof-network pharmacy and the amount that we'd pay at an in-network pharmacy.



5. When you pay the full Medicare Part D prescription cost because you don't have your Member ID Card with you

If you don't have your Member ID Card with you, you can ask the pharmacy to call us or look up your plan enrollment information.

- If the pharmacy can't get the information right away, you may have to pay the full prescription cost yourself or return to the pharmacy with your Member ID Card.
- Send us a copy of your receipt when you ask us to pay you back.
- We may not pay you back the full cost you paid if the cash price you paid is higher than our negotiated price for the prescription.

6. When you pay the full Medicare Part D prescription cost for a drug that's not covered

You may pay the full prescription cost because the drug isn't covered.

- The drug may not be on our *List of Covered Drugs* (*Drug List*) on our website, or it may have a requirement or restriction that you don't know about or don't think applies to you. If you decide to get the drug, you may need to pay the full cost.
 - If you don't pay for the drug but think we should cover it, you can ask for a coverage decision (refer to Chapter 9 of this Member Handbook).
 - If you and your doctor or other prescriber think you need the drug right away, (within 24 hours), you can ask for a fast coverage decision (refer to **Chapter 9** of this *Member Handbook*).
- Send us a copy of your receipt when you ask us to pay you back. In some cases, we
 may need to get more information from your doctor or other prescriber to pay you back
 for the drug. We may not pay you back the full cost you paid if the price you paid is
 higher than our negotiated price for the prescription.

When you send us a request for payment, we review it and decide whether the service or drug should be covered. This is called making a "coverage decision." If we decide the service or drug should be covered, we pay for it.

If we deny your request for payment, you can appeal our decision. To learn how to make an appeal, refer to **Chapter 9** of this *Member Handbook*.

B. Sending us a request for payment. Please note, eligible members do not have a cost to covered services

Send us your bill and proof of any payment you made for Medicare services or call us. Proof of payment can be a copy of the check you wrote or a receipt from the provider. **It's a good idea to make a copy of your bill and receipts for your records.** You can ask your care coordinator for help.

To make sure you give us all the information we need to decide, you can fill out our reimbursement form to ask for payment.

- You aren't required to use the form, but it helps us process the information faster.
- You can get the form on our website https://mgbadvantage.org/sco, or you can call Member Services and ask for the form.
- You can go to the Member Portal to submit a request at: https://member.massgeneralbrighamhealthplan.org/.

Mail your request for payment together with any bills or receipts to this address:

Mass General Brigham Health Plan, Inc. Member Services 399 Revolution Drive, Suite 875 Somerville, MA 02145

For Part D prescription drug claims: Mail your request for payment together with any bills or paid receipts to us at this address:

Optum Rx Claims Department PO Box 650287 Dallas, TX 75265-0287

You must submit your claim to us within 365 days of the date you got the service, item, or drug to obtain reimbursement. Fitness benefit reimbursements may be submitted no later than March 31st of the following plan year.

C. Coverage decisions

When we get your request for payment, we make a coverage decision. This means that we decide if our plan covers your service, item, or drug. We also decide the amount of money, if any, you must pay.

- We'll let you know if we need more information from you.
- If we decide that our plan covers the service, item, or drug and you followed all the rules for getting it, we'll pay for it. If you already paid for the service or drug, we'll mail you a check. If you paid the full cost of a drug, you might not be reimbursed the full amount you paid (for example, if you got a drug at an out-of-network pharmacy or if the cash price you paid is higher than our negotiated price). If you haven't paid, we'll pay the provider directly.

Chapter 3 of this *Member Handbook* explains the rules for getting your services covered. **Chapter 5** of this *Member Handbook* explains the rules for getting your Medicare Part D drugs covered.

- If we decide not to pay for the service or drug, we'll send you a letter with the reasons. The letter also explains your rights to make an appeal.
- To learn more about coverage decisions, refer to Chapter 9.

D. Appeals

If you think we made a mistake in turning down your request for payment, you can ask us to change our decision. This is called "making an appeal." You can also make an appeal if you don't agree with the amount we pay.

The formal appeals process has detailed procedures and deadlines. To learn more about appeals, refer to **Chapter 9** of this *Member Handbook* in **Section E**.

- To make an appeal about getting paid back for a health care service, refer to **Section F**.
- To make an appeal about getting paid back for a drug, refer to Section G.

Chapter 8: Your rights and responsibilities

Introduction

This chapter includes your rights and responsibilities as a member of our plan. We must honor your rights. Key terms and their definitions appear in alphabetical order in the last chapter of this *Member Handbook*.

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A. Your right to get services and information in a way that meets your needs

We must ensure **all** services, both clinical and non-clinical, are provided to you in a culturally competent and accessible manner including for those with limited English proficiency, limited reading skills, hearing incapacity, or those with diverse cultural and ethnic backgrounds. We must also tell you about our plan's benefits and your rights in a way that you can understand. We must tell you about your rights each year that you're in our plan.

- To get information in a way that you can understand, call your care coordinator or Member Services. Our plan has free interpreter services available to answer questions in different languages.
- Our plan can also give you materials in languages other than English including Spanish and in formats such as large print, braille, or audio. To get materials in one of these alternative formats, please call Member Services or write to us at:

Mass General Brigham Health Plan, Inc. Member Services 399 Revolution Drive, Suite 875 Somerville, MA 02145

For purposes of future mailings, we keep your request for alternative formats and/or special languages on record. If you need to change your communication preferences with us at any time, please call Member Services or communicate directly with your care coordinator.

If you have trouble getting information from our plan because of language problems or a disability and you want to file a complaint, call:

- Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.
- My Ombudsman at 1-855-781-9898, Mon through Fri from 9:00 AM to 4:00 PM
 - Use 7-1-1 to call 1-855-781-9898. This number is for people who are deaf, hard of hearing, or speech disabled.
 - Use Videophone (VP) 1-339-224-6831. This number is for people who are deaf or hard of hearing.
- MassHealth (Medicaid) Customer Service Center at 1-800-841-2900, Mon through Fri, from 8:00 AM to 5:00 PM (TTY: 711).
- Office for Civil Rights at 1-800-368-1019. TTY users should call 1-800-537-7697.



B. Our responsibility for your timely access to covered services and drugs

You have rights as a member of our plan.

- You have the right to choose a primary care provider (PCP) in our network. A network
 provider is a provider who works with us. You can find more information about what
 types of providers may act as a PCP and how to choose a PCP in Chapter 3 of this
 Member Handbook.
 - Call your care coordinator or Member Services or go to the *Provider and Pharmacy Directory* to learn more about network providers and which doctors are accepting new patients.
- You have the right to a women's health specialist without getting a referral. A referral is
 approval from your PCP to use a provider that isn't your PCP. We don't require you to
 get referrals.
- You have the right to get covered services from network providers within a reasonable amount of time.
 - o This includes the right to get timely services from specialists.
 - If you can't get services within a reasonable amount of time, we must pay for out-ofnetwork care.
- You have the right to get emergency services or care that's urgently needed without prior approval (PA).
- You have the right to get your prescriptions filled at any of our network pharmacies without long delays.
- You have the right to know when you can use an out-of-network provider. To learn about out-of-network providers, refer to **Chapter 3** of this *Member Handbook*.

Chapter 9 of this *Member Handbook* tells what you can do if you think you aren't getting your services or drugs within a reasonable amount of time. It also tells what you can do if we denied coverage for your services or drugs and you don't agree with our decision.

C. Our responsibility to protect your personal health information (PHI)

We protect your PHI as required by federal and state laws.

Your PHI includes the personal information you gave us when you enrolled in our plan. It also includes your medical records and other medical and health information.

You have rights when it comes to your information and controlling how your PHI is used. We give you a written notice that tells about these rights and explains how we protect the privacy of your PHI. The notice is called the "Notice of Privacy Practice."

C1. How we protect your PHI

We make sure that no unauthorized people look at or change your records.

Except for the cases noted below, we don't give your PHI to anyone not providing your care or paying for your care. If we do, we must get written permission from you first. You, or someone legally authorized to make decisions for you, can give written permission.

Sometimes we don't need to get your written permission first. These exceptions are allowed or required by law:

- We must release PHI to government agencies checking on our plan's quality of care.
- We must release PHI by court order.
- We must give Medicare your PHI including information about your Medicare Part D drugs. If Medicare releases your PHI for research or other uses, they do it according to federal laws.

C2. Your right to look at your medical records

- You have the right to look at your medical records and to get a copy of your records.
- You have the right to ask us to update or correct your medical records. If you ask us to do this, we work with your health care provider to decide if changes should be made.
- You have the right to know if and how we share your PHI with others for any purposes that aren't routine.

If you have questions or concerns about the privacy of your PHI, call Member Services.

D. Our responsibility to give you information

As a member of our plan, you have the right to get information from us about our plan, our network providers, and your covered services.

If you don't speak English, we have interpreter services to answer questions you have about our plan. To get an interpreter, call Member Services. This is a free service to you. You can get this document and other documents printed in Spanish or you can speak with someone regarding this information in other languages for free. Please call Member Services at 1-888-816-6000 (TTY 71 1), 8AM to 8PM EST Mon-Sun (Oct 1 – Mar 31) and 8AM to 8PM EST Mon-Fri (Apr 1 – Sep 30). This call is free. We can also give you information in large print, braille, or audio.

If you want information about any of the following, call Member Services:

- How to choose or change plans
- Our plan, including:
 - o financial information
 - how plan members have rated us
 - o the number of appeals made by members
 - how to leave our plan
- Our network providers and our network pharmacies, including:
 - how to choose or change primary care providers
 - o qualifications of our network providers and pharmacies
 - how we pay providers in our network
- Covered services and drugs, including:
 - services (refer to Chapters 3 and 4 of this Member Handbook) and drugs (refer to Chapters 5 and 6 of this Member Handbook) covered by our plan
 - limits to your coverage and drugs
 - o rules you must follow to get covered services and drugs
- Why something isn't covered and what you can do about it (refer to **Chapter 9** of this *Member Handbook*), including asking us to:
 - put in writing why something isn't covered



- o change a decision we made
- o pay for a bill you got

E. Inability of network providers to bill you directly

Doctors, hospitals, and other providers in our network can't make you pay for covered services. They also can't balance bill or charge you if we pay less than the amount the provider charged. To learn what to do if a network provider tries to charge you for covered services, refer to **Chapter 7** of this *Member Handbook*.

F. Your right to leave our plan

No one can make you stay in our plan if you don't want to.

- You have the right to get most of your health care services through Original Medicare or another Medicare Advantage (MA) plan.
- You can get your Medicare Part D drug benefits from a drug plan or from another MA plan.
- Refer to Chapter 10 of this Member Handbook:
 - o For more information about when you can join a new MA or drug benefit plan.
 - For information about how you'll get your MassHealth (Medicaid) benefits if you leave our plan.

G. Your right to make decisions about your health care

You have the right to full information from your doctors and other health care providers to help you make decisions about your health care.

G1. Your right to know your treatment choices and make decisions

Your providers must explain your condition and your treatment choices in a way that you can understand. You have the right to:

- Know your choices. You have the right to be told about all treatment options.
- Know the risks. You have the right to be told about any risks involved. We must tell you
 in advance if any service or treatment is part of a research experiment. You have the
 right to refuse experimental treatments.

- Get a second opinion. You have the right to use another doctor before deciding on treatment.
- Say no. You have the right to refuse any treatment. This includes the right to leave a hospital or other medical facility, even if your doctor advises you not to. You have the right to stop taking a prescribed drug. If you refuse treatment or stop taking a prescribed drug, we won't drop you from our plan. However, if you refuse treatment or stop taking a drug, you accept full responsibility for what happens to you.
- Ask us to explain why a provider denied care. You have the right to get an
 explanation from us if a provider denied care that you think you should get.
- Ask us to cover a service or drug that we denied or usually don't cover. This is called a coverage decision. Chapter 9 of this *Member Handbook* tells how to ask us for a coverage decision.

G2. Your right to say what you want to happen if you can't make health care decisions for yourself

Sometimes people are unable to make health care decisions for themselves. Before that happens to you, you can:

- Fill out a written form giving someone the right to make health care decisions for you if you ever become unable to make decisions for yourself.
- **Give your doctors written instructions** about how to handle your health care if you become unable to make decisions for yourself, including care you **don't** want.

The legal document you use to give your directions is called an "advance directive." There are different types of advance directives and different names for them. Examples are a living will and a power of attorney for health care.

You aren't required to have an advance directive, but you can. Here's what to do if you want to use an advance directive:

- Get the form. You can get the form from your doctor, a lawyer, a social worker, or some
 office supply stores. Pharmacies and provider offices often have the forms. You can find
 a free form online and download it. You can also contact Member Services to ask for the
 form.
- Fill out the form and sign it. The form is a legal document. Consider having a lawyer or someone else you trust, such as a family member or your PCP, help you complete it.
- Give copies of the form to people who need to know. Give a copy of the form to your doctor. You should also give a copy to the person you name to make decisions for you if



you can't. You may want to give copies to close friends or family members. Keep a copy at home.

- If you're being hospitalized and you have a signed advance directive, take a copy of it to the hospital.
 - The hospital will ask if you have a signed advance directive form and if you have it with you.
 - If you don't have a signed advance directive form, the hospital has forms and will ask
 if you want to sign one.

You have the right to:

- Have your advance directive placed in your medical records.
- Change or cancel your advance directive at any time.

By law, no one can deny you care or discriminate against you based on whether you signed an advance directive. Call Member Services for more information.

G3. What to do if your instructions aren't followed

If you signed an advance directive and you think a doctor or hospital didn't follow the instructions in it, you can make a complaint with Massachusetts Department of Public Health, Division of Healthcare Quality's Complaint Unit by calling 1-800-462-5540. You may file a complaint against an individual healthcare provider by calling the Board of Registration in Medicine at 1-781-876-8200.

H. Your right to make complaints and ask us to reconsider our decisions

Chapter 9 of this *Member Handbook* tells you what you can do if you have any problems or concerns about your covered services or care. For example, you can ask us to make a coverage decision, make an appeal to change a coverage decision, or make a complaint.

You have the right to get information about appeals and complaints that other plan members have filed against us. Call Member Services to get this information.

H1. What to do about unfair treatment or to get more information about your rights

If you think we treated you unfairly – and it **isn't** about discrimination for reasons listed in **Chapter 11** of this *Member Handbook* – or you want more information about your rights, you can call:

Member Services.



- The SHINE (Serving the Health Insurance Needs of Everyone) program at 1-800-243-4636. For more details about SHINE (Serving the Health Insurance Needs of Everyone), refer to Chapter 2, Section C.
- My Ombudsman at 1-855-781-9898 (Toll Free), Mon through Fri from 9:00 AM to 4:00 PM
 - Use 7-1-1 to call 1-855-781-9898. This number is for people who are deaf, hard of hearing, or speech disabled.
 - Use Videophone (VP) 1-339-224-6831. This number is for people who are deaf or hard of hearing.
 - Email My Ombudsman at info@myombudsman.org.

My Ombudsman is an independent program that can help you address concerns or conflicts with your enrollment in Senior Care Options (SCO) or your access to SCO benefits and services.

Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048. (You can also read or download "Medicare Rights & Protections," found on the Medicare website at www.medicare.gov/publications/11534-medicare-rights-and-protections.pdf.)

MassHealth (Medicaid) at 1-800-841-2900, Mon through Fri, from 8:00 AM to 5:00 PM (TTY: 711).

I. Your responsibilities as a plan member

As a plan member, you have a responsibility to do the things that are listed below. If you have any questions, call Member Services.

- Read this *Member Handbook* to learn what our plan covers and the rules to follow to get covered services and drugs. For details about your:
 - Covered services, refer to Chapters 3 and 4 of this Member Handbook. Those chapters tell you what's covered, what isn't covered, what rules you need to follow, and what you pay.
 - Covered drugs, refer to Chapters 5 and 6 of this Member Handbook.
- Tell us about any other health or drug coverage you have. We must make sure you
 use all of your coverage options when you get health care. Call Member Services if you
 have other coverage.
- Tell your doctor and other health care providers that you're a member of our plan.
 Show your Member ID Card when you get services or drugs.



- **Help your doctors** and other health care providers give you the best care.
 - Give them information they need about you and your health. Learn as much as you
 can about your health problems. Follow the treatment plans and instructions that you
 and your providers agree on.
 - Make sure your doctors and other providers know about all the drugs you take. This
 includes prescription drugs, over-the-counter drugs, vitamins, and supplements.
 - Ask any questions you have. Your doctors and other providers must explain things in a way you can understand. If you ask a question and you don't understand the answer, ask again.
- Be considerate. We expect all plan members to respect the rights of others. We also
 expect you to act with respect in your doctor's office, hospitals, and other provider
 offices.
- Pay what you owe. As a plan member, you're responsible for these payments:
 - Medicare Part A and Medicare Part B premiums. For most Mass General Brigham SCO members, MassHealth (Medicaid) pays for your Medicare Part A premium and for your Medicare Part B premium.
 - If you get any services or drugs that aren't covered by our plan, you must pay the full cost. (Note: If you disagree with our decision to not cover a service or drug, you can make an appeal. Please refer to Chapter 9 Section E to learn how to make an appeal.)
- Tell us if you move. If you plan to move, tell us right away. Call your care coordinator or Member Services.
 - If you move outside of our service area, you can't stay in our plan. Only people
 who live in our service area can be members of this plan. Chapter 1 of this Member
 Handbook tells you about our service area.
 - We can help you find out if you're moving outside our service area.
 - Tell Medicare and MassHealth (Medicaid) your new address when you move. Refer to Chapter 2 of this Member Handbook for phone numbers for Medicare and MassHealth (Medicaid).
 - If you move and stay in our service area, we still need to know. We need to keep your membership record up to date and know how to contact you.
 - If you move, tell Social Security (or the Railroad Retirement Board).



• Call your care coordinator or Member Services for help if you have questions or concerns.

I1. Estate Recovery

MassHealth (Medicaid) is required by federal law to recover money from the estates of certain MassHealth (Medicaid) members who are age 55 years or older, and who are any age and are receiving long-term care in a nursing home or other medical institution. For more information about MassHealth (Medicaid) estate recovery, please visit www.mass.gov/estaterecovery.

Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

Introduction

This chapter has information about your rights. Read this chapter to find out what to do if:

- You have a problem with or complaint about your plan.
- You need a service, item, or medication that your plan said it won't pay for.
- You disagree with a decision your plan made about your care.
- You think your covered services are ending too soon.

This chapter is in different sections to help you easily find what you're looking for. **If you have a problem or concern, read the parts of this chapter that apply to your situation.** This chapter is broken into different sections to help you easily find information about what to do for your problem or concern.

If you're facing a problem with your services

You should get the medical services, behavioral health services, drugs, and long-term services and supports (LTSS) that are necessary for your care as a part of your Individualized Care Plan (ICP). If you're having a problem with your care, you can call My Ombudsman at 1-855-781-9898 (or by using MassRelay at 711 to call 1-855-781-9898 or Videophone (VP) 1-339-224-6831). This chapter explains the options you have for different problems and complaints, but you can also call My Ombudsman to help you with your problem. For additional resources to address your concerns and ways to contact them, refer to Chapter 2, Section G for more information about My Ombudsman.

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A. What to do if you have a problem or concern

This chapter explains how to handle problems and concerns. The process you use depends on the type of problem you have. Use one process for **coverage decisions and appeals** and another for **making complaints** (also called grievances).

To ensure fairness and promptness, each process has a set of rules, procedures, and deadlines that we and you must follow.

A1. About the legal terms

There are legal terms in this chapter for some rules and deadlines. Many of these terms can be hard to understand, so we use simpler words in place of certain legal terms when we can. We use abbreviations as little as possible.

For example, we say:

- "Making a complaint" instead of "filing a grievance"
- "Coverage decision" instead of "organization determination", "benefit determination", "at-risk determination", or "coverage determination"
- "Fast coverage decision" instead of "expedited determination"
- "Independent Review Organization" (IRO) instead of "Independent Review Entity" (IRE)

Knowing the proper legal terms may help you communicate more clearly, so we provide those too.

B. Where to get help

B1. For more information and help

Sometimes it's confusing to start or follow the process for dealing with a problem. This can be especially true if you don't feel well or have limited energy. Other times, you may not have the information you need to take the next step.

Help from the State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP)

You can call the State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP). SHINE counselors can answer your questions and help you understand what to do about your problem. SHINE isn't connected with us or with any insurance company or health plan. SHINE has trained counselors in every county, and services are free. The SHINE phone number is 1-800-243-4636 and their website is https://shinema.org/. TTY (for people who are deaf, hard of hearing, or speech disabled): 1-800-439-2370 (Massachusetts only).



Help and information from Medicare

For more information and help, you can contact Medicare. Here are two ways to get help from Medicare:

- Call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users call 1-877-486-2048.
- Visit the Medicare website (<u>www.medicare.gov</u>).

Help and information from MassHealth (Medicaid)

You can call MassHealth (Medicaid) Customer Service directly for help with problems. Call 1-800-841-2900. TTY (for people who are deaf, hard of hearing, or speech disabled): 711.

Help from My Ombudsman

My Ombudsman is an independent program that can help you if you have questions, concerns, or problems related to Senior Care Options (SCO). You can contact My Ombudsman to get information or help to resolve any issue or problem with your SCO plan. My Ombudsman's services are free. Information about My Ombudsman may also be found in **Chapter 2**, **Section G**. My Ombudsman's staff:

- Can answer your questions or refer you to the right place to find what you need.
- Can help you address a problem or concern with SCO or your SCO plan, Mass General Brigham SCO. My Ombudsman's staff will listen, investigate the issue, and discuss options with you to help solve the problem.
- Help with appeals. An appeal is a formal way of asking your SCO plan, MassHealth (Medicaid), or Medicare to review a decision about your services. My Ombudsman's staff can talk with you about how to make an appeal and what to expect during the appeal process.

You can call, email, write, or visit My Ombudsman at its office.

- Call 1-855-781-9898, Mon through Fri from 9:00 AM to 4:00 PM People who are deaf, hard of hearing, or speech disabled should use MassRelay at 711 to call 1-855-781-9898 or Videophone (VP) 1-339-224-6831.
- Email info@myombudsman.org
- Write to or visit My Ombudsman's office at 25 Kingston Street, 4th floor, Boston, MA 02111.
 - Please o Please refer to the My Ombudsman website or contact them directly for updated information about location, appointments, and walk-in hours
- Visit My Ombudsman online at <u>www.myombudsman.org</u>
- If you have questions, please call Mass General Brigham SCO at 1-888-816-6000 (TTY 711), 8AM to 8PM EST Mon-Sun (Oct 1 Mar 31) and 8AM to 8PM EST Mon-Fri (Apr 1 Sep 30). The call is free. For more information, visit https://mgbadvantage.org/sco.

C. Understanding Medicare and MassHealth (Medicaid) complaints and appeals in our plan

You have Medicare and MassHealth (Medicaid). Information in this chapter applies to **all** your Medicare and MassHealth (Medicaid) benefits. This is sometimes called an "integrated process" because it combines, or integrates, Medicare and MassHealth (Medicaid) processes.

Sometimes Medicare and MassHealth (Medicaid) processes can't be combined. In those situations, you use one process for a Medicare benefit and another process for a MassHealth (Medicaid) benefit. **Section F4** explains these situations.

D. Problems with your benefits

If you have a problem or concern, read the parts of this chapter that apply to your situation. The following chart helps you find the right section of this chapter for problems or complaints.

Is your problem or concern about your benefits or coverage?

This includes problems about whether particular medical care (medical items, services and/or Part B drugs) are covered or not, the way they're covered, and problems about payment for medical care.

Υ	es	_

My problem is about benefits or coverage.

Refer to **Section E**, "Coverage decisions and appeals."

No.

My problem isn't about benefits or coverage.

Refer to **Section K**, "How to make a complaint."

E. Coverage decisions and appeals

The process for asking for a coverage decision and making an appeal deals with problems related to your benefits and coverage for your medical care (services, items and Part B drugs, including payment). To keep things simple we generally refer to medical items, services, and Part B drugs as **medical care**.

E1. Coverage decisions

A coverage decision is a decision we make about your benefits and coverage or about the amount we pay for your medical services or drugs. For example, if your plan network provider refers you to a



medical specialist outside of the network, this referral is considered a favorable decision unless either your network provider can show that you received a standard denial notice for this medical specialist, or the referred service is never covered under any condition (refer to **Chapter 4**, **Section H** of this *Member Handbook*).

You or your doctor can also contact us and ask for a coverage decision. You or your doctor may be unsure whether we cover a specific medical service or if we may refuse to provide medical care you think you need. If you want to know if we'll cover a medical service before you get it, you can ask us to make a coverage decision for you.

We make a coverage decision whenever we decide what's covered for you and how much we pay. In some cases, we may decide a service or drug isn't covered or is no longer covered for you by Medicare or MassHealth (Medicaid). If you disagree with this coverage decision, you can make an appeal.

E2. Appeals

If we make a coverage decision and you aren't satisfied with this decision, you can "appeal" the decision. An appeal is a formal way of asking us to review and change a coverage decision we made.

When you appeal a decision for the first time, this is called a Level 1 Appeal. In this appeal, we review the coverage decision we made to check if we followed all rules properly. Different reviewers than those who made the original unfavorable decision handle your appeal.

When we complete the review, we give you our decision. Under certain circumstances, explained later in this chapter Section F2, you can ask for an expedited or "fast coverage decision" or "fast appeal" of a coverage decision.

If we say **No** to part or all of what you asked for, we'll send you a letter. If your problem is about coverage of a Medicare medical care, the letter will tell you that we sent your case to the Independent Review Organization (IRO) for a Level 2 Appeal. If your problem is about coverage of a Medicare Part D or MassHealth (Medicaid) service or item, the letter will tell you how to file a Level 2 Appeal yourself. Refer to **Section F4** for more information about Level 2 Appeals. If your problem is about coverage of a service or item covered by both Medicare and MassHealth (Medicaid), the letter will give you information regarding both types of Level 2 Appeals.

If you aren't satisfied with the Level 2 Appeal decision, you may be able to go through additional levels of appeal.

E3. Help with coverage decisions and appeals

You can ask for help from any of the following:

• **Member Services** at the numbers at the bottom of the page.



- Call your Care Coordinator.
- Call, email, write, or visit My Ombudsman.
 - Call 1-855-781-9898, Mon through Fri from 9:00 AM to 4:00 PM People who are deaf, hard of hearing, or speech disabled should use MassRelay at 711 to call 1-855-781-9898 or Videophone (VP) 1-339-224-6831.
 - Email info@myombudsman.org.
 - Visit My Ombudsman online at <u>www.myombudsman.org.</u>
 - Write to or visit the My Ombudsman office at 25 Kingston Street, 4th floor, Boston, MA 02111.
 - Please refer to the My Ombudsman website or contact them directly for updated information about location, appointments, and walk-in hours.
- State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP) for free help. In Massachusetts, the SHIP is called SHINE. SHINE is an independent organization. It isn't connected with this plan. The SHINE phone number is 1-800-243-4636. TTY (for people who are deaf, hard of hearing, or speech disabled): 1-800-439-2370 (Massachusetts only).
- Your doctor or other provider. Your doctor or other provider can ask for a coverage decision or appeal on your behalf.
- A friend or family member. You can name another person to act for you as your "representative" and ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal.
- A lawyer. You have the right to a lawyer, but you aren't required to have a lawyer to ask for a
 coverage decision or make an appeal.
 - Call your own lawyer or get the name of a lawyer from the local bar association or other referral service. Some legal groups will give you free legal services if you qualify.

Fill out the Appointment of Representative form if you want a lawyer or someone else to act as your representative. The form gives someone permission to act for you.

Call Member Services at the numbers at the bottom of the page and ask for the "Appointment of Representative" form. You can also get the form by visiting www.cms.gov/Medicare/CMS-Forms/CMS-Forms/downloads/cms1696.pdf or on our website at https://mgbadvantage.org/sco. You must give us a copy of the signed form.

E4. Which section of this chapter can help you

There are four situations that involve coverage decisions and appeals. Each situation has different rules and deadlines. We give details for each one in a separate section of this chapter. Refer to the section that applies:

- Section F, "Medical care"
- Section G, "Medicare Part D drugs"
- Section H, "Asking us to cover a longer hospital stay"
- **Section I**, "Asking us to continue covering certain medical services" (This section only applies to these services: home health care, skilled nursing facility care, and Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services.)

If you're not sure which section to use, call Member Services at the numbers at the bottom of the page.

If you need other help or information, please call My Ombudsman at 1-855-781-9898 (or use MassRelay at 711 to call 1-855-781-9898 or Videophone (VP) 1-339-224-6831) or email info@myombudsman.org. You may also call SHINE (Serving the Health Insurance Needs of Everyone at 1-800-243-4636 (TTY 1-800-439-2370) or visit www.mass.gov/health-insurance-counseling.

F. Medical care

This section explains what to do if you have problems getting coverage for medical care or if you want us to pay you back for your care.

This section is about your benefits for medical care that's described in **Chapter 4** of this *Member Handbook* in the benefits chart. In some cases, different rules may apply to a Medicare Part B drug. When they do, we explain how rules for Medicare Part B drugs differ from rules for medical services and items.

F1. Using this section

This section explains what you can do in any of the five following situations:

1. You think we cover medical care you need but aren't getting.

What you can do: You can ask us to make a coverage decision. Refer to Section F2.

2. We didn't approve the medical care your doctor or other health care provider wants to give you, and you think we should.



What you can do: You can appeal our decision. Refer to Section F3.

3. You got medical care that you think we cover, but we won't pay.

What you can do: You can appeal our decision not to pay. Refer to Section F5.

4. You got and paid for medical care you thought we cover, and you want us to pay you back.

What you can do: You can ask us to pay you back. Refer to Section F5.

5. We reduced or stopped your coverage for certain medical care, and you think our decision could harm your health.

What you can do: You can appeal our decision to reduce or stop the medical care. Refer to Section F4.

- If the coverage is for hospital care, home health care, skilled nursing facility care, or CORF services, special rules apply. Refer to **Section H** or **Section I** to find out more.
- For all other situations involving reducing or stopping your coverage for certain medical care, use this section (**Section F**) as your guide.

F2. Asking for a coverage decision

When a coverage decision involves your medical care, it's called an **integrated organization** determination.

You, your doctor, or your representative can ask us for a coverage decision by:

Calling: 1-888-816-6000, TTY: 711.

• Faxing: 1-617-526-1910.

• Writing:

Mass General Brigham Health Plan Member Services 399 Revolution Drive Suite 875 Somerville, MA 02145

Standard coverage decision

When we give you our decision, we use the "standard" deadlines unless we agree to use the "fast" deadlines. A standard coverage decision means we give you an answer within:

- 7 calendar days after we get your request for a medical service or item that is subject to our prior authorization rules.
- 14 calendar days after we get your request for all other medical services or items.
- 72 hours after we get your request for a Medicare Part B drug.

For a medical item or service, we can take up to 14 more calendar days if you ask for more time or if we need more information that may benefit you (such as medical records from out-of-network providers). If we take extra days to make the decision, we'll tell you in writing. We can't take extra days if your request is for a Medicare Part B drug.

If you think we **shouldn't** take extra days, you can make a "fast complaint" about our decision to take extra days. When you make a fast complaint, we give you an answer to your complaint within 24 hours. The process for making a complaint is different from the process for coverage decisions and appeals. For more information about making a complaint, including a fast complaint, refer to **Section K**.

Fast coverage decision

The legal term for fast coverage decision is **expedited determination**.

When you ask us to make a coverage decision about your medical care and your health requires a quick response, ask us to make a "fast coverage decision." A fast coverage decision means we'll give you an answer within:

- 72 hours after we get your request for a medical service or item.
- 24 hours after we get your request for a Medicare Part B drug.

For a medical item or service, we can take up to 14 more calendar days if we find information that may benefit you is missing (such as medical records from out-of-network providers) or if you need time to get us information for the review. If we take extra days to make the decision, we'll tell you in writing. We can't take extra time if your request is for a Medicare Part B drug.

If you think we **shouldn't** take extra days to make the coverage decision, you can make a "fast complaint" about our decision to take extra days. For more information about making a complaint, including a fast complaint, refer to **Section K**. We'll call you as soon as we make the decision.

To get a fast coverage decision, you must meet two requirements:



- You're asking for coverage for medical items and/or services that you didn't get. You can't ask
 for a fast coverage decision about payment for items or services you already got.
- Using the standard deadlines could cause serious harm to your health or hurt your ability to function.

We automatically give you a fast coverage decision if your doctor tells us your health requires it. If you ask without your doctor's support, we decide if you get a fast coverage decision.

- If we decide that your health doesn't meet the requirements for a fast coverage decision, we send you a letter that says so and we use the standard deadlines instead. The letter tells you:
 - We automatically give you a fast coverage decision if your doctor asks for it.
 - How you can file a "fast complaint" about our decision to give you a standard coverage decision instead of a fast coverage decision. For more information about making a complaint, including a fast complaint, refer to **Section K**.

If we say No to part or all of your request, we send you a letter explaining the reasons.

- If we say **No**, you have the right to make an appeal. If you think we made a mistake, making an appeal is a formal way of asking us to review our decision and change it.
- If you decide to make an appeal, you'll go on to Level 1 of the appeals process (refer to **Section F3**).

In limited circumstances we may dismiss your request for a coverage decision, which means we won't review the request. Examples of when a request will be dismissed include:

- if the request is incomplete,
- if someone makes the request on your behalf but isn't legally authorized to do so, or
- if you ask for your request to be withdrawn.

If we dismiss a request for a coverage decision, we'll send you a notice explaining why the request was dismissed and how to ask for a review of the dismissal. This review is called an appeal. Appeals are discussed in the next section.

F3. Making a Level 1 Appeal

To start an appeal, you, your doctor, or your representative must contact us. Call us at 1-888-816-6000 (TTY 711) or contact us using the below information.

Mass General Brigham Health Plan



Appeals and Grievances Department 399 Revolution Drive, Suite 875 Somerville, MA 02145

Fax: 1-617-526-1923

Email: HealthPlanDSNPMAAppealsGrievances@mgb.org

You can also submit a request through your Member Portal at: https://member.massgeneralbrighamhealthplan.org/.

Additionally, if you need help during the appeals process, you can call My Ombudsman at 1-855-781-9898 (or use MassRelay at 711 to call 1-855-781-9898 or Videophone (VP) 1-339-224-6831). My Ombudsman is not connected with us or with any insurance company or health plan.

Ask for a standard appeal or a fast appeal in writing or by calling us at 1-888-816-6000 or emailing us at HealthPlanDSNPMAAppealsGrievances@mgb.org.

- If your doctor or other prescriber asks to continue a service or item you're already getting during your appeal, you may need to name them as your representative to act on your behalf.
- If someone other than your doctor makes the appeal for you, include an Appointment of Representative form authorizing this person to represent you. You can get the form by visiting www.cms.gov/Medicare/CMS-Forms/CMS-Forms/downloads/cms1696.pdf or on our website at https://mgbadvantage.org/.
- We can accept an appeal request without the form, but we can't begin or complete our review until we get it. If we don't get the form before our deadline for making a decision on your appeal:
 - o We dismiss your request, and
 - We send you a written notice explaining your right to ask the IRO to review our decision to dismiss your appeal.
- You must ask for an appeal within 65 calendar days from the date on the letter we sent to tell you our decision.
- If you miss the deadline and have a good reason for missing it, we may give you more time to
 make your appeal. Examples of good reasons are things like you had a serious illness or we
 gave you the wrong information about the deadline. Explain the reason why your appeal is late
 when you make your appeal.
- You have the right to ask us for a free copy of the information about your appeal. You and your doctor may also give us more information to support your appeal.

If your health requires it, ask for a fast appeal.

The legal term for "fast appeal" is "expedited reconsideration."

 If you appeal a decision we made about coverage for care, you and/or your doctor decide if you need a fast appeal.

We automatically give you a fast appeal if your doctor tells us your health requires it. If you ask without your doctor's support, we decide if you get a fast appeal.

- If we decide that your health doesn't meet the requirements for a fast appeal, we send you a letter that says so and we use the standard deadlines instead. The letter tells you:
 - We automatically give you a fast appeal if your doctor asks for it.
 - How you can file a "fast complaint" about our decision to give you a standard appeal instead of a fast appeal. For more information about making a complaint, including a fast complaint, refer to **Section K**.

If we tell you we're stopping or reducing services or items that you already get, you may be able to continue those services or items during your appeal.

- If we decide to change or stop coverage for a service or item that you get, we send you a notice before we take action.
- If you disagree with our decision, you can file a Level 1 Appeal.
- We continue covering the service or item if you ask for a Level 1 Appeal within 10 calendar days
 of the date on our letter or by the intended effective date of the action, whichever is later.
 - If you meet this deadline, you'll get the service or item with no changes while your Level 1 appeal is pending.
 - You'll also get all other services or items (that aren't the subject of your appeal) with no changes.
 - If you don't appeal before these dates, then your service or item won't be continued while you wait for your appeal decision.

We consider your appeal and give you our answer.

- When we review your appeal, we take another careful look at all information about your request for coverage of medical care.
- We check if we followed all the rules when we said No to your request.
- ?

If you have questions, please call Mass General Brigham SCO at 1-888-816-6000 (TTY 711), 8AM to 8PM EST Mon-Sun (Oct 1 – Mar 31) and 8AM to 8PM EST Mon-Fri (Apr 1 – Sep 30). The call is free. For more information, visit https://mgbadvantage.org/sco.

• We gather more information if we need it. We may contact you or your doctor to get more information.

There are deadlines for a fast appeal.

- When we use the fast deadlines, we must give you our answer within 72 hours after we get your appeal. We'll give you our answer sooner if your health requires it.
- If you ask for more time or if we need more information that may benefit you, we can take up to 14 more calendar days if your request is for a medical item or service.
 - If we need extra days to make the decision, we tell you in writing.
 - If your request is for a Medicare Part B drug, we can't take extra time to make the decision.
 - o If we don't give you an answer within 72 hours or by the end of the extra days we took, we must send your request to Level 2 of the appeals process. An IRO then reviews it. Later in this chapter, we tell you about this organization and explain the Level 2 appeals process. If your problem is about coverage of a MassHealth (Medicaid) service or item, you can file a Level 2 Fair Hearing with the state yourself as soon as the time is up.
- If we say Yes to part or all of your request, we must authorize or provide the coverage we agreed to provide within 72 hours after we get your appeal.
- If we say No to part or all of your request, we send your appeal to the IRO for a Level 2 Appeal.

There are deadlines for a standard appeal.

- When we use the standard deadlines, we must give you our answer within 30 calendar days
 after we get your appeal for coverage for services you didn't get.
- If your request is for a Medicare Part B drug you didn't get, we give you our answer within 7 calendar days after we get your appeal or sooner if your health requires it.
- If you ask for more time or if we need more information that may benefit you, we can take up to 14 more calendar days if your request is for a medical item or service.
 - If we need extra days to make the decision, we tell you in writing.
 - If your request is for a Medicare Part B drug, we can't take extra time to make the decision.



- If you think we shouldn't take extra days, you can file a fast complaint about our decision. When you file a fast complaint, we give you an answer within 24 hours. For more information about making complaints, including fast complaints, refer to Section K.
- o If we don't give you an answer by the deadline or by the end of the extra days we took, we must send your request to Level 2 of the appeals process. An IRO then reviews it. Later in this chapter, we tell you about this organization and explain the Level 2 appeals process. If your problem is about coverage of a MassHealth (Medicaid) service or item, you can file a Level 2 Fair Hearing with the state yourself as soon as the time is up.

If we say Yes to part or all of your request, we must authorize or provide the coverage we agreed to provide within 30 calendar days, or within 7 calendar days if your request is for a Medicare Part B drug, after we get your appeal.

If we say **No** to part or all of your request, **you have additional appeal rights:**

- If we say No to part or all of what you asked for, we send you a letter.
- If your problem is about coverage of a Medicare service or item, the letter tells you that we sent your case to the IRO for a Level 2 Appeal.
- If your problem is about coverage of a MassHealth (Medicaid) service or item, the letter tells you how to file a Level 2 Appeal yourself.

F4. Making a Level 2 Appeal

If we say **No** to part or all of your Level 1 Appeal, we send you a letter. This letter tells you if Medicare, MassHealth (Medicaid), or both programs usually cover the service or item.

- If your problem is about a service or item that Medicare usually covers, we automatically send your case to Level 2 of the appeals process as soon as the Level 1 Appeal is complete.
- If your problem is about a service or item that MassHealth (Medicaid) usually covers, you can file a Level 2 Appeal yourself. The letter tells you how to do this. We also include more information later in this chapter.
- If your problem is about a service or item that both Medicare and MassHealth (Medicaid) may cover, you automatically get a Level 2 Appeal with the IRO. You can also ask for a Fair Hearing with the state.

If you qualified for continuation of benefits when you filed your Level 1 Appeal, your benefits for the service, item, or drug under appeal may also continue during Level 2. Refer to **Section F3** for information about continuing your benefits during Level 1 Appeals.

- If your problem is about a service usually covered only by Medicare, your benefits for that service don't continue during the Level 2 appeals process with the IRO.
- If your problem is about a service usually covered only by MassHealth (Medicaid), your benefits
 for that service continue if you submit a Level 2 Appeal within 10 calendar days after getting our
 decision letter.

When your problem is about a service or item Medicare usually covers

The IRO reviews your appeal. It's an independent organization hired by Medicare.

The formal name for the Independent Review Organization (IRO) is the **Independent Review Entity**, sometimes called the **IRE**.

- This organization isn't connected with us and isn't a government agency. Medicare chose the company to be the IRO, and Medicare oversees their work.
- We send information about your appeal (your "case file") to this organization. You have the right to a free copy of your case file.
- You have a right to give the IRO additional information to support your appeal.
- Reviewers at the IRO take a careful look at all information related to your appeal.

If you had a fast appeal at Level 1, you also have a fast appeal at Level 2.

- If you had a fast appeal to us at Level 1, you automatically get a fast appeal at Level 2. The IRO must give you an answer to your Level 2 Appeal within 72 hours of getting your appeal.
- If your request is for a medical item or service and the IRO needs to gather more information that may benefit you, it can take up to 14 more calendar days. The IRO can't take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Medicare Part B drug.

If you had a standard appeal at Level 1, you also have a standard appeal at Level 2.

- If you had a standard appeal to us at Level 1, you automatically get a standard appeal at Level 2.
- If your request is for a medical item or service, the IRO must give you an answer to your Level 2 Appeal within 30 calendar days of getting your appeal.



- If your request is for a Medicare Part B drug, the IRO must give you an answer to your Level 2 Appeal within 7 calendar days of getting your appeal.
- If your request is for a medical item or service and the IRO needs to gather more information
 that may benefit you, it can take up to 14 more calendar days. The IRO take extra time to
 make a decision if your request is for a Medicare Part B drug.

The IRO gives you their answer in writing and explains the reasons.

- If the IRO says Yes to part or all of a request for a medical item or service, we must:
 - Authorize the medical care coverage within 72 hours, or
 - Provide the service within 14 calendar days after we get the IRO's decision for standard requests, or
 - Provide the service within 72 hours from the date we get the IRO's decision for expedited requests.
- If the IRO says Yes to part or all of a request for a Medicare Part B drug, we must authorize or provide the Medicare Part B drug under dispute:
 - o within 72 hours after we get the IRO's decision for standard requests, or
 - within 24 hours from the date we get the IRO's decision for expedited requests.
- If the IRO says No to part or all of your appeal, it means they agree that we shouldn't approve your request (or part of your request) for coverage for medical care. This is called "upholding the decision" or "turning down your appeal."
 - o If your case meets the requirements, you choose whether you want to take your appeal further.
 - There are three additional levels in the appeals process after Level 2, for a total of five levels.
 - o If your Level 2 Appeal is turned down and you meet the requirements to continue the appeals process, you must decide whether to go on to Level 3 and make a third appeal. The details about how to do this are in the written notice you get after your Level 2 Appeal.
 - An Administrative Law Judge (ALJ) or attorney adjudicator handles a Level 3 Appeal.
 Refer to Section J for more information about Level 3, 4, and 5 Appeals.

When your problem is about a service or item MassHealth (Medicaid) usually covers, or that's covered by both Medicare and MassHealth (Medicaid)

A Level 2 Appeal for services that MassHealth (Medicaid) usually covers is a Fair Hearing with the state. In MassHealth (Medicaid) a Fair Hearing is called a Fair Hearing. You must ask for a Fair Hearing in writing or by phone **within 120 calendar days** of the date we sent the decision letter on your Level 1 Appeal. The letter you get from us tells you where to submit your request for a Fair Hearing.

Enrollees must request a Level 2 appeal for services covered by MassHealth (Medicaid). The form will be sent to enrollees with the denial decision letter. The form must be filled out and sent along with a copy of the notice you are appealing to:

The Board of Hearings Office of Medicaid 100 Hancock Street, 6th floor Quincy, MA 02171

Or you may fax or call:

- Fax or e-fax these materials to the Board of Hearings at 1-617-887-8797, or
- Call the MassHealth (Medicaid) Customer Service Center at 1-800-841-2900, TDD/TTY: 711, to fill out your request for a fair hearing form by phone.

The Fair Hearing office gives you their decision in writing and explains the reasons.

- If the Fair Hearing office says **Yes** to part or all of a request for a medical item or service, we must authorize or provide the service or item **within 72 hours** after we get their decision.
- If the Fair Hearing office says **No** to part or all of your appeal, it means they agree that we shouldn't approve your request (or part of your request) for coverage for medical care. This is called "upholding the decision" or "turning down your appeal."

If the IRO or Fair Hearing office decision is **No** for all or part of your request, you have additional appeal rights.

If your Level 2 Appeal went to the **IRO**, you can appeal again only if the dollar value of the service or item you want meets a certain minimum amount. An ALJ or attorney adjudicator handles a Level 3 Appeal. The letter you get from the IRO explains additional appeal rights you may have.

The letter you get from the Fair Hearing office describes the next appeal option.

Refer to **Section J** for more information about your appeal rights after Level 2.



F5. Payment problems. Please note, eligible members do not have a cost to covered services

We don't allow our network providers to bill you for covered services and items. This is true even if we pay the provider less than the provider charges for a covered service or item. You're never required to pay the balance of any bill.

If you get a bill for covered services and items, send the bill to us. Don't pay the bill yourself. We'll contact the provider directly and take care of the problem. If you do pay the bill, you can get a refund from our plan if you followed the rules for getting services or item.

For more information, refer to **Chapter 7** of this *Member Handbook*. It describes situations when you may need to ask us to pay you back or pay a bill you got from a provider. It also tells how to send us the paperwork that asks us for payment.

If you ask to be paid back, you're asking for a coverage decision. We'll check if the service or item you paid for is covered and if you followed all the rules for using your coverage.

- If the service or item you paid for is covered and you followed all the rules, we'll send you **or** your provider the payment for the service or item typically within 30 calendar days, but no later than 60 calendar days after we get your request. Your provider may then send the payment to you.
- If you haven't paid for the service or item yet, we'll send the payment directly to the provider. When we send the payment, it's the same as saying **Yes** to your request for a coverage decision.
- If the service or item isn't covered or you didn't follow all the rules, we'll send you a letter telling you we won't pay for the service or item and explaining why.

If you don't agree with our decision not to pay, **you can make an appeal**. Follow the appeals process described in **Section F3**. When you follow these instructions, note:

 If you make an appeal for us to pay you back, we must give you our answer within 30 calendar days after we get your appeal.

If our answer to your appeal is **No** and **Medicare** usually covers the service or item, we'll send your case to the IRO. We'll send you a letter if this happens.

• If the IRO reverses our decision and says we should pay you, we must send the payment to you or to the provider within 30 calendar days. If the answer to your appeal is **Yes** at any stage of the appeals process after Level 2, we must send the payment to you or to the health care provider within 60 calendar days.



• If the IRO says **No** to your appeal, it means they agree that we shouldn't approve your request. This is called "upholding the decision" or "turning down your appeal." You'll get a letter explaining additional appeal rights you may have. Refer to **Section J** for more information about additional levels of appeal.

If our answer to your appeal is **No** and MassHealth (Medicaid) usually covers the service or item, you can file a Level 2 Appeal yourself. Refer to **Section F4** for more information.

G. Medicare Part D drugs

Your benefits as a member of our plan include coverage for many drugs. Most of these are Medicare Part D drugs. There are a few drugs that Medicare Part D doesn't cover that MassHealth (Medicaid) may cover. **This section only applies to Medicare Part D drug appeals.** We'll say "drug" in the rest of this section instead of saying "Medicare Part D drug" every time. For drugs covered only by MassHealth (Medicaid) follow the process in **Section E**.

To be covered, the drug must be used for a medically accepted indication. That means the drug is approved by the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) or supported by certain medical references. Refer to **Chapter 5** of this *Member Handbook* for more information about a medically accepted indication.

G1. Medicare Part D coverage decisions and appeals

Here are examples of coverage decisions you ask us to make about your Medicare Part D drugs:

- You ask us to make an exception, including asking us to:
 - o cover a Medicare Part D drug that isn't on our plan's *Drug List* or
 - set aside a restriction on our coverage for a drug (such as limits on the amount you can get)
- You ask us if a drug is covered for you (such as when your drug is on our plan's *Drug List* but
 we must approve it for you before we cover it)

NOTE: If your pharmacy tells you that your prescription can't be filled as written, the pharmacy gives you a written notice explaining how to contact us to ask for a coverage decision.

An initial coverage decision about your Medicare Part D drugs is called a "coverage determination."

 You ask us to pay for a drug you already bought. This is asking for a coverage decision about payment. Please note, eligible members do not have a cost to covered services.

If you disagree with a coverage decision we made, you can appeal our decision. This section tells you both how to ask for coverage decisions and how to make an appeal. Use the chart below to help you.

Which of these situations are you in?					
You need a drug that isn't on our <i>Drug List</i> or need us to set aside a rule or restriction on a drug we cover.	You want us to cover a drug on our <i>Drug List</i> , and you think you meet plan rules or restrictions (such as getting approval in advance) for the drug you need.	You want to ask us to pay you back for a drug you already got and paid for.	We told you that we won't cover or pay for a drug in the way that you want.		
You can ask us to make an exception. (This is a type of coverage decision.)	You can ask us for a coverage decision.	You can ask us to pay you back. (This is a type of coverage decision.)	You can make an appeal. (This means you ask us to reconsider.)		
Start with Section G2, then refer to Sections G3 and G4.	Refer to Section G4 .	Refer to Section G4 .	Refer to Section G5 .		

G2. Medicare Part D exceptions

If we don't cover a drug in the way you would like, you can ask us to make an "exception." If we turn down your request for an exception, you can appeal our decision.

When you ask for an exception, your doctor or other prescriber needs to explain the medical reasons why you need the exception.

Asking for coverage of a drug not on our *Drug List* or for removal of a restriction on a drug is sometimes called asking for a "formulary exception."



Here are some examples of exceptions that you or your doctor or other prescriber can ask us to make:

1. Covering a drug that isn't on our *Drug List*

We can agree to make an exception and cover a drug that isn't on our Drug List.

2. Removing a restriction for a covered drug

- Extra rules or restrictions apply to certain drugs on our *Drug List* (refer to **Chapter 5** of this *Member Handbook* for more information).
- Extra rules and restrictions for certain drugs include:
 - o Being required to use the generic version of a drug instead of the brand name drug.
 - Getting our approval in advance before we agree to cover the drug for you. This is sometimes called "prior authorization (PA)."
 - Being required to try a different drug first before we agree to cover the drug you ask for.
 This is sometimes called "step therapy."
 - Quantity limits. For some drugs, there are restrictions on the amount of the drug you can have.

G3. Important things to know about asking for an exception

Your doctor or other prescriber must tell us the medical reasons.

Your doctor or other prescriber must give us a statement explaining the medical reasons for asking for an exception. For a faster decision, include this medical information from your doctor or other prescriber when you ask for the exception.

Our *Drug List* often includes more than one drug for treating a specific condition. These are called "alternative" drugs. If an alternative drug is just as effective as the drug you ask for and wouldn't cause more side effects or other health problems, we generally **don't** approve your exception request.

We can say Yes or No to your request.

- If we say Yes to your exception request, the exception usually lasts until the end of the calendar
 year. This is true as long as your doctor continues to prescribe the drug for you and that drug
 continues to be safe and effective for treating your condition.
- If we say No to your exception request, you can make an appeal. Refer to Section G5 for information on making an appeal if we say No.

The next section tells you how to ask for a coverage decision, including an exception.



G4. Asking for a coverage decision, including an exception

- Ask for the type of coverage decision you want by calling <phone number>, writing, or faxing us.
 You, your representative, or your doctor (or other prescriber) can do this. Please include your name, contact information, and information about the claim.
- You or your doctor (or other prescriber) or someone else acting on your behalf can ask for a coverage decision. You can also have a lawyer act on your behalf.
- Refer to Section E3 to find out how to name someone as your representative.
- You don't need to give written permission to your doctor or other prescriber to ask for a coverage decision on your behalf.
- If you want to ask us to pay you back for a drug, refer to **Chapter 7** of this *Member Handbook*.
- If you ask for an exception, give us a "supporting statement." The supporting statement includes your doctor or other prescriber's medical reasons for the exception request.
- Your doctor or other prescriber can fax or mail us the supporting statement. They can also tell us by phone and then fax or mail the statement.

If your health requires it, ask us for a "fast coverage decision."

We use the "standard deadlines" unless we agree to use the "fast deadlines."

- A **standard coverage decision** means we give you an answer within 72 hours after we get your doctor's statement.
- A **fast coverage decision** means we give you an answer within 24 hours after we get your doctor's statement.

A "fast coverage decision" is called an "expedited coverage determination."

You can get a fast coverage decision if:

- It's for a drug you didn't get. You can't get a fast coverage decision if you're asking us to pay you back for a drug you already bought.
- Your health or ability to function would be seriously harmed if we use the standard deadlines.

If your doctor or other prescriber tells us that your health requires a fast coverage decision, we agree and give it to you. We send you a letter that tells you.



- If you ask for a fast coverage decision without support from your doctor or other prescriber, we decide if you get a fast coverage decision.
- If we decide that your medical condition doesn't meet the requirements for a fast coverage decision, we use the standard deadlines instead.
 - We send you a letter that tells you. The letter also tells you how to make a complaint about our decision.
 - You can file a fast complaint and get a response within 24 hours. For more information making complaints, including fast complaints, refer to **Section K**.

Deadlines for a fast coverage decision

- If we use the fast deadlines, we must give you our answer within 24 hours after we get your request. If you ask for an exception, we give you our answer within 24 hours after we get your doctor's supporting statement. We give you our answer sooner if your health requires it.
- If we don't meet this deadline, we send your request to Level 2 of the appeals process for review by an IRO. Refer to **Section G6** for more information about a Level 2 Appeal.
- If we say **Yes** to part or all of your request, we give you the coverage within 24 hours after we get your request or your doctor's supporting statement.
- If we say **No** to part or all of your request, we send you a letter with the reasons. The letter also tells you how you can make an appeal.

Deadlines for a standard coverage decision about a drug you didn't get

- If we use the standard deadlines, we must give you our answer within 72 hours after we get your request. If you ask for an exception, we give you our answer within 72 hours after we get your doctor's supporting statement. We give you our answer sooner if your health requires it.
- If we don't meet this deadline, we send your request to Level 2 of the appeals process for review by an IRO.
- If we say **Yes** to part or all of your request, we give you the coverage within 72 hours after we get your request or your doctor's supporting statement for an exception.
- If we say **No** to part or all of your request, we send you a letter with the reasons. The letter also tells you how to make an appeal.

Deadlines for a standard coverage decision about a drug you already bought

- We must give you our answer within 14 calendar days after we get your request.
- If we don't meet this deadline, we send your request to Level 2 of the appeals process for review by an IRO.
- If we say **Yes** to part or all of your request, we pay you back within 14 calendar days.
- If we say **No** to part or all of your request, we send you a letter with the reasons. The letter also tells you how to make an appeal.

G5. Making a Level 1 Appeal

An appeal to our plan about a Medicare Part D drug coverage decision is called a plan "redetermination".

- Start your standard or fast appeal by calling 1-800-711-4555, writing, or faxing us. You, your representative, or your doctor (or other prescriber) can do this. Please include your name, contact information, and information regarding your appeal.
- You must ask for an appeal within 65 calendar days from the date on the letter we sent to tell
 you our decision.
- If you miss the deadline and have a good reason for missing it, we may give you more time to
 make your appeal. Examples of good reasons are things like you had a serious illness or we
 gave you the wrong information about the deadline. Explain the reason why your appeal is late
 when you make your appeal.
- You have the right to ask us for a free copy of the information about your appeal. You and your doctor may also give us more information to support your appeal.

If your health requires it, ask for a fast appeal.

A fast appeal is also called an "expedited redetermination."

- If you appeal a decision we made about a drug you didn't get, you and your doctor or other prescriber decide if you need a fast appeal.
- Requirements for a fast appeal are the same as those for a fast coverage decision. Refer to Section G4 for more information.

We consider your appeal and give you our answer.



- We review your appeal and take another careful look at all of the information about your coverage request.
- We check if we followed the rules when we said **No** to your request.
- We may contact you or your doctor or other prescriber to get more information.

Deadlines for a fast appeal at Level 1

- If we use the fast deadlines, we must give you our answer within 72 hours after we get your appeal.
 - We give you our answer sooner if your health requires it.
 - If we don't give you an answer within 72 hours, we must send your request to Level 2 of the appeals process. Then an IRO reviews it. Refer to Section G6 for information about the review organization and the Level 2 appeals process.
- If we say **Yes** to part or all of your request, we must provide the coverage we agreed to provide within 72 hours after we get your appeal.
- If we say **No** to part or all of your request, we send you a letter that explains the reasons and tells you how you can make an appeal.

Deadlines for a standard appeal at Level 1

- If we use the standard deadlines, we must give you our answer within 7 calendar days after we get your appeal for a drug you didn't get.
- We give you our decision sooner if you didn't get the drug and your health condition requires it. If you believe your health requires it, ask for a fast appeal.
 - If we don't give you a decision within 7 calendar days, we must send your request to Level 2 of the appeals process. Then an IRO reviews it. Refer to **Section G6** for information about the review organization and the Level 2 appeals process.

If we say **Yes** to part or all of your request:

- We must provide the coverage we agreed to provide as quickly as your health requires, but no later than 7 calendar days after we get your appeal.
- We must **send payment to you** for a drug you bought **within 30 calendar days** after we get your appeal.

If we say **No** to part or all of your request:



- We send you a letter that explains the reasons and tells you how you can make an appeal.
- We must give you our answer about paying you back for a drug you bought within 14 calendar days after we get your appeal.
 - If we don't give you a decision within 14 calendar days, we must send your request to Level 2 of the appeals process. Then an IRO reviews it. Refer to **Section G6** for information about the review organization and the Level 2 appeals process.
- If we say Yes to part or all of your request, we must pay you within 30 calendar days after we
 get your request.
- If we say **No** to part or all of your request, we send you a letter that explains the reasons and tells you how you can make an appeal.

G6. Making a Level 2 Appeal

If we say **No** to your Level 1 Appeal, you can accept our decision or make another appeal. If you decide to make another appeal, you use the Level 2 Appeal appeals process. The **IRO** reviews our decision when we said **No** to your first appeal. This organization decides if we should change our decision.

The formal name for the "Independent Review Organization" (IRO) is the "Independent Review Entity", sometimes called the "IRE".

To make a Level 2 Appeal, you, your representative, or your doctor or other prescriber must contact the IRO **in writing** and ask for a review of your case.

- If we say **No** to your Level 1 Appeal, the letter we send you includes **instructions about how to make a Level 2 Appeal** with the IRO. The instructions tell who can make the Level 2 Appeal, what deadlines you must follow, and how to reach the organization.
- When you make an appeal to the IRO, we send the information we have about your appeal to the organization. This information is called your "case file". You have the right to a free copy of your case file.
- You have a right to give the IRO additional information to support your appeal.

The IRO reviews your Medicare Part D Level 2 Appeal and gives you an answer in writing. Refer to **Section F4** for more information about the IRO.

Deadlines for a fast appeal at Level 2

If your health requires it, ask the IRO for a fast appeal.

- If they agree to a fast appeal, they must give you an answer within 72 hours after getting your appeal request.
- If they say **Yes** to part or all of your request, we must provide the approved drug coverage **within 24 hours** after getting the IRO's decision.

Deadlines for a standard appeal at Level 2

If you have a standard appeal at Level 2, the IRO must give you an answer:

- within 7 calendar days after they get your appeal for a drug you didn't get.
- within 14 calendar days after getting your appeal for repayment for a drug you bought.

If the IRO says **Yes** to part or all of your request:

- We must provide the approved drug coverage within 72 hours after we get the IRO's decision.
- We must pay you back for a drug you bought within 30 calendar days after we get the IRO's decision.
- If the IRO says **No** to your appeal, it means they agree with our decision not to approve your request. This is called "upholding the decision" or "turning down your appeal".

If the IRO says **No** to your Level 2 Appeal, you have the right to a Level 3 Appeal if the dollar value of the drug coverage you ask for meets a minimum dollar value. If the dollar value of the drug coverage you ask for is less than the required minimum, you can't make another appeal. In that case, the Level 2 Appeal decision is final. The IRO sends you a letter that tells you the minimum dollar value needed to continue with a Level 3 Appeal.

If the dollar value of your request meets the requirement, you choose if you want to take your appeal further.

- There are three additional levels in the appeals process after Level 2.
- If the IRO says No to your Level 2 Appeal and you meet the requirement to continue the appeals process, you:
 - Decide if you want to make a Level 3 Appeal.
 - Refer to the letter the IRO sent you after your Level 2 Appeal for details about how to make a Level 3 Appeal.



An ALJ or attorney adjudicator handles Level 3 Appeals. Refer to **Section J** for information about Level 3, 4, and 5 Appeals.

H. Asking us to cover a longer hospital stay

When you're admitted to a hospital, you have the right to get all hospital services that we cover that are necessary to diagnose and treat your illness or injury. For more information about our plan's hospital coverage, refer to **Chapter 4** of this *Member Handbook*.

During your covered hospital stay, your doctor and the hospital staff work with you to prepare for the day when you leave the hospital. They also help arrange for care you may need after you leave.

- The day you leave the hospital is called your "discharge date."
- Your doctor or the hospital staff will tell you what your discharge date is.

If you think you're being asked to leave the hospital too soon or you're concerned about your care after you leave the hospital, you can ask for a longer hospital stay. This section tells you how to ask.

H1. Learning about your Medicare rights

Within two days after you're admitted to the hospital, someone at the hospital, such as a nurse or caseworker, will give you a written notice called "An Important Message from Medicare about Your Rights." Everyone with Medicare gets a copy of this notice whenever they're admitted to a hospital.

If you don't get the notice, ask any hospital employee for it. If you need help, call Member Services at the numbers at the bottom of the page. You can also call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.

- **Read the notice** carefully and ask questions if you don't understand. The notice tells you about your rights as a hospital patient, including your rights to:
 - Get Medicare-covered services during and after your hospital stay. You have the right to know what these services are, who will pay for them, and where you can get them.
 - Be a part of any decisions about the length of your hospital stay.
 - Know where to report any concerns you have about the quality of your hospital care.
 - Appeal if you think you're being discharged from the hospital too soon.
- Sign the notice to show that you got it and understand your rights.



- You or someone acting on your behalf can sign the notice.
- Signing the notice only shows that you got the information about your rights. Signing
 doesn't mean you agree to a discharge date your doctor or the hospital staff may
 have told you.
- **Keep your copy** of the signed notice so you have the information if you need it.

If you sign the notice more than two days before the day you leave the hospital, you'll get another copy before you're discharged.

You can look at a copy of the notice in advance if you:

- Call Member Services at the numbers at the bottom of the page
- Call Medicare at 1-800 MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.
- Visit www.cms.gov/medicare/forms-notices/beneficiary-notices-initiative/ffs-ma-im.

H2. Making a Level 1 Appeal

To ask for us to cover your inpatient hospital services for a longer time, make an appeal. The Quality Improvement Organization (QIO) reviews the Level 1 Appeal to find out if your planned discharge date is medically appropriate for you.

The QIO is a group of doctors and other health care professionals paid by the federal government. These experts check and help improve the quality for people with Medicare. They aren't part of our plan.

In Massachusetts, the QIO is Acentra Health. Call them at 1-888-319-8452. Contact information is also in the notice, "An Important Message from Medicare about Your Rights," and in Chapter 2.

Call the QIO before you leave the hospital and no later than your planned discharge date.

- If you call before you leave, you can stay in the hospital after your planned discharge date without paying for it while you wait for the QIO's decision about your appeal.
- If you don't call to appeal, and you decide to stay in the hospital after your planned discharge date, you may pay all costs for hospital care you get after your planned discharge date. Please note, eligible members do not have a cost to covered services.

Ask for help if you need it. If you have questions or need help at any time:

Call Member Services at the numbers at the bottom of the page.



Call SHINE (Serving the Health Insurance Needs of Everyone).

Ask for a fast review. Act quickly and contact the QIO to ask for a fast review of your hospital discharge.

The legal term for "fast review" is "immediate review" or "expedited review."

What happens during fast review

- Reviewers at the QIO ask you or your representative why you think coverage should continue after the planned discharge date. You aren't required to write a statement, but you may.
- Reviewers look at your medical information, talk with your doctor, and review information that the hospital and our plan gave them.
- By noon of the day after reviewers tell our plan about your appeal, you get a letter with your planned discharge date. The letter also gives reasons why your doctor, the hospital, and we think that's the right discharge date that's medically appropriate for you.

The legal term for this written explanation is the "**Detailed Notice of Discharge.**" You can get a sample by calling Member Services at the numbers at the bottom of the page or 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). (TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.) You can also refer to a sample notice online at www.cms.gov/medicare/forms-notices/beneficiary-notices-initiative/ffs-ma-im

Within one full day after getting all of the information it needs, the QIO give you their answer to your appeal.

If the QIO says **Yes** to your appeal:

 We'll provide your covered inpatient hospital services for as long as the services are medically necessary.

If the QIO says **No** to your appeal:

- They believe your planned discharge date is medically appropriate.
- Our coverage for your inpatient hospital services will end at noon on the day after the QIO gives you their answer to your appeal.
- You may have to pay the full cost of hospital care you get after noon on the day after the QIO gives you their answer to your appeal.



If you have questions, please call Mass General Brigham SCO at 1-888-816-6000 (TTY 711), 8AM to 8PM EST Mon-Sun (Oct 1 – Mar 31) and 8AM to 8PM EST Mon-Fri (Apr 1 – Sep 30). The call is free. For more information, visit https://mgbadvantage.org/sco.

 You can make a Level 2 Appeal if the QIO turns down your Level 1 Appeal and you stay in the hospital after your planned discharge date.

H3. Making a Level 2 Appeal

For a Level 2 Appeal, you ask the QIO to take another look at the decision they made on your Level 1 Appeal. Call them at 1-888-319-8452.

You must ask for this review **within 60 calendar days** after the day the QIO said **No** to your Level 1 Appeal. You can ask for this review **only** if you stay in the hospital after the date that your coverage for the care ended.

QIO reviewers will:

- Take another careful look at all of the information related to your appeal.
- Tell you their decision about your Level 2 Appeal within 14 calendar days of receipt of your request for a second review.

If the QIO says Yes to your appeal:

- We must pay you back for hospital care costs since noon on the day after the date the QIO turned down your Level 1 Appeal.
- We'll provide your covered inpatient hospital services for as long as the services are medically necessary.

If the QIO says **No** to your appeal:

- They agree with their decision about your Level 1 Appeal and won't change it.
- They give you a letter that tells you what you can do if you want to continue the appeals process and make a Level 3 Appeal.

An ALJ or attorney adjudicator handles Level 3 Appeals. Refer to **Section J** for information about Level 3, 4, and 5 Appeals.

I. Asking us to continue covering certain medical services

This section is only about three types of services you may be getting:

- home health care services
- skilled nursing care in a skilled nursing facility, and



 rehabilitation care as an outpatient at a Medicare-approved Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF). This usually means you're getting treatment for an illness or accident or you're recovering from a major operation.

With any of these three types of services, you have the right to get covered services for as long as the doctor says you need them.

When we decide to stop covering any of these, we must tell you **before** your services end. When your coverage for that service ends, we stop paying for it.

If you think we're ending the coverage of your care too soon, **you can appeal our decision**. This section tells you how to ask for an appeal.

11. Advance notice before your coverage ends

We send you a written notice that you'll get at least two days before we stop paying for your care. This is called the "Notice of Medicare Non-Coverage." The notice tells you the date when we'll stop covering your care and how to appeal our decision.

You or your representative should sign the notice to show that you got it. Signing the notice **only** shows that you got the information. Signing **doesn't** mean you agree with our decision.

I2. Making a Level 1 Appeal

If you think we're ending coverage of your care too soon, you can appeal our decision. This section tells you about the Level 1 Appeal process and what to do.

- Meet the deadlines. The deadlines are important. Understand and follow the deadlines
 that apply to things you must do. Our plan must follow deadlines too. If you think we're
 not meeting our deadlines, you can file a complaint. Refer to Section K for more
 information about complaints.
- Ask for help if you need it. If you have questions or need help at any time:
 - Call Member Services at the numbers at the bottom of the page.
 - Call SHINE (Serving the Health Insurance Needs of Everyone)
- Contact the QIO.
 - Refer to Section H2 or refer to Chapter 2 of this Member Handbook for more information about the QIO and how to contact them.
 - Ask them to review your appeal and decide whether to change our plan's decision.



• Act quickly and ask for a "fast-track appeal. Ask the QIO if it's medically appropriate for us to end coverage of your medical services.

Your deadline for contacting this organization

 You must contact the QIO to start your appeal by noon of the day before the effective date on the "Notice of Medicare Non-Coverage" we sent you.

The legal term for the written notice is "Notice of Medicare Non-Coverage". To get a sample copy, call Member Services at the numbers at the bottom of the page or call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048. Or get a copy online at www.cms.gov/Medicare/Medicare-General-Information/BNI/FFS-Expedited-Determination-Notices.

What happens during a fast-track appeal

- Reviewers at the QIO ask you or your representative why you think coverage should continue. You aren't required to write a statement, but you may.
- Reviewers look at your medical information, talk with your doctor, and review information that our plan gave them.
- Our plan also sends you a written notice that explains our reasons for ending coverage
 of your services. You get the notice by the end of the day the reviewers inform us of your
 appeal.

The legal term for the notice explanation is "Detailed Explanation of Non-Coverage".

 Reviewers tell you their decision within one full day after getting all the information they need.

If the QIO says **Yes** to your appeal:

We'll provide your covered services for as long as they're medically necessary.

If the QIO says **No** to your appeal:

- Your coverage ends on the date we told you.
- We stop paying the costs of this care on the date in the notice.
- You pay the full cost of this care yourself if you decide to continue the home health care, skilled nursing facility care, or CORF services after the date your coverage ends



If you have questions, please call Mass General Brigham SCO at 1-888-816-6000 (TTY 711), 8AM to 8PM EST Mon-Sun (Oct 1 – Mar 31) and 8AM to 8PM EST Mon-Fri (Apr 1 – Sep 30). The call is free. For more information, visit https://mgbadvantage.org/sco.

You decide if you want to continue these services and make a Level 2 Appeal.

13. Making a Level 2 Appeal

For a Level 2 Appeal, you ask the QIO to take another look at the decision they made on your Level 1 Appeal. Call them at 1-888-319-8452.

You must ask for this review **within 60 calendar days** after the day the QIO said **No** to your Level 1 Appeal. You can ask for this review **only** if you continue care after the date that your coverage for the care ended.

QIO reviewers will:

- Take another careful look at all of the information related to your appeal.
- Tell you their decision about your Level 2 Appeal within 14 calendar days of receipt of your request for a second review.

If the QIO says Yes to your appeal:

- We pay you back for the costs of care you got since the date when we said your coverage would end.
- We'll provide coverage for the care for as long as it's medically necessary.

If the QIO says **No** to your appeal:

- They agree with our decision to end your care and won't change it.
- They give you a letter that tells you what you can do if you want to continue the appeals process and make a Level 3 Appeal.

An ALJ or attorney adjudicator handles Level 3 Appeals. Refer to **Section J** for information about Level 3, 4, and 5 Appeals.

J. Taking your appeal beyond Level 2

J1. Next steps for Medicare services and items

If you made a Level 1 Appeal and a Level 2 Appeal for Medicare services or items, and both of your appeals were turned down, you may have the right to additional levels of appeal.

If the dollar value of the Medicare service or item you appealed doesn't meet a certain minimum dollar amount, you can't appeal any further. If the dollar value is high enough, you can continue the appeals



process. The letter you get from the IRO for your Level 2 Appeal explains who to contact and what to do to ask for a Level 3 Appeal.

Level 3 Appeal

Level 3 of the appeals process is an Administrative Law Judge (ALJ) hearing. The person who makes the decision is an ALJ or an attorney adjudicator who works for the federal government.

If the ALJ or attorney adjudicator says **Yes** to your appeal, we have the right to appeal a Level 3 decision that's favorable to you.

- If we decide to appeal the decision, we send you a copy of the Level 4 Appeal request
 with any accompanying documents. We may wait for the Level 4 Appeal decision before
 authorizing or providing the service in dispute.
- If we decide **not to appeal** the decision, we must authorize or provide you with the service within 60 calendar days after getting the ALJ or attorney adjudicator's decision.
 - If the ALJ or attorney adjudicator says No to your appeal, the appeals process may not be over.
- If you decide **to accept** this decision that turns down your appeal, the appeals process is over
- If you decide **not to accept** this decision that turns down your appeal, you can continue to the next level of the review process. The notice you get will tell you what to do for a Level 4 Appeal.

Level 4 Appeal

The Medicare Appeals Council (Council) reviews your appeal and gives you an answer. The Council is part of the federal government.

If the Council says **Yes** to your Level 4 Appeal or denies our request to review a Level 3 Appeal decision favorable to you, we have the right to appeal to Level 5.

- If we decide to appeal the decision, we'll tell you in writing.
- If we decide **not to appeal** the decision, we must authorize or provide you with the service within 60 calendar days after getting the Council's decision.

If the Council says **No** or denies our review request, the appeals process may not be over.

• If you decide **to accept** this decision that turns down your appeal, the appeals process is over.



• If you decide **not to accept** this decision that turns down your appeal, you may be able to continue to the next level of the review process. The notice you get will tell you if you can go on to a Level 5 Appeal and what to do.

Level 5 Appeal

 A Federal District Court judge will review your appeal and all of the information and decide **Yes** or **No**. This is the final decision. There are no other appeal levels beyond the Federal District Court.

J2. Additional MassHealth (Medicaid) appeals

You also have other appeal rights if your appeal is about services or items that MassHealth (Medicaid) usually covers. The letter you get from the Fair Hearing office will tell you what to do if you want to continue the appeals process. See Section F4 of this chapter for more information on the Fair Hearing Office.

J3. Appeal Levels 3, 4 and 5 for Medicare Part D Drug Requests

This section may be right for you if you made a Level 1 Appeal and a Level 2 Appeal, and both of your appeals were turned down.

If the value of the drug you appealed meets a certain dollar amount, you may be able to go on to additional levels of appeal. The written response you get to your Level 2 Appeal explains who to contact and what to do to ask for a Level 3 Appeal.

Level 3 Appeal

Level 3 of the appeals process is an ALJ hearing. The person who makes the decision is an ALJ or an attorney adjudicator who works for the federal government.

If the ALJ or attorney adjudicator says **Yes** to your appeal:

- The appeals process is over.
- We must authorize or provide the approved drug coverage within 72 hours (or 24 hours for an expedited appeal) or make payment no later than 30 calendar days after we get the decision.

If the ALJ or attorney adjudicator says **No** to your appeal, the appeals process may not be over.

 If you decide to accept this decision that turns down your appeal, the appeals process is over. If you decide not to accept this decision that turns down your appeal, you can continue
to the next level of the review process. The notice you get will tell you what to do for a
Level 4 Appeal.

Level 4 Appeal

The Council reviews your appeal and gives you an answer. The Council is part of the federal government.

If the Council says **Yes** to your appeal:

- The appeals process is over.
- We must authorize or provide the approved drug coverage within 72 hours (or 24 hours for an expedited appeal) or make payment no later than 30 calendar days after we get the decision.

If the Council says **No** to your appeal or if the Council denies the review request, the appeals process may not be over.

- If you decide to accept the decision that turns down your appeal, the appeals process is over.
- If you decide **not to accept** this decision that turns down your appeal, you may be able to continue to the next level of the review process. The notice you get will tell you if you can go on to a Level 5 Appeal and what to do.

Level 5 Appeal

 A Federal District Court judge will review your appeal and all of the information and decide **Yes** or **No**. This is the final decision. There are no other appeal levels beyond the Federal District Court.

K. How to make a complaint

K1. What kinds of problems should be complaints

The complaint process is used for certain types of problems only, such as problems about quality of care, waiting times, coordination of care, and customer service. Here are examples of the kinds of problems handled by the complaint process.

Complaint	Example
Quality of your medical care	You're unhappy with the quality of care, such as the care you got in the hospital.
Respecting your privacy	You think that someone didn't respect your right to privacy or shared confidential information about you.
Disrespect, poor customer service, or other negative behaviors	 A health care provider or staff was rude or disrespectful to you. Our staff treated you poorly.
Accessibility and language assistance	 You think you're being pushed out of our plan. You can't physically access the health care services and facilities in a doctor or provider's office. Your doctor or provider doesn't provide an interpreter for the language you speak (such as American Sign Language or Spanish). Your provider doesn't give you other reasonable accommodations you need and ask for.

Complaint	Example
Waiting times	You have trouble getting an appointment or wait too long to get it.
	Doctors, pharmacists, or other health professionals, Member Services, or other plan staff keep you waiting too long.
Cleanliness	You think the clinic, hospital or doctor's office isn't clean.
Information you get from us	You think we failed to give you a notice or letter that you should have received.
	 You think written information we sent you is too difficult to understand.
Timeliness related to coverage decisions or appeals	You think we don't meet our deadlines for making a coverage decision or answering your appeal.
	 You think that, after getting a coverage or appeal decision in your favor, we don't meet the deadlines for approving or giving you the service or paying you back for certain medical services.
	You don't think we sent your case to the IRO on time.

There are different kinds of complaints. You can make an internal complaint and/or an external complaint. An internal complaint is filed with and reviewed by our plan. An external complaint is filed with and reviewed by an organization not affiliated with our plan. If you need help making an internal and/or external complaint, you can call My Ombudsman at 1-855-781-9898 (or use MassRelay at 711 to call 1-855-781-9898 or Videophone (VP) 1-339-224-6831).

The legal term for a "complaint" is a "grievance."

The legal term for "making a complaint" is "filing a grievance."

K2. Internal complaints

To make an internal complaint, call Member Services at 1-888-816-6000 (TTY 711). You can make the complaint at any time unless it's about a Medicare Part D drug. If the complaint is about a Medicare Part D drug, you must make it **within 60 calendar** days after you had the problem you want to complain about.

- If there's anything else you need to do, Member Services will tell you.
- You can also write your complaint and send it to us. If you put your complaint in writing, we'll respond to your complaint in writing.
- For standard grievances, we will respond to you within 30 calendar days of receipt of your written grievance. For expedited grievances, we must decide and notify you within 24 hours (see "fast complaint" below).
- If you are making a complaint because we denied your request for a "fast coverage decision" or a "fast appeal," we will automatically give you a "fast complaint." If you have a "fast complaint," it means we will give you an answer within 24 hours.
- The deadline for making a complaint is 60 calendar days from the time you had the problem you want to complain about.
- If possible, we will answer you right away. If you call us with a complaint, we may be able to give you an answer on the same phone call.
- Most complaints are answered within 30 calendar days. If we need more information and
 the delay is in your best interest or if you ask for more time, we can take up to 14 more
 calendar days (44 calendar days total) to answer your complaint. If we decide to take
 extra days, we will tell you in writing.
- If you are making a complaint because we denied your request for a fast coverage decision or a fast appeal, we will automatically give you a fast complaint. If you have a fast complaint, it means we will give you an answer within 24 hours.
- If we do not agree with some or all of your complaint or don't take responsibility for the problem you are complaining about, we will include our reasons in our response to you.

The legal term for "fast complaint" is "expedited grievance."

If possible, we answer you right away. If you call us with a complaint, we may be able to give you an answer on the same phone call. If your health condition requires us to answer quickly, we'll do that.



- We answer most complaints within 30 calendar days. If we don't make a decision within 30 calendar days because we need more information, we notify you in writing. We also provide a status update and estimated time for you to get the answer.
- If you make a complaint because we denied your request for a "fast coverage decision" or a "fast appeal," we automatically give you a "fast complaint" and respond to your complaint within 24 hours.
- If you make a complaint because we took extra time to make a coverage decision or appeal, we automatically give you a "fast complaint" and respond to your complaint within 24 hours.

If we don't agree with some or all of your complaint, we'll tell you and give you our reasons. We respond whether we agree with the complaint or not.

K3. External complaints

Medicare

You can tell Medicare about your complaint or send it to Medicare. The Medicare Complaint Form is available at: www.medicare.gov/my/medicare-complaint. You don't need to file a complaint with Mass General Brigham SCO before filing a complaint with Medicare.

Medicare takes your complaints seriously and uses this information to help improve the quality of the Medicare program.

If you have any other feedback or concerns, or if you feel the health plan isn't addressing your problem, you can also call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users call 1-877-486-2048. The call is free.

Office for Civil Rights (OCR)

You can make a complaint to the Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) OCR if you think you haven't been treated fairly. For example, you can make a complaint about disability access or language assistance. The phone number for the OCR is 1-800-368-1019. TTY users should call 1-800-537-7697. You can visit www.hhs.gov/ocr for more information.

You may also contact the local OCR office at:

Office for Civil Rights – New England Region U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Government Center J.F. Kennedy Federal Building - Room 1875 Boston, MA 02203 Customer Response Center: 1-800-368-1019; TDD: 1-800-537-7697

Fax: 1-202-619-3818 Email: ocrmail@hhs.gov



You may also have rights under the Americans with Disability Act (ADA). You can contact My Ombudsman for assistance by calling 1-855-781-9898 (or using MassRelay at 711 to call 1-855-781-9898 or Videophone (VP) 1-339-224-6831) or emailing info@myombudsman.org.

QIO

When your complaint is about quality of care, you have two choices:

- You can make your complaint about the quality of care directly to the QIO.
- You can make your complaint to the QIO and to our plan. If you make a complaint to the QIO, we work with them to resolve your complaint.

The QIO is a group of practicing doctors and other health care experts paid by the federal government to check and improve the care given to Medicare patients. To learn more about the QIO, refer to **Section H2** or refer to **Chapter 2** of this *Member Handbook*.

In Massachusetts, the QIO is called Acentra Health. The phone number for Acentra is 1-888-319-8452.

Chapter 10: Ending your membership in our plan

Introduction

This chapter explains how you can end your membership with our plan and your health coverage options after you leave our plan. If you leave our plan, you'll still be in the Medicare and MassHealth (Medicaid) programs as long as you're eligible. Key terms and their definitions appear in alphabetical order in the last chapter of this *Member Handbook*.

As long as you are still eligible for Medicare and MassHealth (Medicaid), you can leave Mass General Brigham SCO without losing your Medicare and MassHealth (Medicaid) benefits. If you think you want to end your membership in our plan, there are a few ways you can get more information about what will happen, and how you can still get Medicare and MassHealth (Medicaid) services.

- Call MassHealth (medicaid) Customer Service at 1-800-841-2900, Mon Fri, 8 AM 5 PM TTY users (people who are deaf, hard of hearing, or speech disabled) may call 711.
- Call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users (people who have difficulty hearing or speaking) may call 1-877-486-2048.
- Contact a SHINE counselor at 1-800-243-4636. TTY users (people who are deaf, hard of hearing, or speech disabled) may call 1-800-439-2370.

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A. When you can end your membership in our plan

Most people with Medicare can end their membership during certain times of the year. Since you also have MassHealth (Medicaid), you can end your membership with our plan at any time, in any month of the year.

In addition to this flexibility, you may end your membership in our plan during the following periods each year:

- The **Open Enrollment Period**, which lasts from October 15 to December 7. If you choose a new plan during this period, your membership in our plan ends on December 31 and your membership in the new plan starts on January 1.
- The Medicare Advantage (MA) Open Enrollment Period, which lasts from January 1 to March 31 and also for new Medicare beneficiaries who are enrolled in a plan, from the month of entitlement to Part A and Part B until the last day of the 3rd month of entitlement. If you choose a new plan during this period, your membership in the new plan starts the first day of the next month.

There may be other situations when you're eligible to make a change to your enrollment. For example, when:

- you move out of our service area,
- your eligibility for MassHealth (Medicaid) or Extra Help changed, or
- if you recently moved into, currently are getting care in, or just moved out of a nursing facility or a long-term care hospital.

Your membership ends on the last day of the month that we get your request to change your plan. For example, if we get your request on January 18, your coverage with our plan ends on January 31. Your new coverage begins the first day of the next month (February 1, in this example).

If you leave our plan, you can get information about your:

- Medicare options in the table in Section C1
- MassHealth (Medicaid) services in Section C2

You can get more information about how you can end your membership by calling:

- Member Services at the number at the bottom of this page. The number for TTY users is listed too.
- Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.



The State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP), SHINE at 1-800-243-4636. TTY
users (people who are deaf, hard of hearing, or speech disabled) may call 1-800-4392370.

NOTE: If you're in a drug management program (DMP), you may not be able to change plans. Refer to **Chapter 5** of this *Member Handbook* for information about drug management programs.

B. How to end your membership in our plan

If you decide to end your membership you can enroll in another Medicare plan or switch to Original Medicare. However, if you want to switch from our plan to Original Medicare but you haven't selected a separate Medicare drug plan, you must ask to be disenrolled from our plan. There are two ways you can ask to be disenrolled:

- You can make a request in writing to us. Contact Member Services at the number at the bottom of this page if you need more information on how to do this.
- Call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users (people who have difficulty with hearing or speaking) should call 1-877-486-2048. When you call 1-800-MEDICARE, you can also enroll in another Medicare health or drug plan. More information on getting your Medicare services when you leave our plan is in the chart on Section C1.
- **Section C** below includes steps that you can take to enroll in a different plan, which will also end your membership in our plan.

C. How to get Medicare and MassHealth (Medicaid) services separately

You have choices about getting your Medicare and MassHealth (Medicaid) services if you choose to leave our plan.

C1. Your Medicare services

You have three options for getting your Medicare services listed below any month of the year. You have an additional option listed below during certain times of the year including the **Open Enrollment Period**

and the **Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period** or other situations described in **Section A**. By choosing one of these options, you automatically end your membership in our plan.

1. You can change to:

Another plan that provides your Medicare and most or all of your MassHealth (Medicaid) benefits and services in one plan, also known as an integrated dual-eligible special needs plan (D-SNP) or a Program of Allinclusive Care for the Elderly (PACE).

Here is what to do:

Call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048 to enroll in a new integrated D-SNP.

For Program of All-Inclusive Care for the Elderly (PACE) inquiries, call 1-800-841-2900.

If you need help or more information:

 Call the SHINE Program (Serving Health Insurance Needs of Everyone) at 1-800-243-4636. TTY users may call 1-800-439-2370.

OR

 Contact a new integrated D-SNP directly to enroll with their plan.

You'll automatically be disenrolled from our plan when your new plan's coverage begins.

2. You can change to:

Original Medicare with a separate Medicare drug plan

Here is what to do:

Call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048 to enroll in Original Medicare with a separate Medicare drug plan.

If you need help or more information:

 Call the SHINE Program (Serving Health Insurance Needs of Everyone) at 1-800-243-4636. TTY users should call 1-800-439-2370.

OR

 Contact a new Medicare drug plan to enroll directly with their plan.

You'll automatically be disenrolled from our plan when your Original Medicare coverage begins.

3. You can change to:

Original Medicare without a separate Medicare drug plan

NOTE: If you switch to Original Medicare and don't enroll in a separate Medicare drug plan, Medicare may enroll you in a drug plan, unless you tell Medicare you don't want to join.

You should only drop drug coverage if you have drug coverage from another source, such as an employer or union. If you have questions about whether you need drug coverage, call the SHINE at 1-800-243-4636, Mon through Fri from 8:00 AM to 5:00 PM For more information or to find a local SHINE office in your area, please visit https://mgbadvantage.org/sco.

Here is what to do:

Call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048 to enroll in Original Medicare.

If you need help or more information:

 Call the SHINE Program (Serving Health Insurance Needs of Everyone) at 1-800-243-4636. TTY users should call 1-800-439-2370.

You'll automatically be disenrolled from our plan when your Original Medicare coverage begins.

4. You can change to:

Any Medicare health plan during certain times of the year including the Open Enrollment Period and the Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period or other situations described in Section A.

Here is what to do:

Call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048 to enroll in a new Medicare plan.

For Program of All-Inclusive Care for the Elderly (PACE) inquiries, call 1-800-841-2900.

If you need help or more information:

 Call the SHINE Program (Serving Health Insurance Needs of Everyone) at 1-800-243-4636. TTY users should call 1-800-439-2370.

OR

 Contact a new Medicare Advantage plan to enroll directly with their plan.

You'll automatically be disenrolled from our Medicare plan when your new plan's coverage begins.

C2. Your MassHealth (Medicaid) services

Some people who decide not to join a Senior Care Options (SCO) plan may be able to join a different kind of plan to get their Medicare and MassHealth (Medicaid) benefits together.

• If you're age 55 or older, you may be eligible to enroll in the Program of All-Inclusive Care for the Elderly (PACE) (additional criteria apply). PACE helps older adults stay in the community instead of getting nursing facility care. If you enroll in PACE you cannot enroll in a Senior Care Options Plan.

To find out about PACE plans and whether you can join one, call the SHINE Program (Serving Health Insurance Needs of Everyone) at 1-800-243-4636. TTY users should call 1-800-439-2370. Keep getting your Medicare and MassHealth (Medicaid) services and drugs through our plan until your membership ends.

D. Your medical items, services and drugs until your membership in our plan ends

If you leave our plan, it may take time before your membership ends and your new Medicare and MassHealth (Medicaid) coverage begins. During this time, you keep getting your drugs and health care through our plan until your new plan begins.

- Use our network providers to receive medical care.
- Use our network pharmacies including through our mail-order pharmacy services to get your prescriptions filled.
- If you're hospitalized on the day that your membership in Mass General Brigham SCO ends, our plan will cover your hospital stay until you're discharged. This will happen even if your new health coverage begins before you're discharged.

E. Other situations when your membership in our plan ends

These are cases when we must end your membership in our plan:

- If there's a break in your Medicare Part A and Medicare Part B coverage.
- If you no longer qualify for MassHealth (Medicaid) and your deeming period has ended. Our plan is for people who qualify for both Medicare and MassHealth (Medicaid).
- If you join a MassHealth (Medicaid) Home and Community Based Services (HCBS) Waiver program.
- If you move out of our service area.
- If you move into an Intermediate Care Facility operated by the Massachusetts Department of Developmental Services.
- If you're away from our service area for more than six months. If you move or take a long trip, call Member Services to find out if where you're moving or traveling to is in our plan's service area.
- If you go to jail or prison for a criminal offense.
- If you lie about or withhold information about other insurance you have for drugs.
- If you have or get other comprehensive insurance for drugs or medical care.
- If you're not a United States citizen or aren't lawfully present in the United States.

- You must be a United States citizen or lawfully present in the United States to be a member of our plan.
- The Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) notify us if you're not eligible to remain a member on this basis.
- We must disenroll you if you don't meet this requirement.

We can make you leave our plan for the following reasons only if we get permission from Medicare and MassHealth (Medicaid) first:

- If you intentionally give us incorrect information when you're enrolling in our plan and that information affects your eligibility for our plan.
- If you continuously behave in a way that's disruptive and makes it difficult for us to provide medical care for you and other members of our plan.
- If you let someone else use your Member ID Card to get medical care. (Medicare may ask the Inspector General to investigate your case if we end your membership for this reason.)
- Plans shall provide continued deemed eligibility to any Member experiencing a loss of eligibility for a period of not less than 30 days, as long as they apply the criteria consistently across all members and fully inform members of the policy.

F. Rules against asking you to leave our plan for any health-related reason

We can't ask you to leave our plan for any reason related to your health. If you think we're asking you to leave our plan for a health-related reason, **call Medicare** at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.

G. Your right to make a complaint if we end your membership in our plan

If we end your membership in our plan, we must tell you our reasons in writing for ending your membership. We must also explain how you can file a grievance or make a complaint about our decision to end your membership. You can also refer to **Chapter 9** of this *Member Handbook* for information about how to make a complaint.

H. How to get more information about ending your plan membership

If you have questions or would like more information on ending your membership, you can call Member Services at the number at the bottom of this page.

Chapter 11: Legal notices

Introduction

This chapter includes legal notices that apply to your membership in our plan. Key terms and their definitions appear in alphabetical order in the last chapter of this *Member Handbook*.

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A. Notice about laws

Many laws apply to this *Member Handbook*. These laws may affect your rights and responsibilities even if the laws aren't included or explained in this *Member Handbook*. The main laws that apply are federal laws about the Medicare and MassHealth (Medicaid) programs. Other federal and state laws may apply too.

B. Notice about nondiscrimination

We don't discriminate or treat you differently because of your race, ethnicity, national origin, color, religion, sex, age, Behavioral or physical disability, health status, claims experience, medical history, genetic information, evidence of insurability, or geographic location within the service area. All organizations that provide Medicare Advantage plans, like our plan, must obey Federal laws against discrimination, including Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, the Age Discrimination Act of 1975, the Americans with Disabilities Act, Section 1557 of the Affordable Care Act, all other laws that apply to organizations that get Federal funding, and any other laws and rules that apply for any other reason.

If you want more information or have concerns about discrimination or unfair treatment:

- Call the Department of Health and Human Services, Office for Civil Rights at 1-800-368-1019. TTY users can call 1-800-537-7697. You can also visit www.hhs.gov/ocr for more information.
- Call your local Office for Civil Rights.

Office for Civil Rights - New England Region

U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Government Center

J.F. Kennedy Federal Building - Room 1875 Boston, MA 02203

Customer Response Center: 1-800-368-1019; TDD: 1-800-537-7697

Fax: 1-202-619-3818 Email: ocrmail@hhs.gov

If you have a disability and need help accessing health care services or a provider, call Member Services. If you have a complaint, such as a problem with wheelchair access, Member Services can help.

Notice Informing Individuals About Nondiscrimination and Accessibility Requirements and Nondiscrimination Statement:

Discrimination is Against the Law. Mass General Brigham Health Plan complies with applicable Federal civil rights laws and does not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, age, disability, or sex (consistent with the scope of sex discrimination described at 45 CFR § 92.101(a)(2)). Mass General Brigham Health Plan does not exclude people or treat them less favorably because of race, color, national origin, age, disability, or sex.



Mass General Brigham Health Plan:

- Provides people with disabilities reasonable modifications and free appropriate auxiliary aids and services to communicate effectively with us, such as:
 - Qualified sign language interpreters
 - Written information in other formats (large print, audio, accessible electronic formats, other formats).
- Provides free language assistance services to people whose primary language is not English, which may include:
 - Qualified interpreters
 - Information written in other languages.

If you need reasonable modifications, appropriate auxiliary aids and services, or language assistance services, contact Senior Care Options Member Services.

Mass General Brigham Health Plan Senior Care Options Customer Service 399 Revolution Drive, Suite 875 Somerville, MA 02145

Phone: 1-888-816-6000 (TTY 711) Fax: 1-617-526-1980 Email: HealthPlanDualsCustomerService@mgb.org

If you believe that Mass General Brigham Health Plan has failed to provide these services or discriminated in another way on the basis of race, color, national origin, age, disability, or sex, you can file a grievance with: Appeals and Grievances Coordinator.

Mass General Brigham Health Plan Appeals and Grievances Department 399 Revolution Drive, Suite 875 Somerville, MA 02145

Phone: 1-888-816-6000 (TTY 711) Fax: 1-617-526-1980

Email: HealthPlanAppealsGrievance@mgb.org

You can file a grievance in person, or by mail, fax, or email. If you need help filing a grievance, Appeals and Grievances Coordinator is available to help you.

You can also file a civil rights complaint with the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Office for Civil Rights, electronically through the Office for Civil Rights Complaint Portal, available at ocrportal.hhs.gov/ocr/portal/lobby.jsf, or by mail or phone at:



U.S. Department of Health & Human Services Room 509F, HHH BLDG 200 Independence AVE, SW Washington, DC 20201 Phone: 1-800-368-1019

1-800-537-7697 (TDD)

Complaint forms are available at: hhs.gov/ocr/office/file/index.html

This notice is available at Mass General Brigham Health Plan website: https://mgbadvantage.org/sco

C. Notice about Medicare as a second payer and MassHealth (Medicaid) as a payer of last resort

Sometimes someone else must pay first for the services we provide you. For example, if you're in a car accident or if you're injured at work, insurance or Workers Compensation must pay first.

We have the right and responsibility to collect for covered Medicare services for which Medicare isn't the first payer.

We comply with federal and state laws and regulations relating to the legal liability of third parties for health care services to members. We take all reasonable measures to ensure that MassHealth (Medicaid) is the payer of last resort.

Chapter 12: Definitions of important words

Introduction

This chapter includes key terms used throughout this *Member Handbook* with their definitions. The terms are listed in alphabetical order. If you can't find a term you're looking for or if you need more information than a definition includes, contact Member Services.

Activities of daily living (ADL): The things people do on a normal day, such as eating, using the toilet, getting dressed, bathing, or brushing teeth.

Administrative law judge: A judge that reviews a level 3 appeal.

AIDS drug assistance program (ADAP): A program that helps eligible individuals living with HIV/AIDS have access to life-saving HIV medications.

Ambulatory surgical center: A facility that provides outpatient surgery to patients who don't need hospital care and who aren't expected to need more than 24 hours of care.

Appeal: A way for you to challenge our action if you think we made a mistake. You can ask us to change a coverage decision by filing an appeal. **Chapter 9** of this *Member Handbook* explains appeals, including how to make an appeal.

Behavioral Health: An all-inclusive term referring to behavioral health and substance use disorders.

Biological Product: A drug that's made from natural and living sources like animal cells, plant cells, bacteria, or yeast. Biological products are more complex than other drugs and can't be copied exactly, so alternative forms are called biosimilars. (See also "Original Biological Product" and "Biosimilar").

Biosimilar: A biological product that's very similar, but not identical, to the original biological product. Biosimilars are as safe and effective as the original biological product. Some biosimilars may be substituted for the original biological product at the pharmacy without needing a new prescription. (Go to "Interchangeable Biosimilar").

Brand name drug: A drug that's made and sold by the company that originally made the drug. Brand name drugs have the same ingredients as the generic versions of the drugs. Generic drugs are usually made and sold by other drug companies and are generally not available until the patent on the brand name drug has ended.

Care coordinator: One main person who works with you, with the health plan, and with your care providers to make sure you get the care you need.

Care plan: Refer to "Individualized Care Plan."

Care team: Refer to "Interdisciplinary Care Team."

Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS): The federal agency in charge of Medicare. **Chapter 2** of this *Member Handbook* explains how to contact CMS.

Complaint: A written or spoken statement saying that you have a problem or concern about your covered services or care. This includes any concerns about the quality of service, quality of your care, our network providers, or our network pharmacies. The formal name for "making a complaint" is "filing a grievance".

Comprehensive outpatient rehabilitation facility (CORF): A facility that mainly provides rehabilitation services after an illness, accident, or major operation. It provides a variety of services, including



physical therapy, social or psychological services, respiratory therapy, occupational therapy, speech therapy, and home environment evaluation services.

Coverage decision: A decision about what benefits we cover. This includes decisions about covered drugs and services or the amount we pay for your health services. **Chapter 9** of this *Member Handbook* explains how to ask us for a coverage decision.

Covered drugs: The term we use to mean all of the prescription and over-the-counter (OTC) drugs covered by our plan.

Covered services: The general term we use to mean all the health care, long-term services and supports, supplies, prescription and over-the-counter drugs, equipment, and other services our plan covers.

Cultural competence training: Training that provides additional instruction for our health care providers that helps them better understand your background, values, and beliefs to adapt services to meet your social, cultural, and language needs.

Disenrollment: The process of ending your membership in our plan. Disenrollment may be voluntary (your own choice) or involuntary (not your own choice).

Drug management program (DMP): A program that helps make sure members safely use prescription opioids and other frequently misused medications.

Drug tiers: Groups of drugs on our *Drug List*. Generic, brand name, or over-the-counter (OTC) drugs are examples of drug tiers. Every drug on the *Drug List* is in one tier.

Dual eligible special needs plan (D-SNP): Health plan that serves individuals who are eligible for both Medicare and MassHealth (Medicaid). Our plan is a D-SNP.

Durable medical equipment (DME): Certain items your doctor orders for use in your own home. Examples of these items are wheelchairs, crutches, powered mattress systems, diabetic supplies, hospital beds ordered by a provider for use in the home, IV infusion pumps, speech generating devices, oxygen equipment and supplies, nebulizers, and walkers.

Emergency: A medical emergency when you, or any other person with an average knowledge of health and medicine, believe that you have medical symptoms that need immediate medical attention to prevent death, loss of a body part, or loss of or serious impairment to a bodily function. The medical symptoms may be an illness, injury, severe pain, or a medical condition that's quickly getting worse.

Emergency care: Covered services given by a provider trained to give emergency services and needed to treat a medical or behavioral health emergency.

Exception: Permission to get coverage for a drug not normally covered or to use the drug without certain rules and limitations.

Excluded Services: Services that aren't covered by this health plan.



Extra Help: Medicare program that helps people with limited incomes and resources reduce Medicare Part D drug costs, such as premiums, deductibles, and copays. Extra Help is also called the "Low-Income Subsidy", or "LIS".

Generic drug: A drug approved by the FDA to use in place of a brand name drug. A generic drug has the same ingredients as a brand name drug. It's usually cheaper and works just as well as the brand name drug.

Grievance: A complaint you make about us or one of our network providers or pharmacies. This includes a complaint about the quality of your care or the quality of service provided by your health plan.

Health plan: An organization made up of doctors, hospitals, pharmacies, providers of long-term services, and other providers. It also has care coordinators to help you manage all your providers and services. All of them work together to provide the care you need.

Health risk assessment (HRA): A review of your medical history and current condition. It's used to learn about your health and how it might change in the future.

Home health aide: A person who provides services that don't need the skills of a licensed nurse or therapist, such as help with personal care (like bathing, using the toilet, dressing, or carrying out the prescribed exercises). Home health aides don't have a nursing license or provide therapy.

Hospice: A program of care and support to help people who have a terminal prognosis live comfortably. A terminal prognosis means that a person has been medically certified as terminally ill, meaning having a life expectancy of 6 months or less.

- An enrollee who has a terminal prognosis has the right to elect hospice.
- A specially trained team of professionals and caregivers provide care for the whole person, including physical, emotional, social, and spiritual needs.
- We're required to give you a list of hospice providers in your geographic area.

Improper/inappropriate billing: A situation when a provider (such as a doctor or hospital) bills you more than our cost-sharing amount for services. Call Member Services if you get any bills you don't understand.

Because we pay the entire cost for your services, you **don't** owe any cost-sharing. Providers shouldn't bill you anything for these services. Please note, eligible members do not have a cost to covered services.

Independent review organization (IRO): An independent organization hired by Medicare that reviews a level 2 appeal. It isn't connected with us and isn't a government agency. This organization decides whether the decision we made is correct or if it should be changed. Medicare oversees its work. The formal name is the **Independent Review Entity.**

Individualized Care Plan (ICP or Care Plan): A plan for what services you'll get and how you'll get them. Your plan may include medical services, behavioral health services, and long-term services and supports.



Inpatient: A term used when you're formally admitted to the hospital for skilled medical services. If you're not formally admitted, you may still be considered an outpatient instead of an inpatient even if you stay overnight.

Interdisciplinary Care Team (ICT or Care team): A care team may include doctors, nurses, counselors, or other health professionals who are there to help you get the care you need. Your care team also helps you make a care plan.

Integrated D-SNP: A dual-eligible special needs plan that covers Medicare and most or all MassHealth (Medicaid) services under a single health plan for certain groups of individuals eligible for both Medicare and MassHealth (Medicaid). These individuals are known as full-benefit dually eligible individuals.

Interchangeable Biosimilar: A biosimilar that may be substituted at the pharmacy without needing a new prescription because it meets additional requirements about the potential for automatic substitution. Automatic substitution at the pharmacy is subject to state law.

List of Covered Drugs (Drug List): A list of prescription and over-the-counter (OTC) drugs we cover. We choose the drugs on this list with the help of doctors and pharmacists. The *Drug List* tells you if there are any rules you need to follow to get your drugs. The *Drug List* is sometimes called a "formulary".

Long-term services and supports (LTSS): Long-term services and supports help improve a long-term medical condition. Most of these services help you stay in your home so you don't have to go to a nursing facility or hospital. LTSS includes Community-Based Services and Nursing Facilities (NF).

Low-income subsidy (LIS): Refer to "Extra Help"

MassHealth (Medicaid): The Medicaid program of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts. MassHealth (Medicaid) is run by the state and is paid for by the state and the federal government. It helps people with limited incomes and resources pay for long-term services and supports and medical costs.

- It covers extra services and some drugs not covered by Medicare.
- MassHealth (Medicaid) programs vary from state to state, but most health care costs are covered if you qualify for both Medicare and MassHealth (Medicaid).

Medicaid (MassHealth): A program run by the federal government and the state that helps people with limited incomes and resources pay for long-term services and supports and medical costs.

Medically necessary: Services that are reasonable and necessary:

- For the diagnosis and treatment of your illness or injury; or
- To improve the functioning of a malformed body member; or
- Otherwise medically necessary under Medicare law.

In accordance with MassHealth (Medicaid) law and regulation, and per MassHealth (Medicaid), services are medically necessary if:



- They could be reasonably calculated to prevent, diagnose, prevent the worsening of, alleviate, correct, or cure conditions that endanger your life, cause you suffering or pain, cause physical deformity or malfunction, threaten to cause or to aggravate a disability, or result in illness or infirmity; and
- There is no other medical service or place of service that is available, works as well, and is suitable for you that is less expensive.

The quality of medically necessary services must meet professionally recognized standards of health care, and medically necessary services must also be supported by records including evidence of such medical necessity and quality.

Medicare: The federal health insurance program for people 65 years of age or older, some people under age 65 with certain disabilities, and people with end-stage renal disease (generally those with permanent kidney failure who need dialysis or a kidney transplant). People with Medicare can get their Medicare health coverage through Original Medicare or a managed care plan (refer to "Health plan").

Medicare Advantage: A Medicare program, also known as "Medicare Part C" or "MA", that offers MA plans through private companies. Medicare pays these companies to cover your Medicare benefits.

Medicare Appeals Council (Council): A council that reviews a level 4 appeal. The Council is part of the Federal government.

Medicare-covered services: Services covered by Medicare Part A and Medicare Part B. All Medicare health plans, including our plan, must cover all the services covered by Medicare Part A and Medicare Part B.

Medicare diabetes prevention program (MDPP): A structured health behavior change program that provides training in long-term dietary change, increased physical activity, and strategies for overcoming challenges to sustaining weight loss and a healthy lifestyle.

Medicare-MassHealth (Medicaid) enrollee: A person who qualifies for Medicare and MassHealth (Medicaid) coverage. A Medicare- MassHealth (Medicaid) enrollee is also called a "dually eligible individual".

Medicare Part A: The Medicare program that covers most medically necessary hospital, skilled nursing facility, home health, and hospice care.

Medicare Part B: The Medicare program that covers services (such as lab tests, surgeries, and doctor visits) and supplies (such as wheelchairs and walkers) that are medically necessary to treat a disease or condition. Medicare Part B also covers many preventive and screening services.

Medicare Part C: The Medicare program, also known as "Medicare Advantage" or "MA", that lets private health insurance companies provide Medicare benefits through an MA Plan.

Medicare Part D: The Medicare drug benefit program. We call this program "Part D" for short. Medicare Part D covers outpatient drugs, vaccines, and some supplies not covered by Medicare Part A or Medicare Part B or MassHealth (Medicaid). Our plan includes Medicare Part D.



Medicare Part D drugs: Drugs covered under Medicare Part D. Congress specifically excludes certain categories of drugs from coverage under Medicare Part D. MassHealth (Medicaid) may cover some of these drugs.

Medication Therapy Management (MTM): A Medicare Part D program for complex health needs provided to people who meet certain requirements or are in a Drug Management Program. MTM services usually include a discussion with a pharmacist or health care provider to review medications. Refer to **Chapter 5** of this *Member Handbook* for more information.

Member (member of our plan, or plan member): A person with Medicare and MassHealth (Medicaid) who qualifies to get covered services, who has enrolled in our plan, and whose enrollment has been confirmed by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) and the state.

Member Handbook and **Disclosure Information:** This document, along with your enrollment form and any other attachments, or riders, which explains your coverage, what we must do, your rights, and what you must do as a member of our plan.

Member Services: A department in our plan responsible for answering your questions about membership, benefits, grievances, and appeals. Refer to **Chapter 2** of this *Member Handbook* for more information about Member Services.

Network pharmacy: A pharmacy (drug store) that agreed to fill prescriptions for our plan members. We call them "network pharmacies" because they agreed to work with our plan. In most cases, we cover your prescriptions only when filled at one of our network pharmacies.

Network provider: "Provider" is the general term we use for doctors, nurses, and other people who give you services and care. The term also includes hospitals, home health agencies, clinics, and other places that give you health care services, medical equipment, and long-term services and supports.

- They're licensed or certified by Medicare and by the state to provide health care services.
- We call them "network providers" when they agree to work with our health plan, accept our payment, and don't charge members an extra amount.
- While you're a member of our plan, you must use network providers to get covered services. Network providers are also called "plan providers".

Nursing home or facility: A place that provides care for people who can't get their care at home but don't need to be in the hospital.

Ombudsperson: An office in Massachusetts that works as an advocate on your behalf. They can answer questions if you have a problem or complaint and can help you understand what to do. The ombudsperson's services are free. You can find more information in **Chapters 2 and 9** of this *Member Handbook*.

Organization determination: Our plan makes an organization determination when we, or one of our providers, decide about whether services are covered or how much you pay for covered services. Organization



determinations are called "coverage decisions". **Chapter 9** of this *Member Handbook* explains coverage decisions.

Original Biological Product: A biological product that has been approved by the FDA and serves as the comparison for manufacturers making a biosimilar version. It's also called a reference product.

Original Medicare (traditional Medicare or fee-for-service Medicare): The government offers Original Medicare. Under Original Medicare, services are covered by paying doctors, hospitals, and other health care providers amounts that Congress determines.

- You can use any doctor, hospital, or other health care provider that accepts Medicare. Original Medicare has two parts: Medicare Part A (hospital insurance) and Medicare Part B (medical insurance).
- Original Medicare is available everywhere in the United States.
- If you don't want to be in our plan, you can choose Original Medicare.

Out-of-network pharmacy: A pharmacy that hasn't agreed to work with our plan to coordinate or provide covered drugs to members of our plan. Our plan doesn't cover most drugs you get from out-of-network pharmacies unless certain conditions apply.

Out-of-network provider or **Out-of-network facility:** A provider or facility that isn't employed, owned, or operated by our plan and isn't under contract to provide covered services to members of our plan. **Chapter 3** of this *Member Handbook* explains out-of-network providers or facilities.

Over-the-counter (OTC) drugs: Over-the-counter drugs are drugs or medicines that a person can buy without a prescription from a health care professional.

Part A: Refer to "Medicare Part A."

Part B: Refer to "Medicare Part B."

Part C: Refer to "Medicare Part C."

Part D: Refer to "Medicare Part D."

Part D drugs: Refer to "Medicare Part D drugs."

Personal health information (also called Protected health information) (PHI): Information about you and your health, such as your name, address, social security number, physician visits, and medical history. Refer to our Notice of Privacy Practices for more information about how we protect, use, and disclose your PHI, as well as your rights with respect to your PHI.

Preventive services: Health care to prevent illness or detect illness at an early stage, when treatment is likely to work best (for example, preventive services include Pap tests, flu shots, and screening mammograms).



Primary care provider (PCP): The doctor or other provider you use first for most health problems. They make sure you get the care you need to stay healthy.

- They also may talk with other doctors and health care providers about your care and refer you to them.
- In many Medicare health plans, you must use your primary care provider before you use any other health care provider.
- Refer to Chapter 3 of this Member Handbook for information about getting care from primary care providers.

Prior authorization (PA): An approval you must get from us before you can get a specific service or drug or use an out-of-network provider. Our plan may not cover the service or drug if you don't get approval first.

Our plan covers some network medical services only if your doctor or other network provider gets PA from us.

Covered services that need our plan's PA are marked in Chapter 4 of this Member Handbook.

Our plan covers some drugs only if you get PA from us.

• Covered drugs that need our plan's PA are marked in the *List of Covered Drugs* and the rules are posted on our website.

Program of All-Inclusive Care for the Elderly (PACE): A program that covers Medicare and MassHealth (Medicaid) benefits together for people age 55 and over who need a higher level of care to live at home.

Prosthetics and Orthotics: Medical devices ordered by your doctor or other health care provider that include, but aren't limited to, arm, back, and neck braces; artificial limbs; artificial eyes; and devices needed to replace an internal body part or function, including ostomy supplies and enteral and parenteral nutrition therapy.

Quality improvement organization (QIO): A group of doctors and other health care experts who help improve the quality of care for people with Medicare. The federal government pays the QIO to check and improve the care given to patients. Refer to **Chapter 2** of this *Member Handbook* for information about the QIO.

Quantity limits: A limit on the amount of a drug you can have. We may limit the amount of the drug that we cover per prescription.

Real Time Benefit Tool: A portal or computer application in which enrollees can look up complete, accurate, timely, clinically appropriate, enrollee-specific covered drugs and benefit information. This includes cost sharing amounts, alternative drugs that may be used for the same health condition as a given drug, and coverage restrictions (prior authorization, step therapy, quantity limits) that apply to alternative drugs.

Referral: A referral is your primary care provider's (PCP's) approval to use a provider other than your PCP. If you don't get approval first, we may not cover the services. You don't need a referral to use certain specialists, such as women's health specialists. You can find more information about referrals in **Chapters 3 and 4** of this *Member Handbook*.

Rehabilitation services: Treatment you get to help you recover from an illness, accident or major operation. Refer to **Chapter 4** of this *Member Handbook* to learn more about rehabilitation services.

Service area: A geographic area where a health plan accepts members if it limits membership based on where people live. For plans that limit which doctors and hospitals you may use, it's generally the area where you can get routine (non-emergency) services. Only people who live in our service area can enroll in our plan.

Skilled nursing facility (SNF): A nursing facility with the staff and equipment to give skilled nursing care and, in most cases, skilled rehabilitative services and other related health services.

Skilled nursing facility (SNF) care: Skilled nursing care and rehabilitation services provided on a continuous, daily basis, in a skilled nursing facility. Examples of skilled nursing facility care include physical therapy or intravenous (IV) injections that a registered nurse or a doctor can give.

Specialist: A doctor who provides health care for a specific disease or part of the body.

State Hearing: If your doctor or other provider asks for a MassHealth (Medicaid) service that we won't approve, or we won't continue to pay for a MassHealth (Medicaid) service you already have, you can ask for a State Hearing. If the State Hearing is decided in your favor, we must give you the service you asked for.

Step therapy: A coverage rule that requires you to try another drug before we cover the drug you ask for.

Supplemental Security Income (SSI): A monthly benefit Social Security pays to people with limited incomes and resources who are disabled, blind, or age 65 and over. SSI benefits aren't the same as Social Security benefits.

Mass General Brigham SCO Member Services

CALL	1-888-816-6000
	Calls to this number are free. Days and hours of operation: 8AM to 8PM EST, Mon through Sun (from Oct 1 – Mar 31) and Mon through Fri (Apr 1 – Sep 30)
	Member Services also has free language interpreter services available.
TTY	711
	This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.
	Calls to this number are free. Days and hours of operation: 8AM to 8PM EST, Mon through Sun (from Oct 1 – Mar 31) and Mon through Fri (Apr 1 – Sep 30)
FAX	1-617-526-1910
WRITE	Mass General Brigham Health Plan 399 Revolution Drive Suite 875 Somerville, MA 02145 HealthPlanDualsCustomerService@mgb.org
WEBSITE	https://mgbadvantage.org/sco